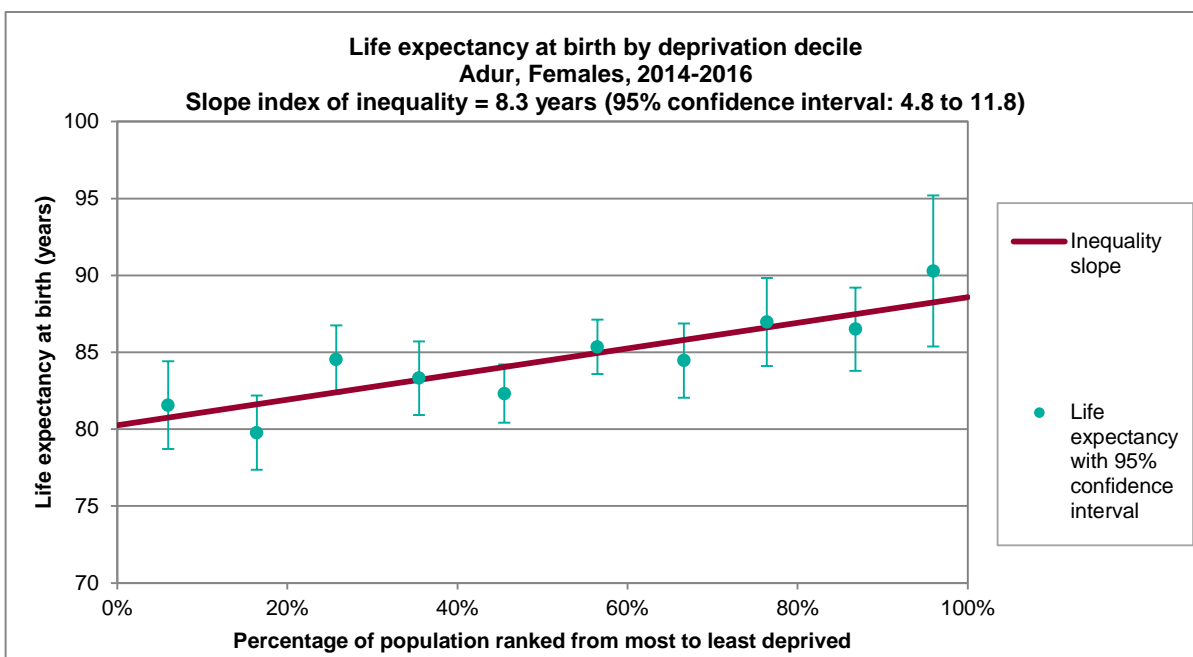
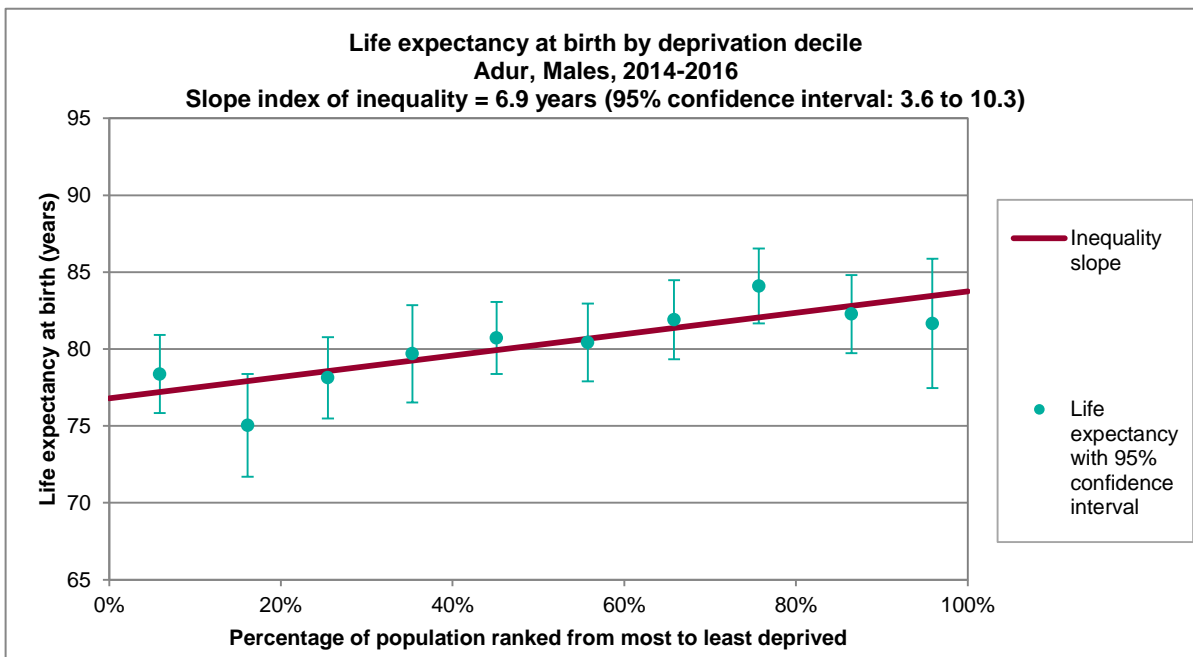




Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Adur (E07000223)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.4	(75.8 , 80.9)	3,621	81.6	(78.7 , 84.4)	3,903
2	75.0	(71.7 , 78.4)	2,674	79.8	(77.4 , 82.2)	2,891
3	78.1	(75.5 , 80.8)	3,077	84.5	(82.3 , 86.8)	3,206
4	79.7	(76.5 , 82.9)	2,973	83.3	(80.9 , 85.7)	3,145
5	80.7	(78.4 , 83.1)	3,067	82.3	(80.4 , 84.2)	3,398
6	80.4	(77.9 , 83.0)	3,472	85.4	(83.6 , 87.1)	3,739
7	81.9	(79.3 , 84.5)	2,708	84.5	(82.1 , 86.9)	2,899
8	84.1	(81.7 , 86.5)	3,368	87.0	(84.1 , 89.8)	3,465
9	82.3	(79.7 , 84.8)	3,273	86.5	(83.8 , 89.2)	3,329
10	81.7	(77.5 , 85.9)	2,525	90.3	(85.4 , 95.2)	2,638

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

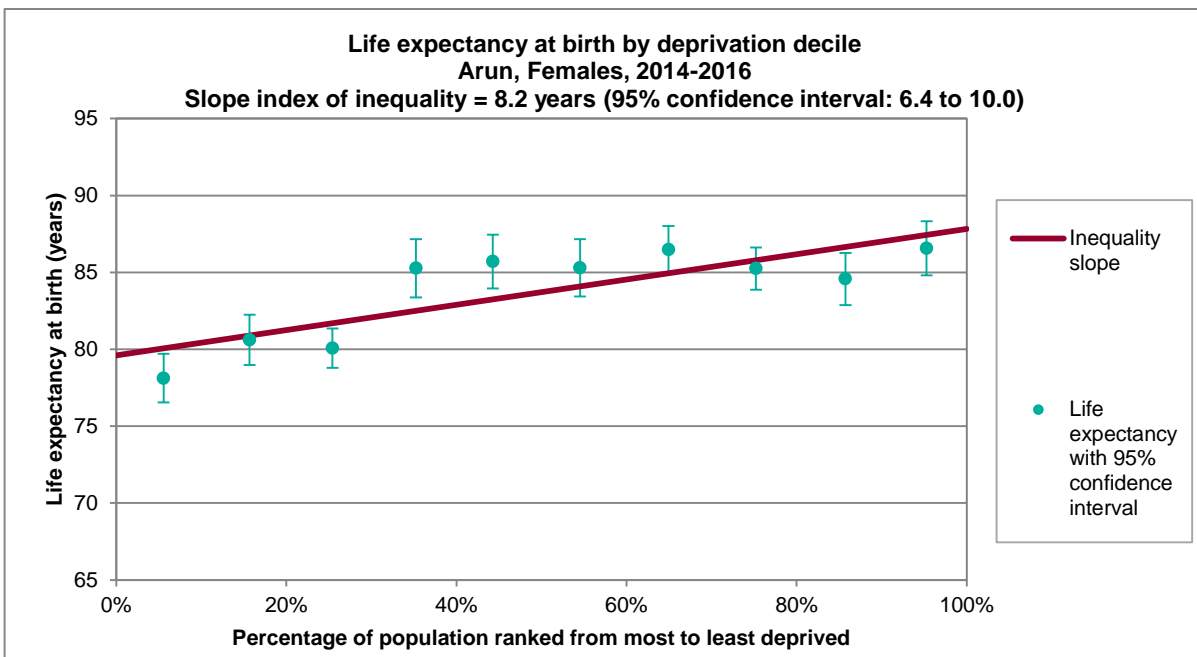
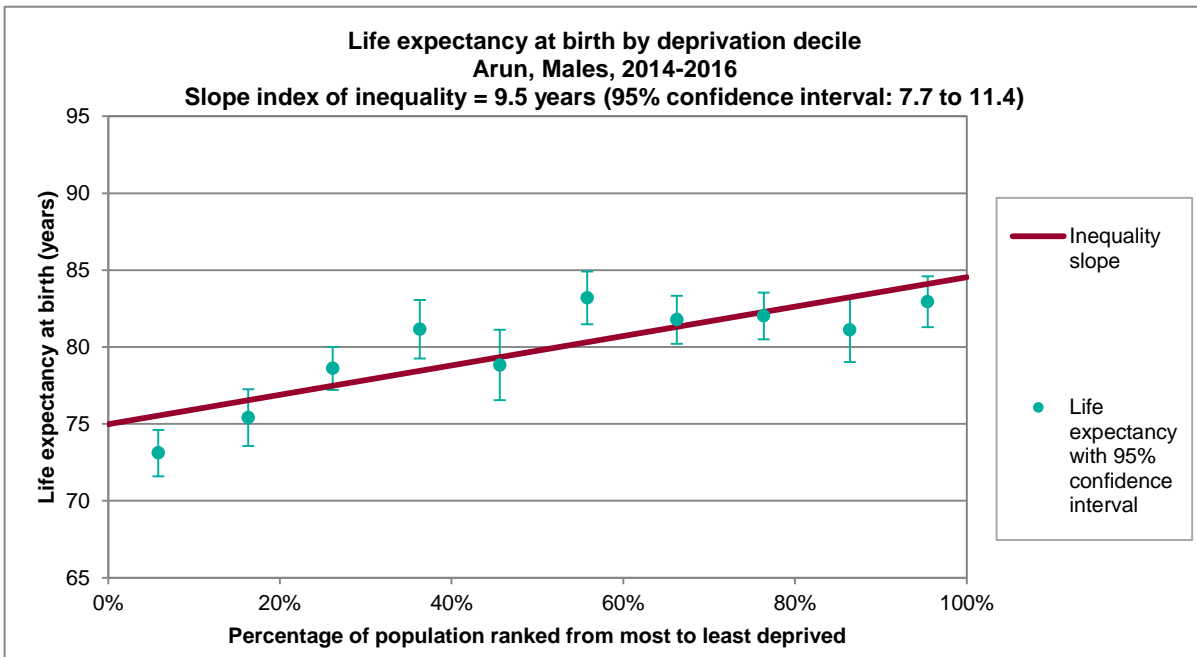
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Arun (E07000224)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	73.1	(71.6 , 74.6)	8,696	78.1	(76.5 , 79.7)	9,033
2	75.4	(73.6 , 77.3)	6,912	80.6	(79.0 , 82.2)	7,396
3	78.6	(77.2 , 80.0)	7,738	80.1	(78.8 , 81.4)	8,438
4	81.2	(79.3 , 83.1)	7,377	85.3	(83.4 , 87.2)	7,509
5	78.8	(76.5 , 81.1)	6,510	85.7	(84.0 , 87.5)	7,188
6	83.2	(81.5 , 84.9)	8,655	85.3	(83.4 , 87.2)	9,450
7	81.8	(80.2 , 83.3)	6,898	86.5	(85.0 , 88.0)	7,461
8	82.0	(80.5 , 83.5)	8,188	85.3	(83.9 , 86.6)	9,257
9	81.1	(79.0 , 83.2)	6,760	84.6	(82.9 , 86.3)	7,834
10	83.0	(81.3 , 84.6)	6,756	86.6	(84.8 , 88.3)	7,657

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

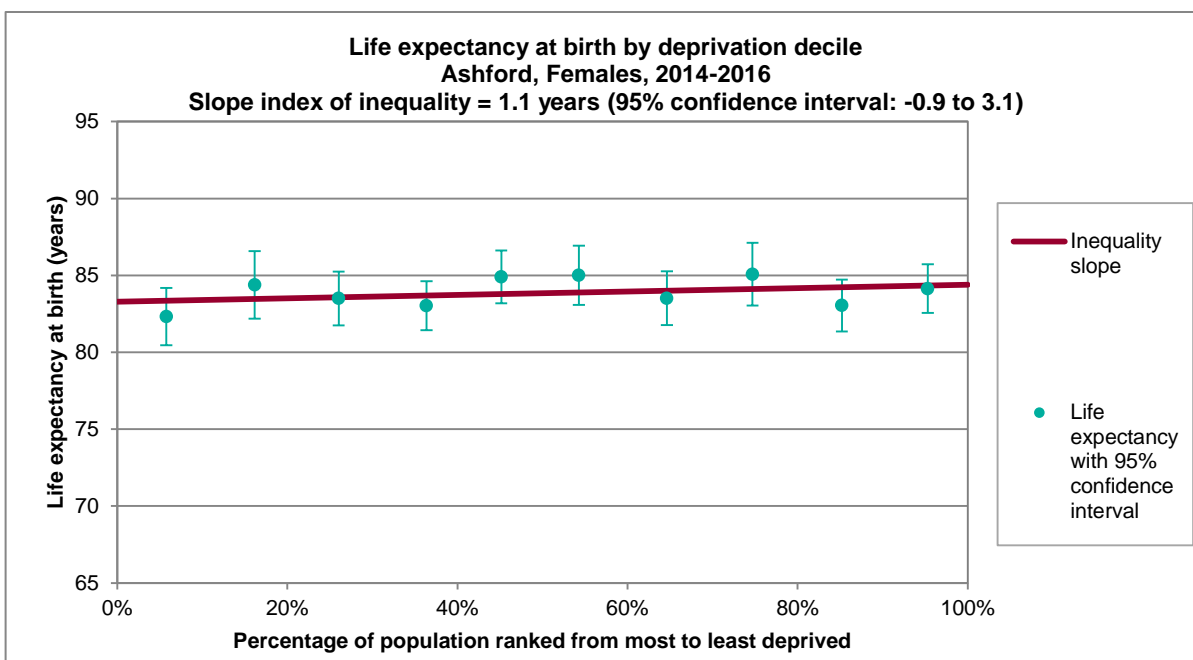
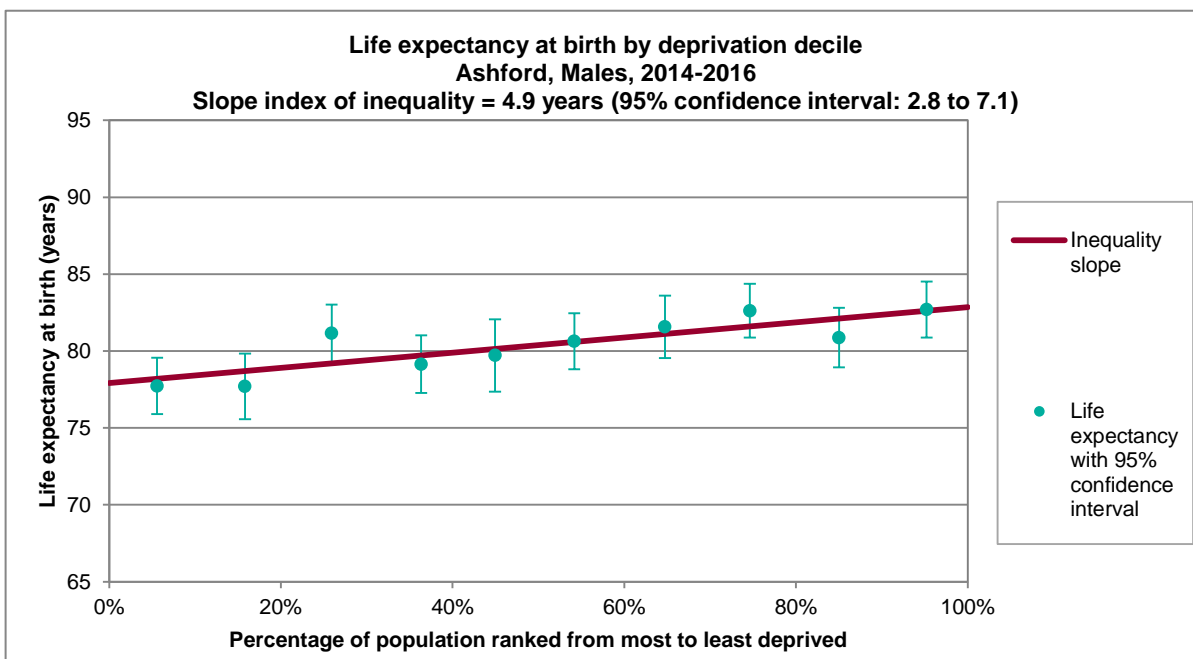
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Ashford (E07000105)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.7	(75.9 , 79.6)	6,754	82.3	(80.5 , 84.2)	7,383
2	77.7	(75.6 , 79.8)	5,642	84.4	(82.2 , 86.6)	5,924
3	81.2	(79.3 , 83.0)	6,579	83.5	(81.8 , 85.3)	6,718
4	79.1	(77.3 , 81.0)	6,046	83.0	(81.4 , 84.6)	6,506
5	79.7	(77.4 , 82.1)	4,372	84.9	(83.2 , 86.6)	4,767
6	80.6	(78.8 , 82.5)	6,809	85.0	(83.1 , 86.9)	6,908
7	81.6	(79.6 , 83.6)	5,977	83.5	(81.8 , 85.3)	6,349
8	82.6	(80.9 , 84.4)	5,998	85.1	(83.0 , 87.1)	6,543
9	80.9	(78.9 , 82.8)	6,572	83.0	(81.4 , 84.7)	6,916
10	82.7	(80.9 , 84.5)	5,787	84.1	(82.6 , 85.7)	6,013

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

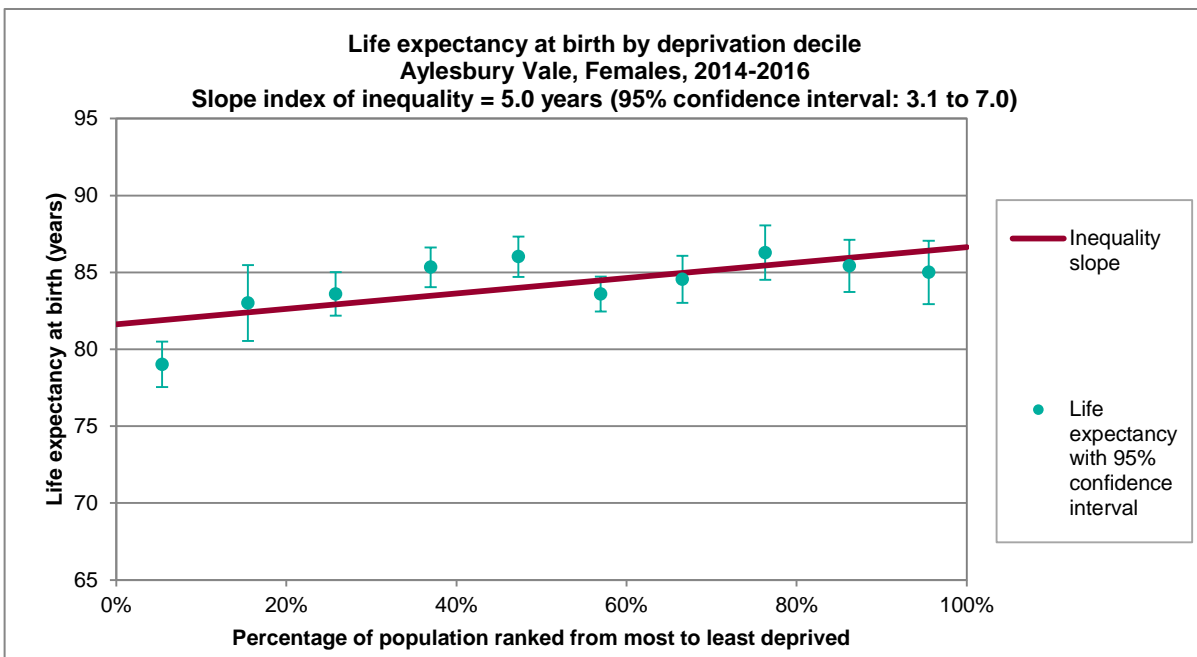
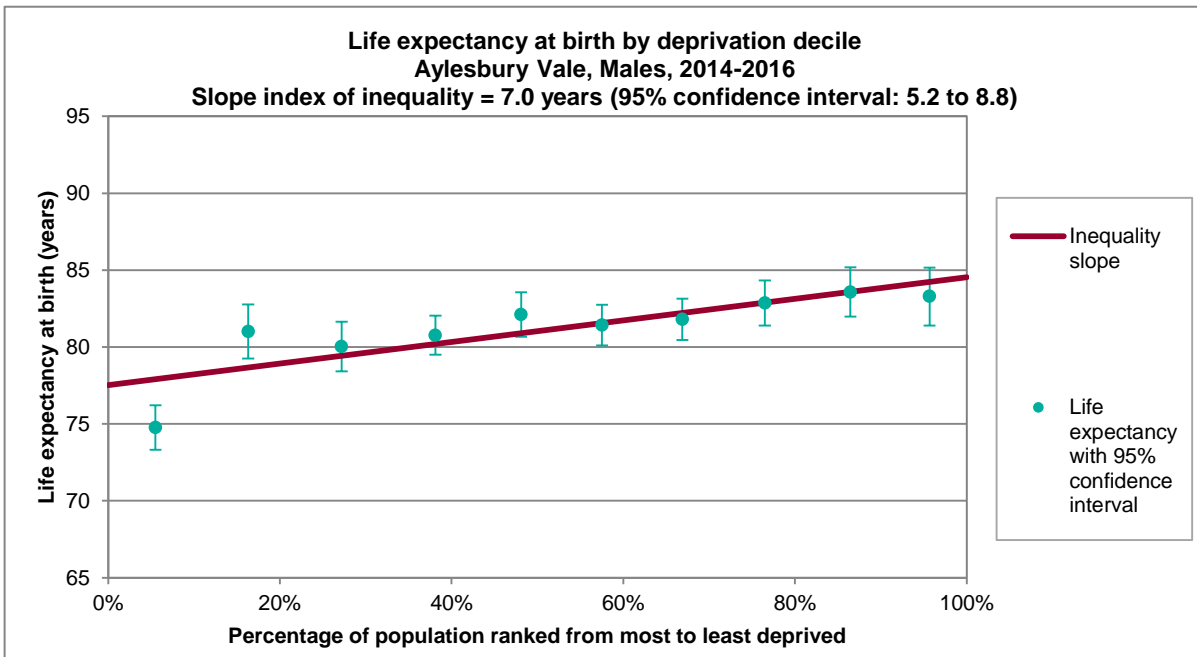
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Aylesbury Vale (E07000004)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.8	(73.3 , 76.2)	10,263	79.0	(77.6 , 80.5)	10,294
2	81.0	(79.3 , 82.8)	9,914	83.0	(80.6 , 85.5)	8,971
3	80.0	(78.4 , 81.7)	10,389	83.6	(82.2 , 85.0)	10,724
4	80.8	(79.5 , 82.0)	10,011	85.3	(84.0 , 86.6)	10,611
5	82.1	(80.7 , 83.6)	8,609	86.0	(84.7 , 87.3)	9,109
6	81.4	(80.1 , 82.7)	8,989	83.6	(82.5 , 84.7)	9,353
7	81.8	(80.5 , 83.2)	8,486	84.6	(83.0 , 86.1)	8,992
8	82.9	(81.4 , 84.3)	9,447	86.3	(84.5 , 88.1)	9,611
9	83.6	(82.0 , 85.2)	9,157	85.4	(83.7 , 87.1)	9,293
10	83.3	(81.4 , 85.2)	8,058	85.0	(82.9 , 87.1)	8,512

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

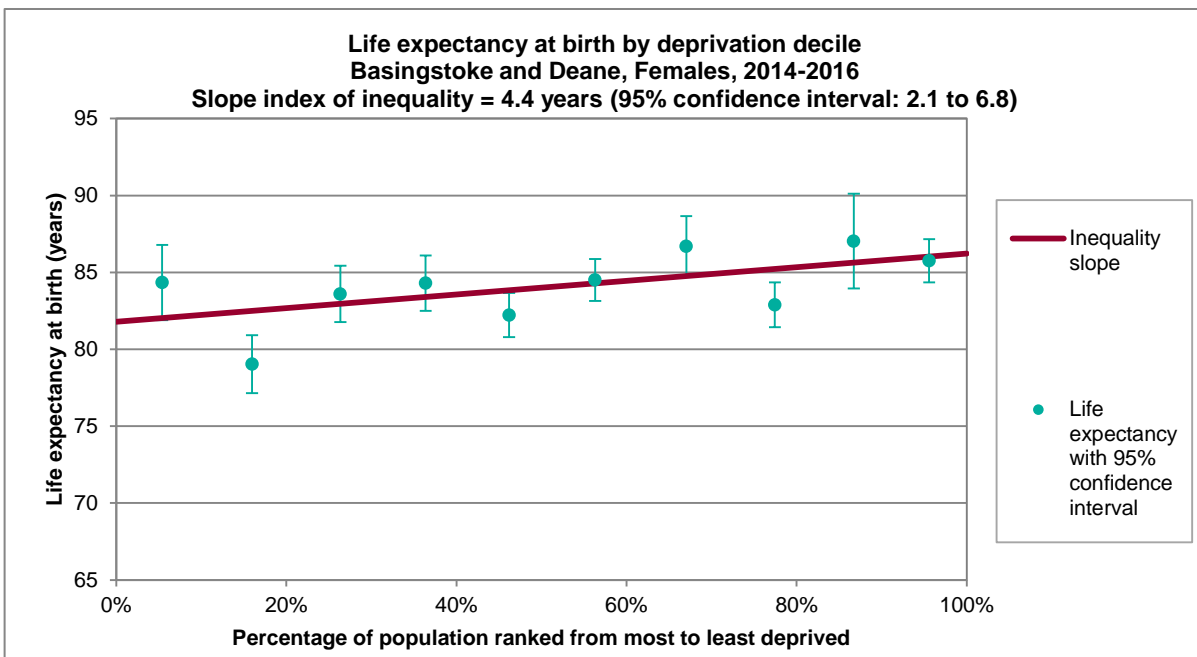
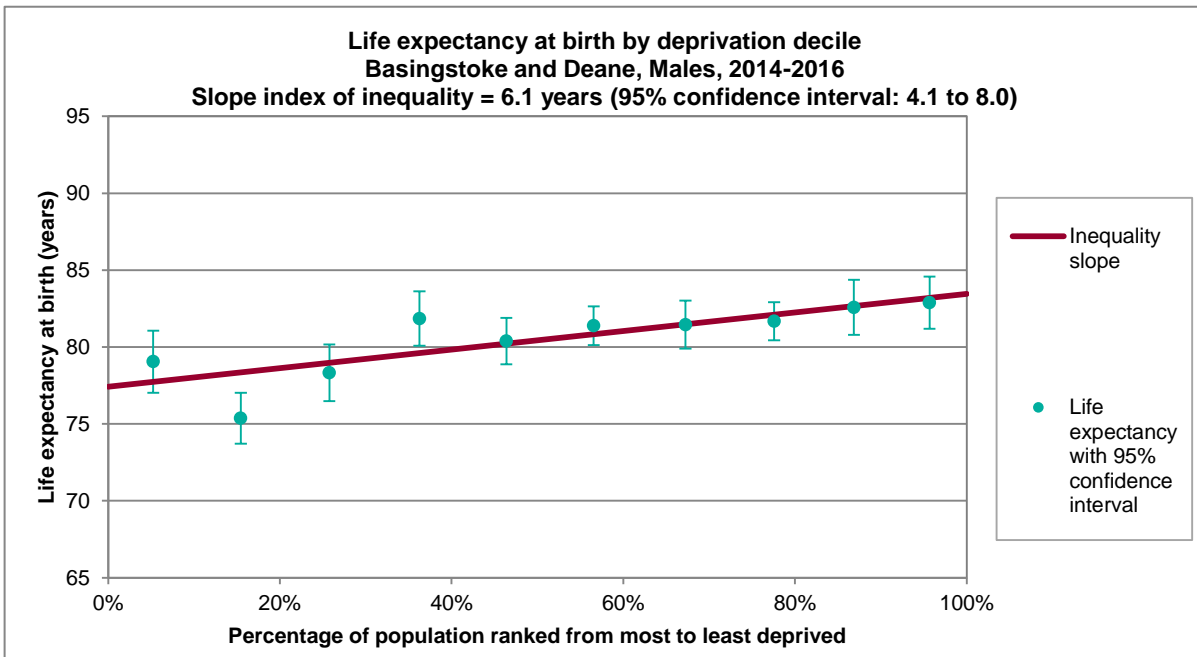
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Basingstoke and Deane (E07000084)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.1	(77.0 , 81.1)	9,017	84.3	(81.9 , 86.8)	9,479
2	75.4	(73.7 , 77.0)	8,519	79.0	(77.2 , 80.9)	9,067
3	78.3	(76.5 , 80.2)	9,240	83.6	(81.8 , 85.4)	9,149
4	81.9	(80.1 , 83.6)	8,819	84.3	(82.5 , 86.1)	8,464
5	80.4	(78.9 , 81.9)	8,588	82.2	(80.8 , 83.7)	8,749
6	81.4	(80.1 , 82.6)	8,912	84.5	(83.1 , 85.9)	9,013
7	81.5	(79.9 , 83.0)	9,492	86.7	(84.8 , 88.7)	9,805
8	81.7	(80.4 , 82.9)	8,271	82.9	(81.4 , 84.4)	8,474
9	82.6	(80.8 , 84.4)	7,712	87.0	(84.0 , 90.1)	7,819
10	82.9	(81.2 , 84.6)	7,441	85.8	(84.4 , 87.2)	7,740

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

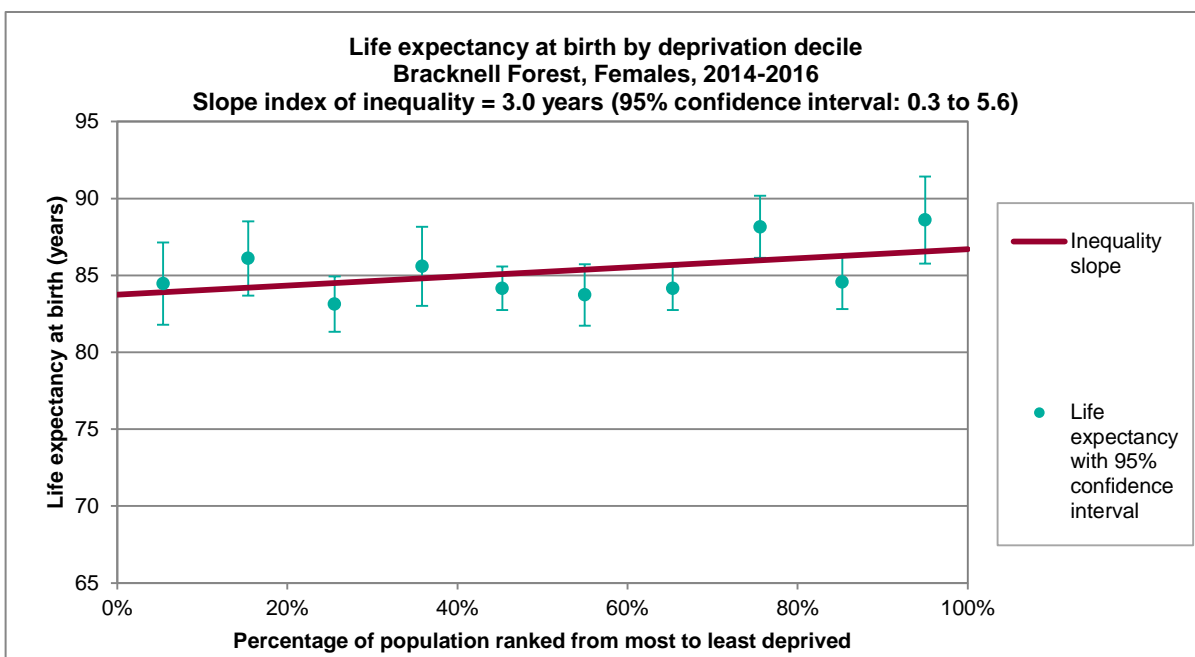
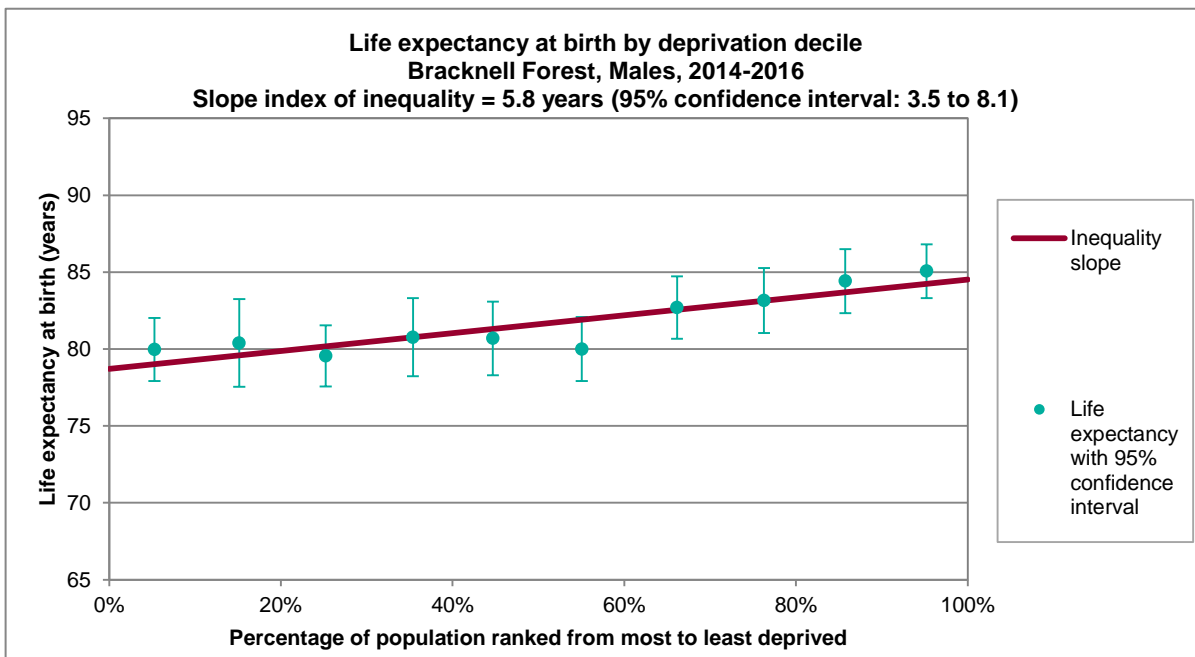
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Bracknell Forest (E06000036)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	80.0	(77.9 , 82.0)	6,206	84.5	(81.8 , 87.1)	6,449
2	80.4	(77.6 , 83.2)	5,430	86.1	(83.7 , 88.5)	5,535
3	79.6	(77.6 , 81.6)	6,453	83.1	(81.3 , 84.9)	6,646
4	80.8	(78.2 , 83.3)	5,521	85.6	(83.0 , 88.2)	5,676
5	80.7	(78.3 , 83.1)	5,451	84.2	(82.7 , 85.6)	5,610
6	80.0	(77.9 , 82.1)	6,761	83.7	(81.7 , 85.7)	6,011
7	82.7	(80.7 , 84.7)	6,306	84.2	(82.8 , 85.6)	6,393
8	83.2	(81.0 , 85.3)	5,634	88.2	(86.2 , 90.2)	5,909
9	84.4	(82.3 , 86.5)	5,530	84.6	(82.8 , 86.3)	5,667
10	85.1	(83.3 , 86.8)	5,633	88.6	(85.8 , 91.4)	5,995

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

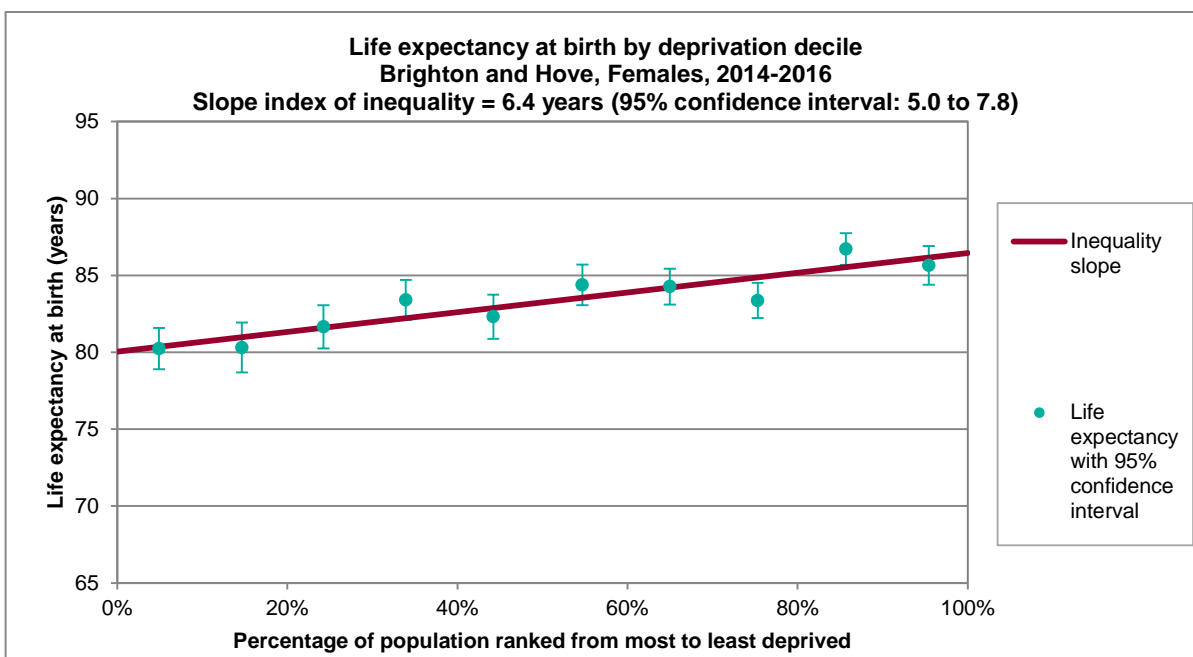
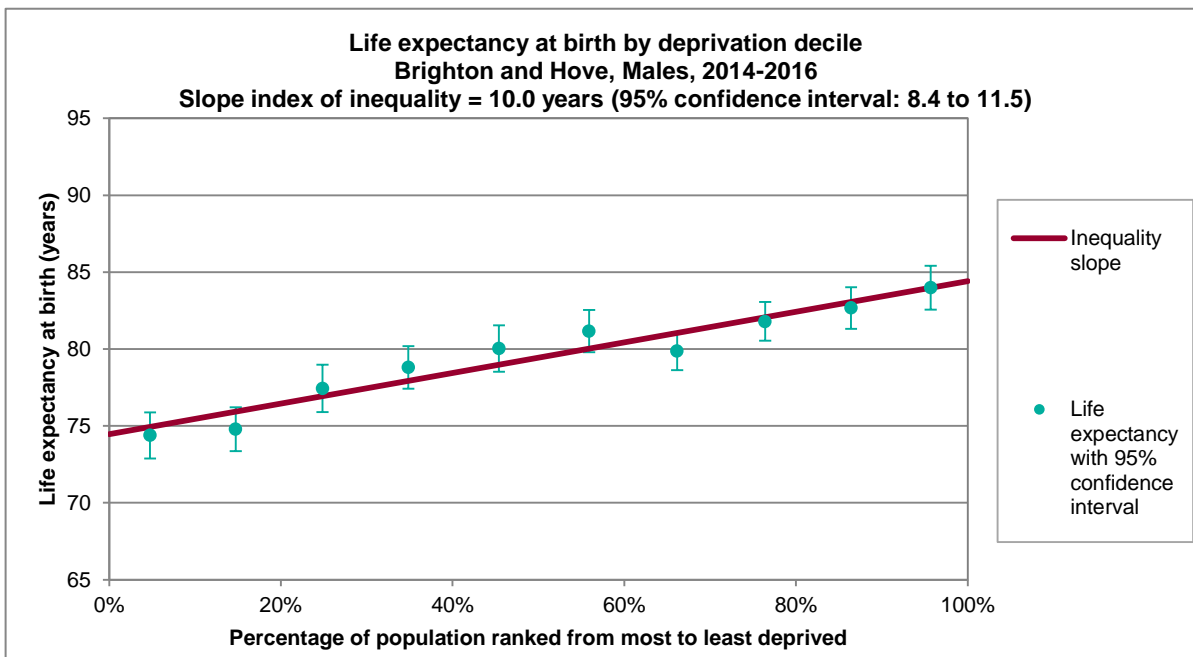
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Brighton and Hove (E06000043)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.4	(72.9 , 75.9)	13,629	80.2	(78.9 , 81.6)	13,940
2	74.8	(73.4 , 76.2)	14,928	80.3	(78.7 , 81.9)	13,741
3	77.4	(75.9 , 79.0)	14,050	81.7	(80.2 , 83.1)	13,470
4	78.8	(77.4 , 80.2)	14,604	83.4	(82.1 , 84.7)	14,030
5	80.0	(78.5 , 81.6)	15,638	82.3	(80.9 , 83.8)	15,185
6	81.2	(79.8 , 82.5)	14,428	84.4	(83.1 , 85.7)	14,570
7	79.9	(78.6 , 81.1)	14,954	84.3	(83.1 , 85.4)	14,619
8	81.8	(80.5 , 83.1)	14,405	83.4	(82.2 , 84.5)	14,739
9	82.7	(81.3 , 84.0)	14,273	86.7	(85.7 , 87.8)	14,700
10	84.0	(82.6 , 85.4)	12,313	85.7	(84.4 , 86.9)	12,977

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

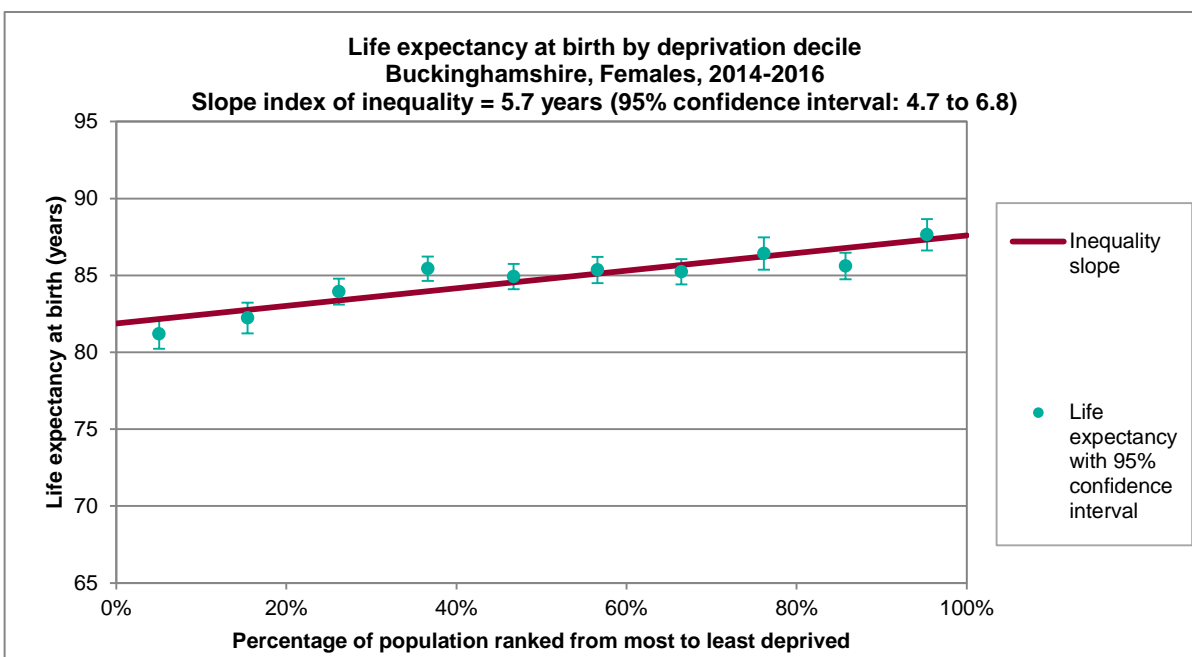
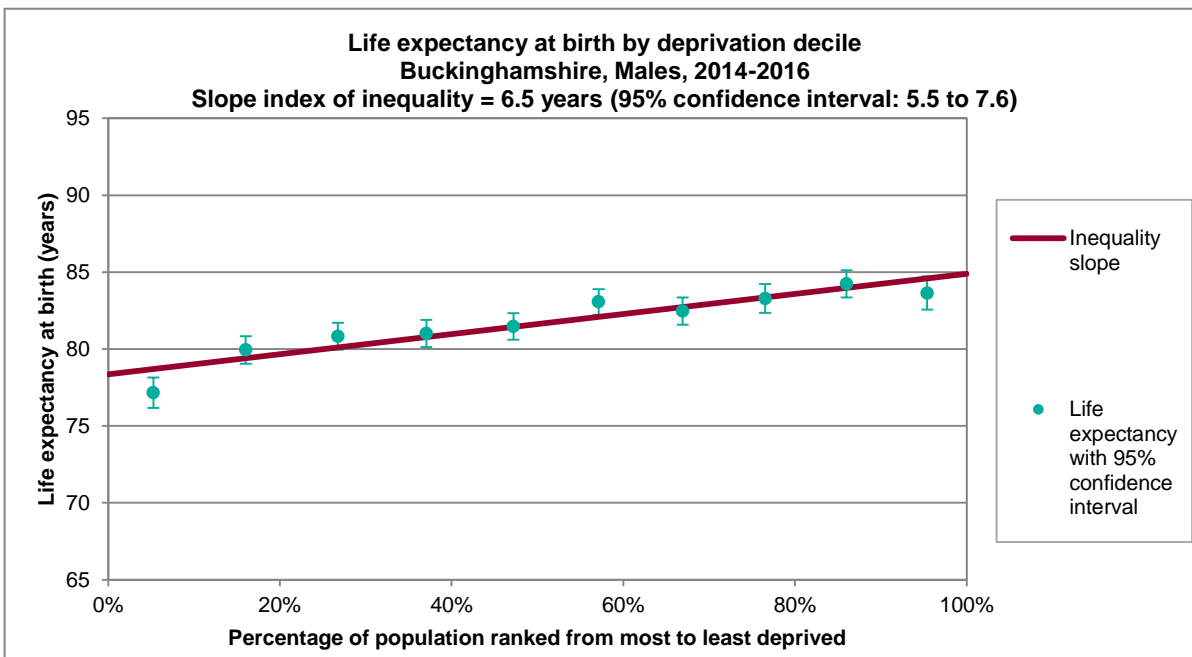
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Buckinghamshire (E10000002)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.2	(76.2 , 78.2)	27,224	81.2	(80.2 , 82.2)	27,093
2	79.9	(79.1 , 80.8)	28,534	82.2	(81.2 , 83.2)	28,963
3	80.8	(80.0 , 81.7)	27,125	84.0	(83.1 , 84.8)	28,870
4	81.0	(80.1 , 81.9)	26,278	85.4	(84.7 , 86.2)	27,405
5	81.5	(80.6 , 82.3)	26,257	84.9	(84.1 , 85.7)	27,005
6	83.1	(82.2 , 83.9)	25,181	85.4	(84.5 , 86.2)	26,088
7	82.5	(81.6 , 83.4)	25,573	85.2	(84.4 , 86.1)	27,005
8	83.3	(82.4 , 84.2)	24,238	86.4	(85.4 , 87.5)	25,249
9	84.2	(83.4 , 85.1)	24,864	85.6	(84.8 , 86.5)	26,455
10	83.6	(82.6 , 84.7)	23,813	87.7	(86.6 , 88.7)	25,124

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

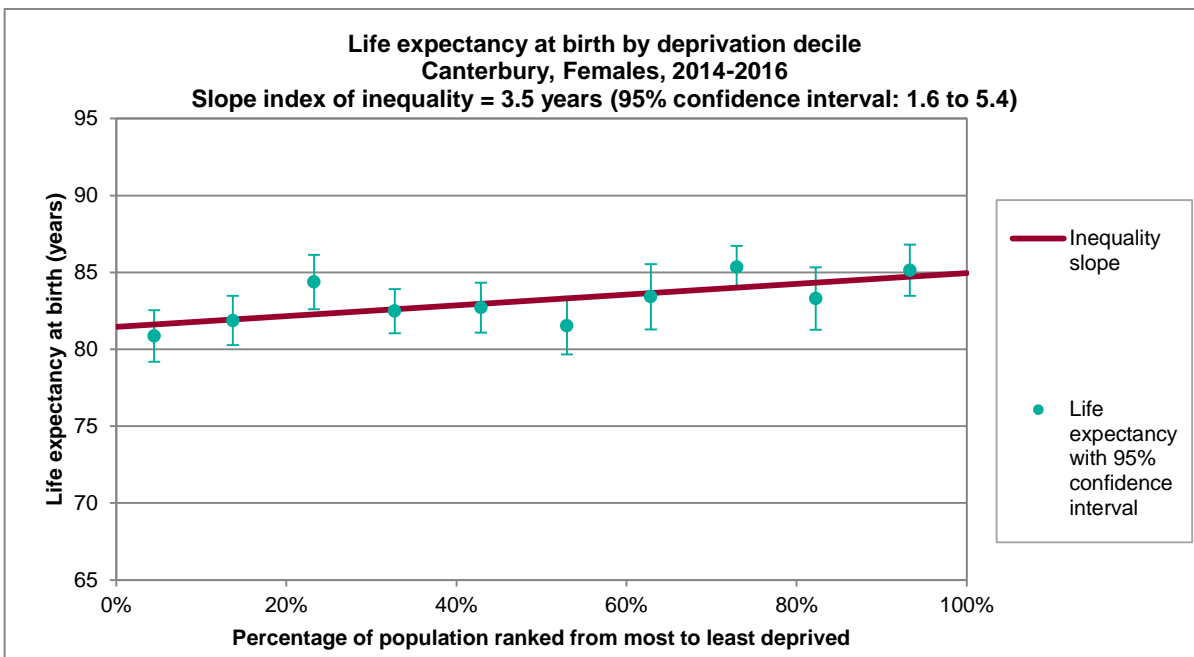
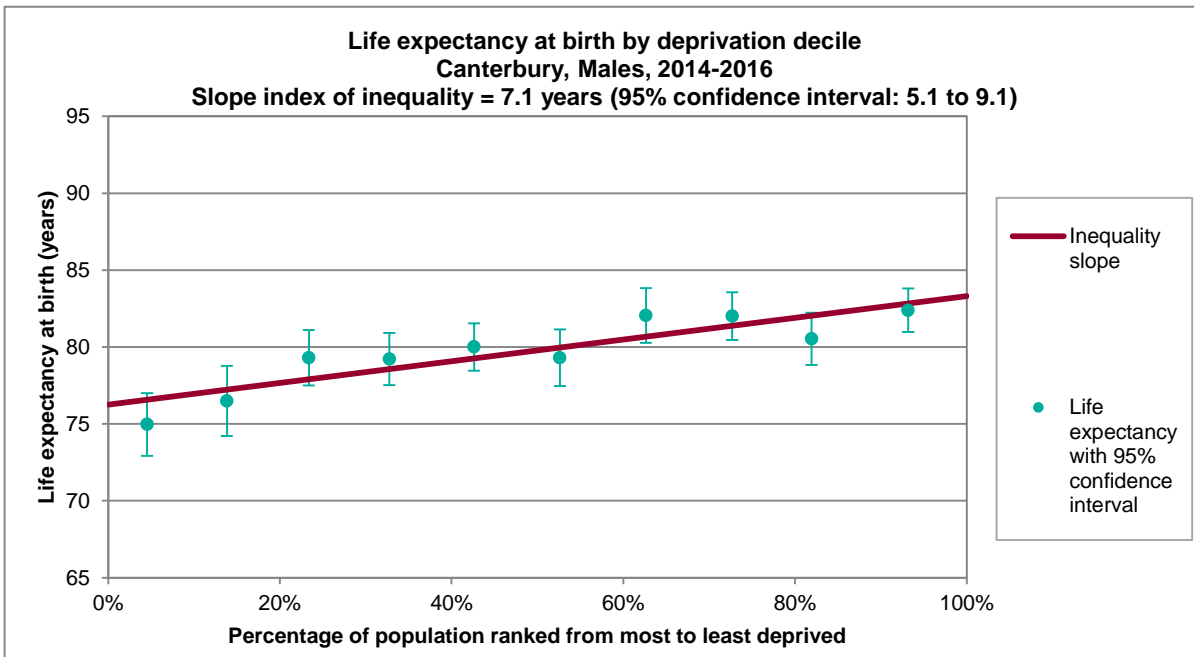
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Canterbury (E07000106)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.0	(72.9 , 77.0)	7,058	80.9	(79.2 , 82.5)	7,305
2	76.5	(74.2 , 78.8)	7,477	81.9	(80.3 , 83.5)	7,839
3	79.3	(77.5 , 81.1)	7,433	84.4	(82.6 , 86.2)	7,805
4	79.2	(77.5 , 80.9)	7,217	82.5	(81.0 , 83.9)	7,757
5	80.0	(78.5 , 81.6)	8,180	82.7	(81.1 , 84.3)	8,842
6	79.3	(77.5 , 81.1)	7,451	81.5	(79.7 , 83.4)	7,709
7	82.0	(80.3 , 83.8)	8,203	83.4	(81.3 , 85.5)	8,478
8	82.0	(80.5 , 83.6)	7,492	85.3	(84.0 , 86.7)	8,061
9	80.5	(78.8 , 82.2)	6,948	83.3	(81.3 , 85.3)	7,180
10	82.4	(81.0 , 83.8)	10,632	85.1	(83.5 , 86.8)	10,944

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

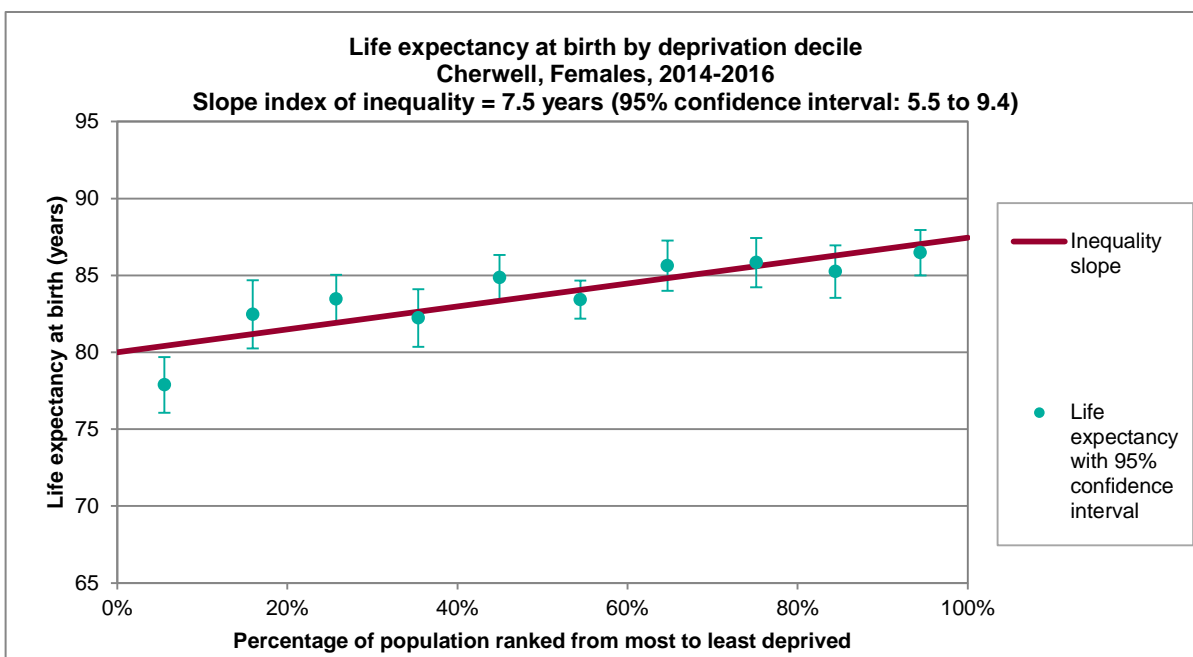
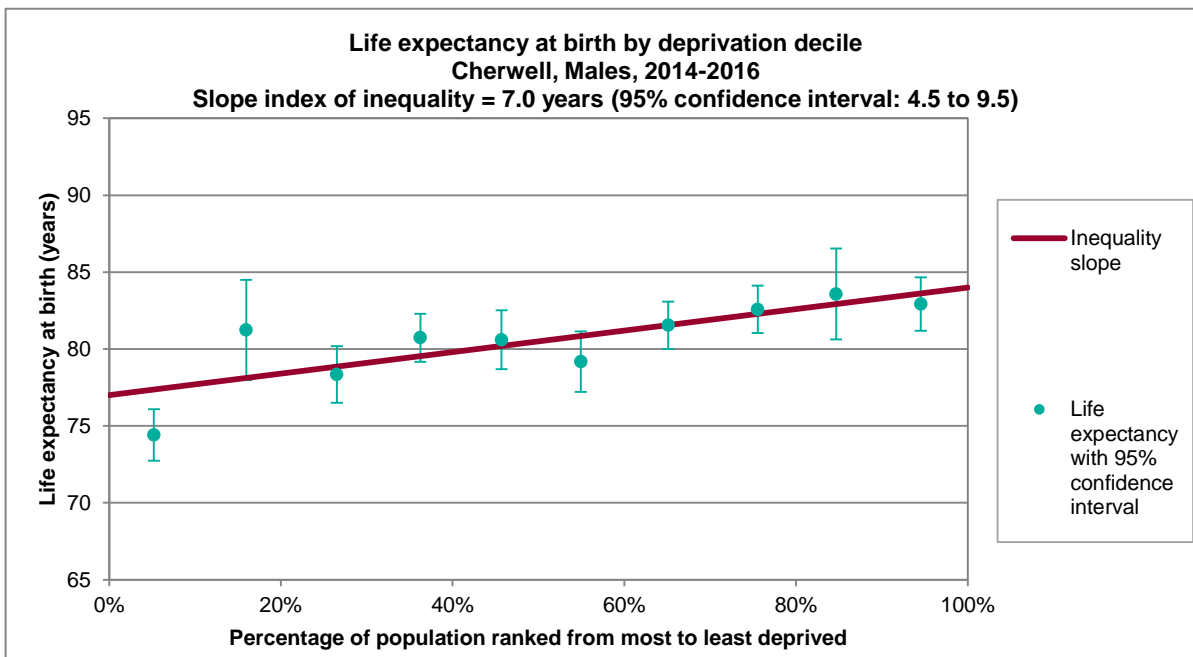
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Cherwell (E07000177)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.4	(72.7 , 76.1)	7,495	77.9	(76.1 , 79.7)	8,129
2	81.2	(78.0 , 84.5)	7,990	82.5	(80.3 , 84.7)	7,140
3	78.3	(76.5 , 80.2)	7,232	83.5	(81.9 , 85.0)	7,254
4	80.7	(79.2 , 82.3)	6,774	82.2	(80.4 , 84.1)	6,935
5	80.6	(78.7 , 82.5)	6,851	84.9	(83.4 , 86.3)	7,093
6	79.2	(77.2 , 81.2)	6,461	83.4	(82.2 , 84.7)	6,870
7	81.6	(80.0 , 83.1)	8,197	85.6	(84.0 , 87.3)	8,186
8	82.6	(81.1 , 84.1)	6,823	85.8	(84.2 , 87.4)	7,143
9	83.6	(80.6 , 86.5)	6,341	85.3	(83.5 , 87.0)	6,523
10	82.9	(81.2 , 84.7)	7,862	86.5	(85.0 , 88.0)	8,160

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

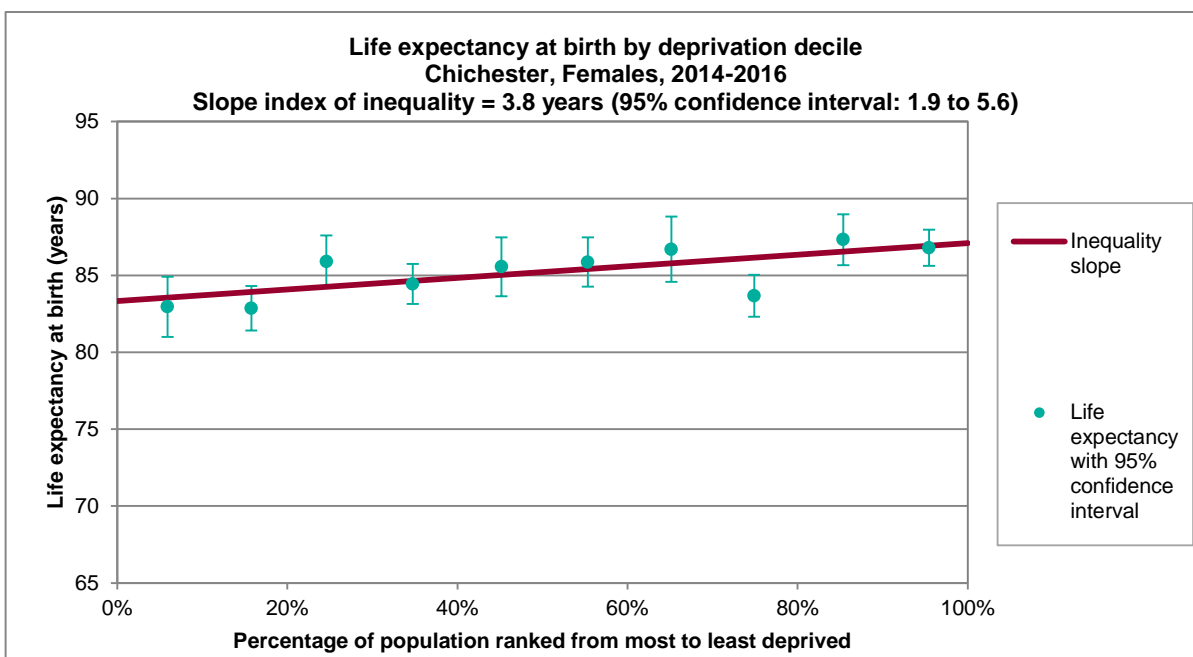
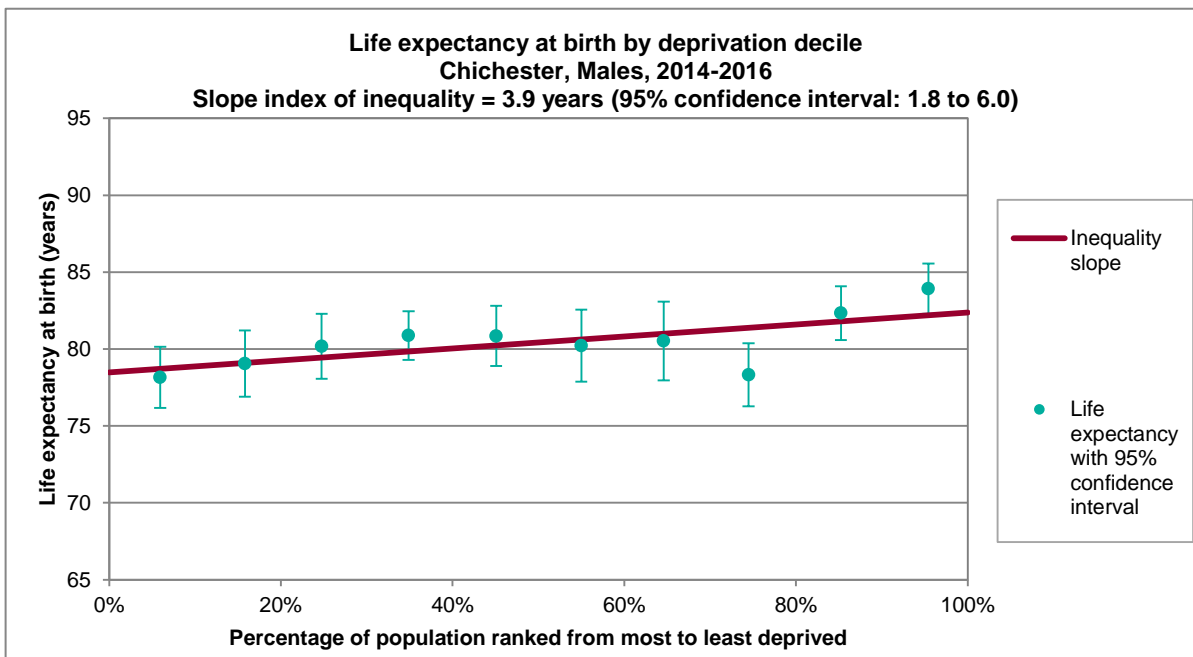
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Chichester (E07000225)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.2	(76.2 , 80.2)	6,663	83.0	(81.0 , 84.9)	7,168
2	79.1	(76.9 , 81.2)	4,421	82.9	(81.4 , 84.3)	4,804
3	80.2	(78.1 , 82.3)	5,620	85.9	(84.2 , 87.6)	5,917
4	80.9	(79.3 , 82.5)	5,749	84.4	(83.2 , 85.7)	6,424
5	80.9	(78.9 , 82.8)	5,715	85.6	(83.7 , 87.5)	6,254
6	80.2	(77.9 , 82.6)	5,431	85.9	(84.3 , 87.5)	6,078
7	80.5	(78.0 , 83.1)	5,335	86.7	(84.6 , 88.8)	5,855
8	78.3	(76.3 , 80.4)	5,776	83.7	(82.3 , 85.0)	5,984
9	82.3	(80.6 , 84.1)	6,306	87.3	(85.7 , 89.0)	6,740
10	83.9	(82.3 , 85.6)	5,137	86.8	(85.6 , 88.0)	5,514

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

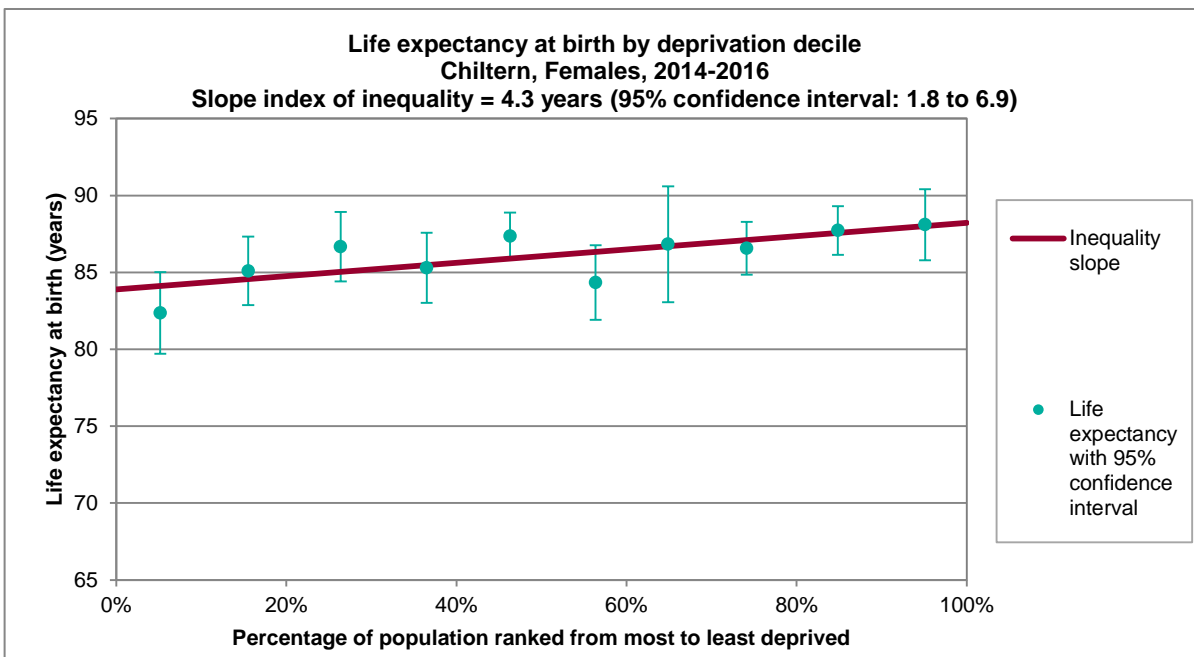
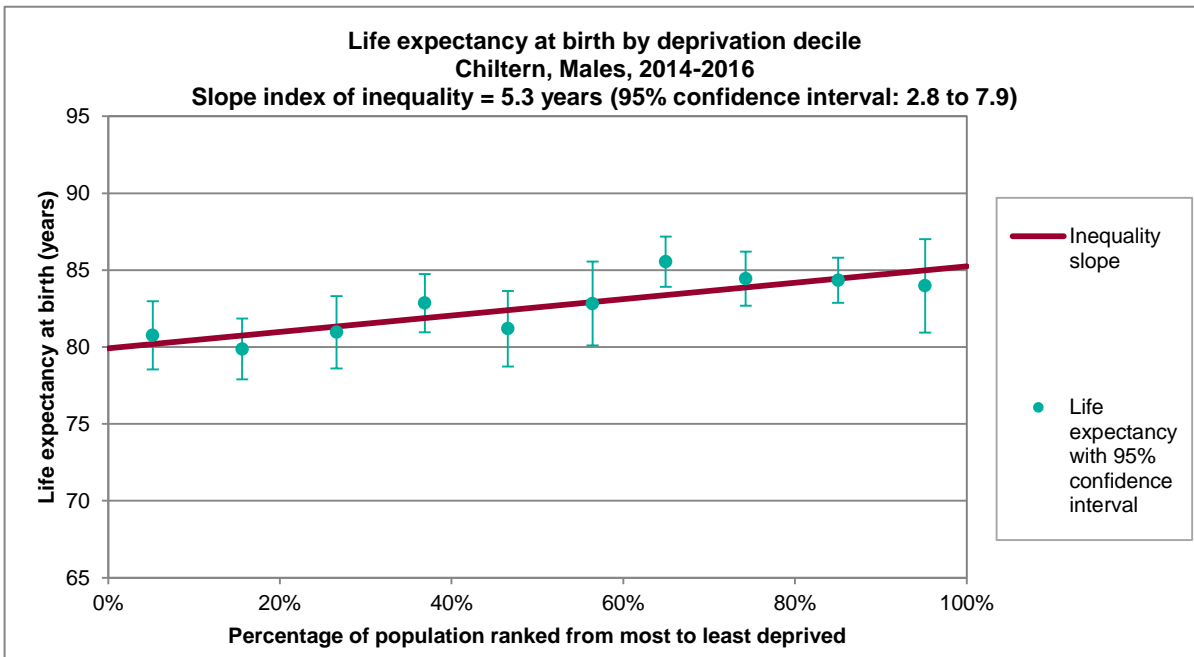
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Chiltern (E07000005)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	80.8	(78.6 , 83.0)	4,755	82.4	(79.7 , 85.0)	5,036
2	79.9	(77.9 , 81.9)	4,793	85.1	(82.9 , 87.3)	5,038
3	81.0	(78.6 , 83.3)	5,285	86.7	(84.4 , 88.9)	5,559
4	82.9	(81.0 , 84.8)	4,128	85.3	(83.0 , 87.6)	4,297
5	81.2	(78.7 , 83.7)	4,749	87.4	(85.8 , 88.9)	5,258
6	82.8	(80.1 , 85.6)	4,289	84.3	(81.9 , 86.8)	4,540
7	85.6	(83.9 , 87.2)	3,524	86.8	(83.1 , 90.6)	3,771
8	84.5	(82.7 , 86.2)	5,016	86.6	(84.9 , 88.3)	5,229
9	84.3	(82.9 , 85.8)	4,852	87.7	(86.2 , 89.3)	5,224
10	84.0	(80.9 , 87.0)	4,434	88.1	(85.8 , 90.4)	4,762

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

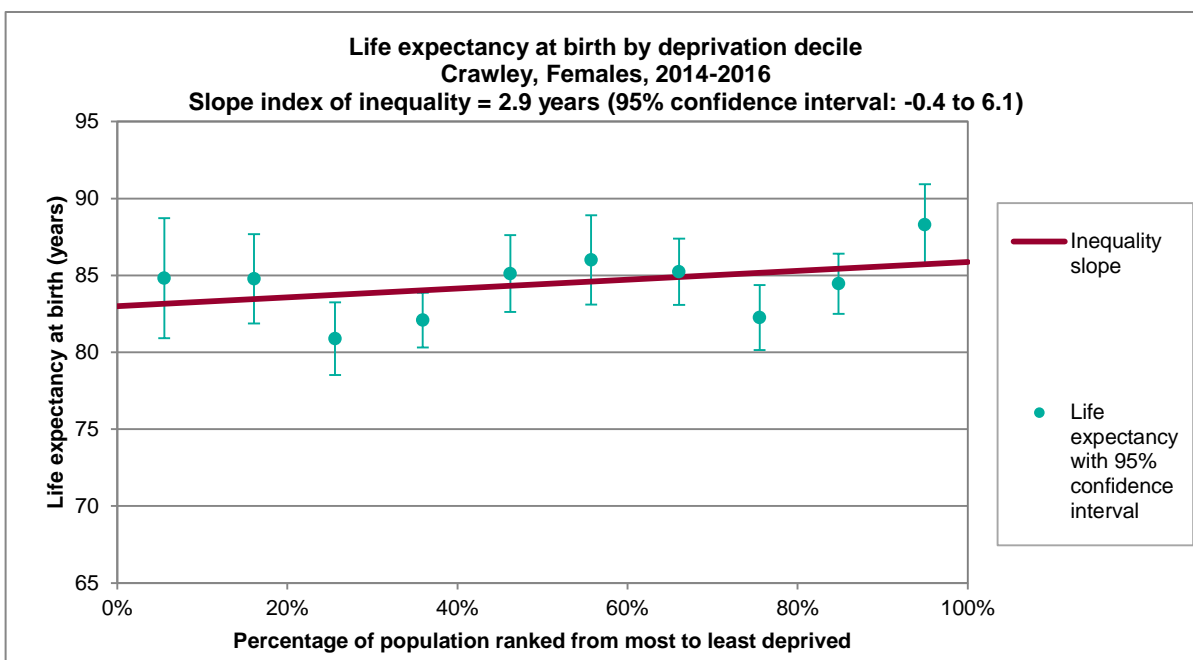
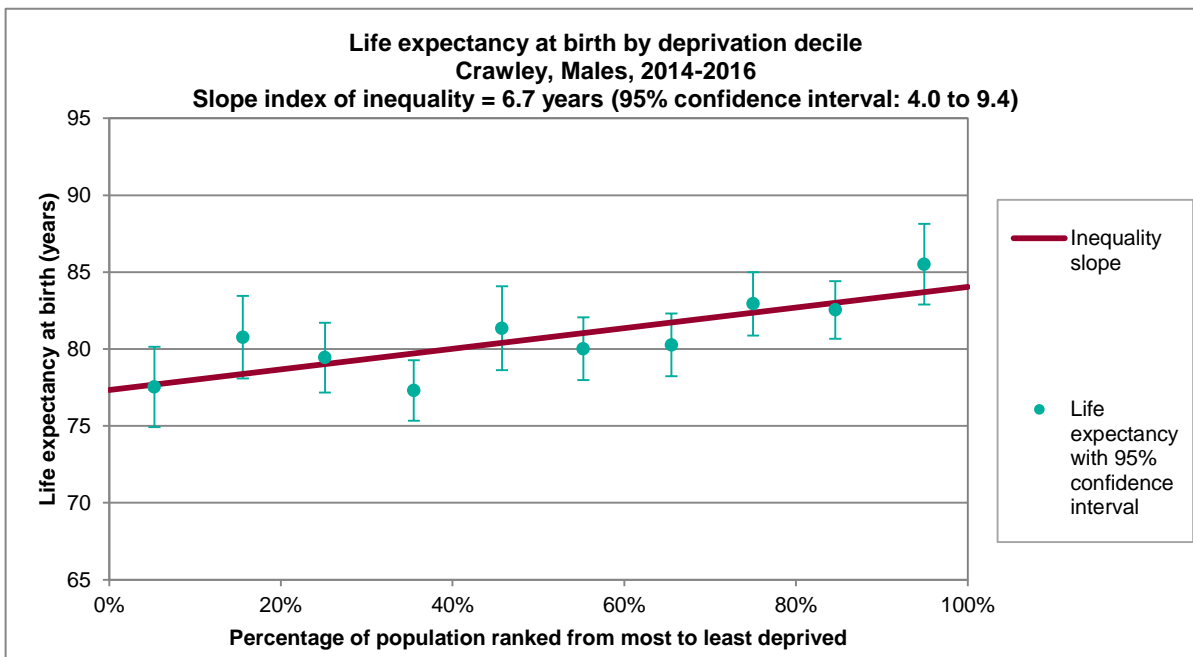
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Crawley (E07000226)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.5	(74.9 , 80.2)	5,804	84.8	(80.9 , 88.7)	6,129
2	80.8	(78.1 , 83.5)	5,573	84.8	(81.9 , 87.7)	5,591
3	79.4	(77.2 , 81.7)	4,991	80.9	(78.5 , 83.2)	4,995
4	77.3	(75.3 , 79.3)	6,443	82.1	(80.3 , 83.9)	6,451
5	81.3	(78.6 , 84.1)	4,901	85.1	(82.6 , 87.6)	4,969
6	80.0	(78.0 , 82.1)	5,550	86.0	(83.1 , 88.9)	5,584
7	80.3	(78.2 , 82.3)	5,789	85.2	(83.1 , 87.4)	5,889
8	82.9	(80.9 , 85.0)	4,714	82.3	(80.1 , 84.4)	4,636
9	82.5	(80.7 , 84.4)	5,860	84.5	(82.5 , 86.4)	5,676
10	85.5	(82.9 , 88.1)	5,580	88.3	(85.7 , 90.9)	5,583

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

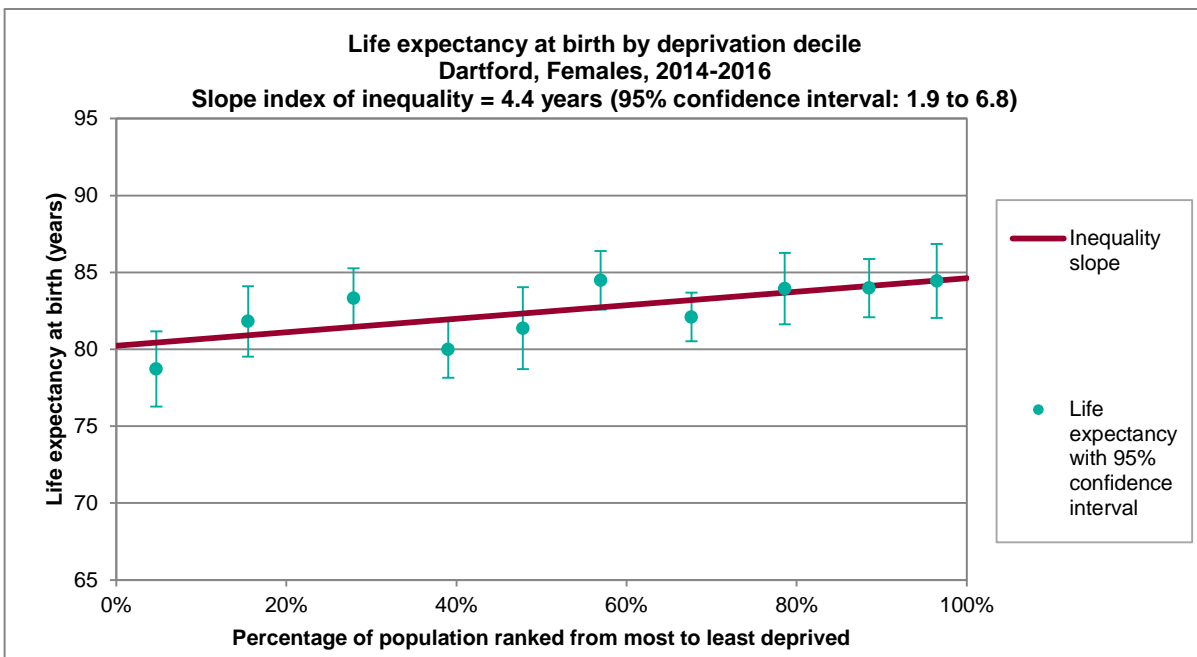
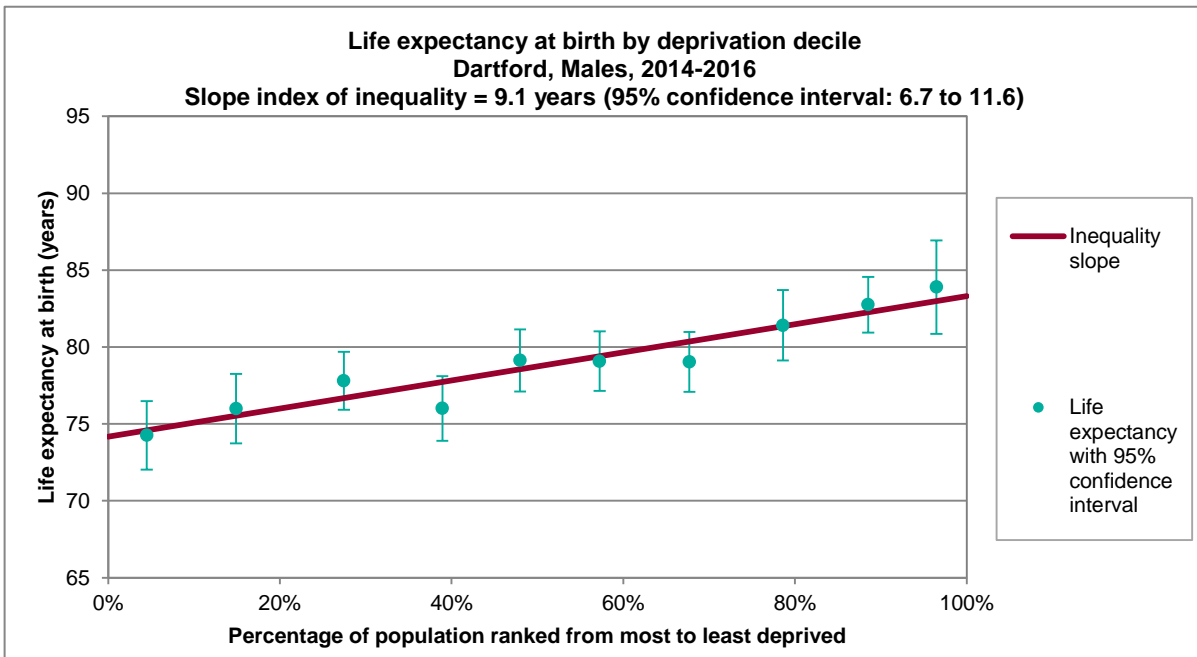
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Dartford (E07000107)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.3	(72.0 , 76.5)	4,587	78.7	(76.3 , 81.2)	4,953
2	76.0	(73.7 , 78.3)	6,059	81.8	(79.5 , 84.1)	6,441
3	77.8	(75.9 , 79.7)	6,792	83.3	(81.4 , 85.3)	6,637
4	76.0	(73.9 , 78.1)	4,943	80.0	(78.1 , 81.8)	5,104
5	79.1	(77.1 , 81.2)	4,316	81.4	(78.7 , 84.0)	4,169
6	79.1	(77.2 , 81.0)	5,171	84.5	(82.6 , 86.4)	5,466
7	79.0	(77.1 , 81.0)	5,528	82.1	(80.5 , 83.7)	5,799
8	81.4	(79.1 , 83.7)	5,618	84.0	(81.6 , 86.3)	5,778
9	82.8	(80.9 , 84.6)	4,536	84.0	(82.1 , 85.9)	4,686
10	83.9	(80.9 , 86.9)	3,601	84.5	(82.1 , 86.9)	3,705

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

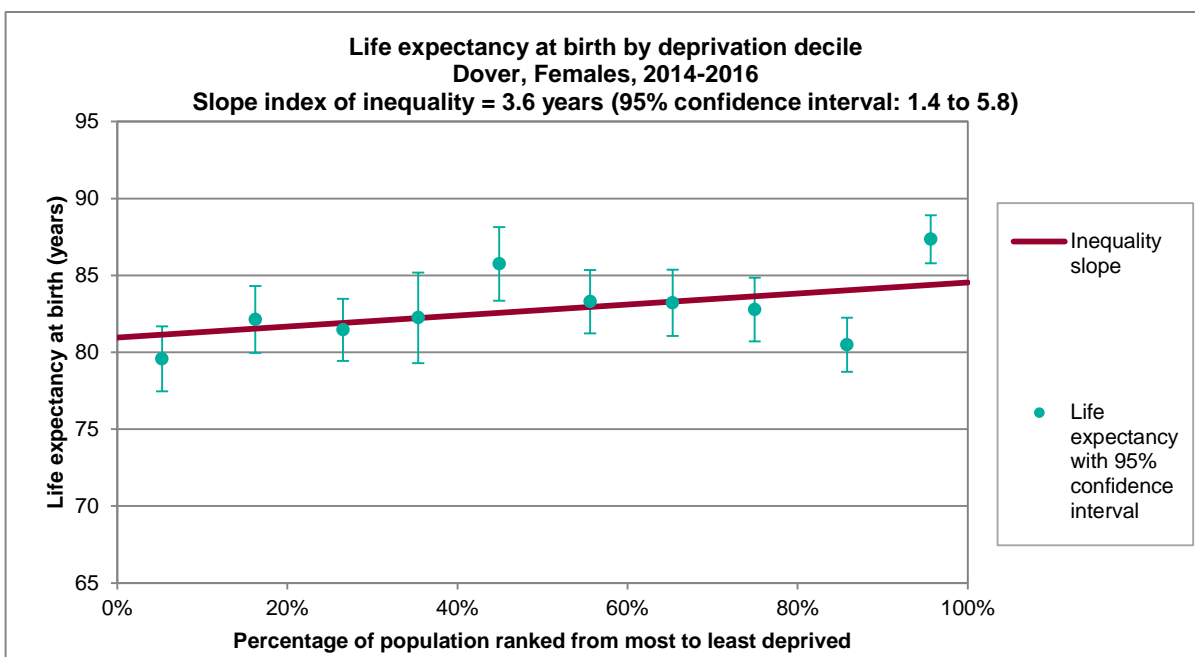
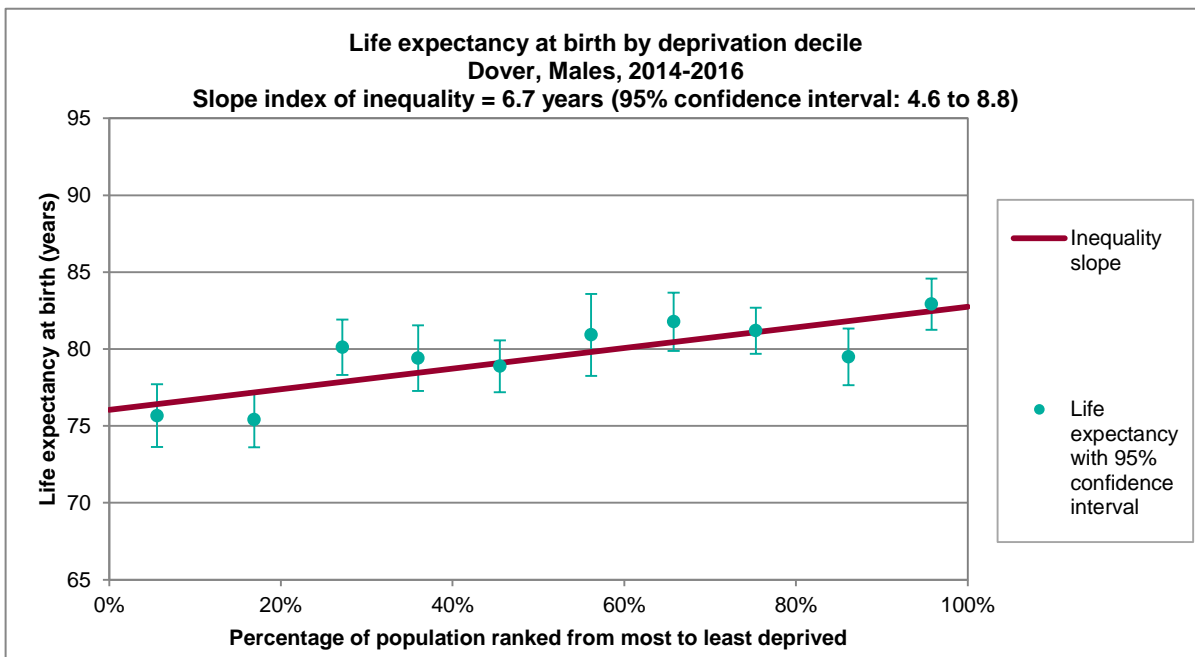
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Dover (E07000108)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.7	(73.6 , 77.7)	6,219	79.6	(77.5 , 81.7)	6,070
2	75.4	(73.6 , 77.2)	6,412	82.1	(80.0 , 84.3)	6,585
3	80.1	(78.3 , 81.9)	5,059	81.5	(79.4 , 83.5)	5,314
4	79.4	(77.3 , 81.5)	4,785	82.3	(79.3 , 85.2)	4,889
5	78.9	(77.2 , 80.6)	5,852	85.8	(83.4 , 88.1)	6,109
6	80.9	(78.3 , 83.6)	6,016	83.3	(81.2 , 85.3)	6,221
7	81.8	(79.9 , 83.7)	4,711	83.2	(81.1 , 85.4)	4,978
8	81.2	(79.7 , 82.7)	5,973	82.8	(80.7 , 84.9)	6,165
9	79.5	(77.7 , 81.3)	6,090	80.5	(78.7 , 82.3)	6,354
10	82.9	(81.3 , 84.6)	4,699	87.4	(85.8 , 88.9)	5,006

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

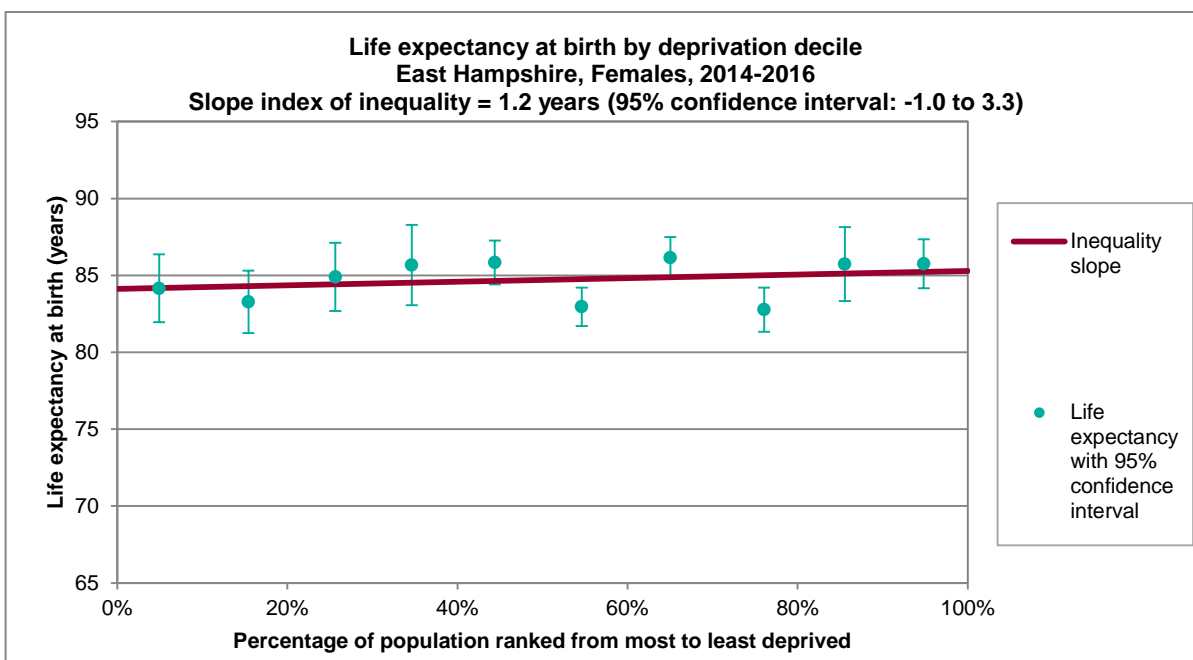
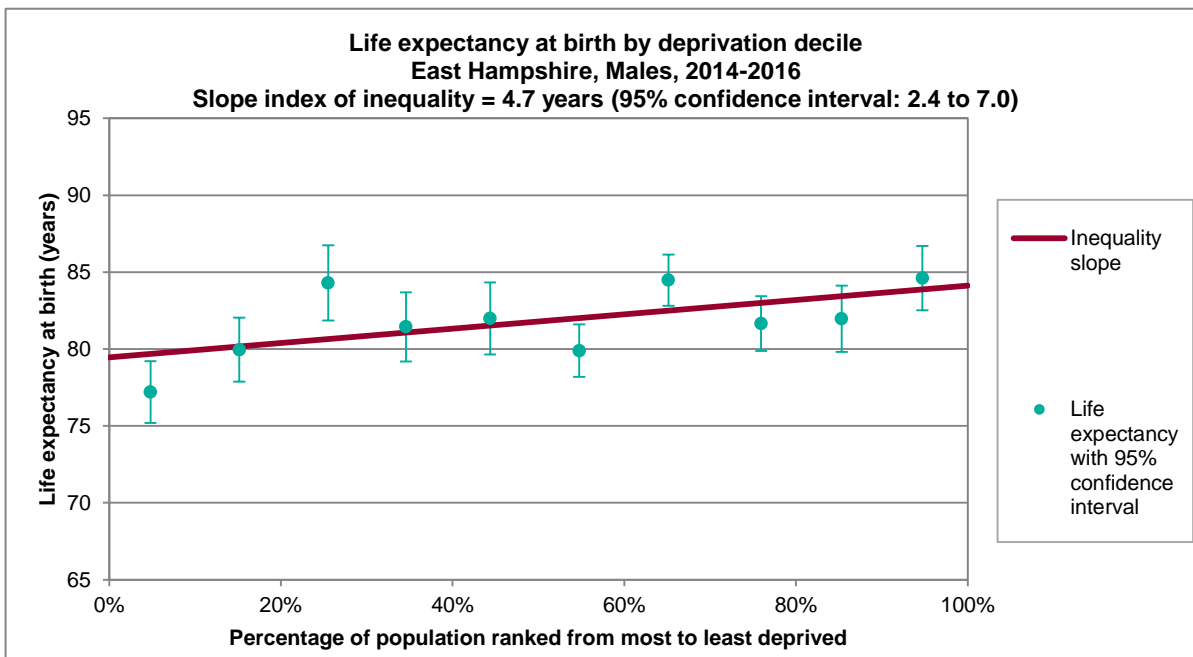
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

East Hampshire (E07000085)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.2	(75.2 , 79.2)	5,478	84.2	(82.0 , 86.4)	5,980
2	80.0	(77.9 , 82.0)	6,337	83.3	(81.3 , 85.3)	6,773
3	84.3	(81.9 , 86.8)	5,483	84.9	(82.7 , 87.1)	5,654
4	81.4	(79.2 , 83.7)	4,856	85.7	(83.1 , 88.3)	5,263
5	82.0	(79.6 , 84.3)	6,337	85.8	(84.4 , 87.3)	6,611
6	79.9	(78.2 , 81.6)	5,519	83.0	(81.7 , 84.2)	5,809
7	84.5	(82.8 , 86.2)	6,340	86.2	(84.8 , 87.5)	6,855
8	81.7	(79.9 , 83.4)	5,989	82.8	(81.3 , 84.2)	6,547
9	82.0	(79.8 , 84.1)	4,713	85.7	(83.3 , 88.1)	4,998
10	84.6	(82.5 , 86.7)	6,022	85.8	(84.2 , 87.4)	6,274

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

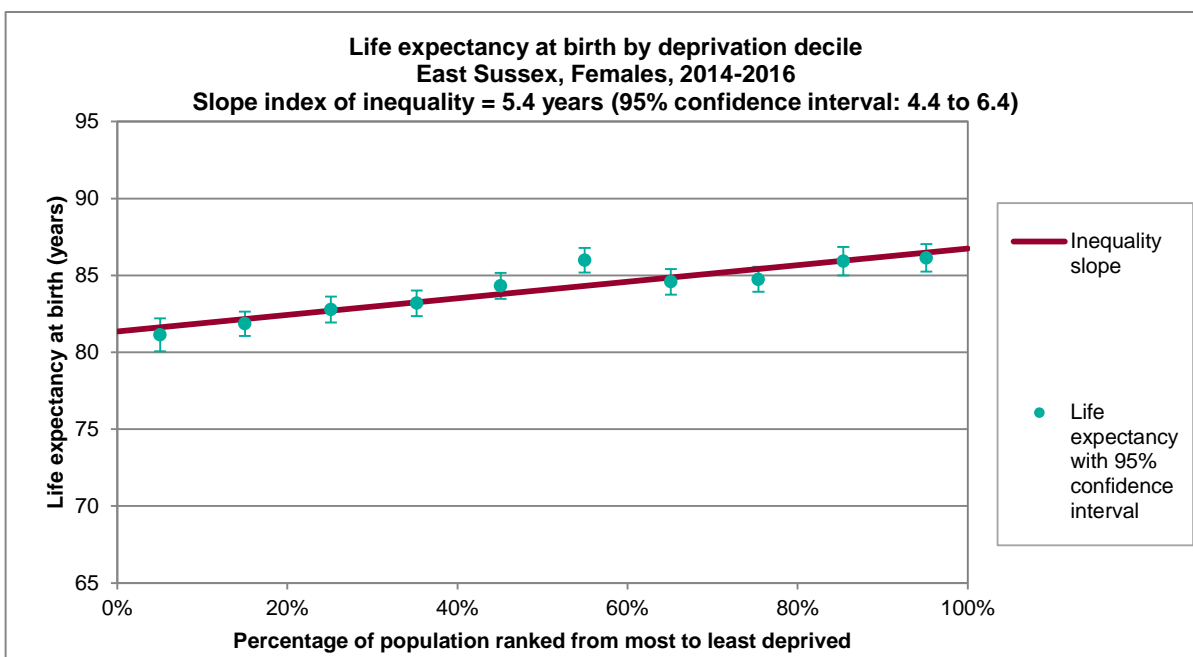
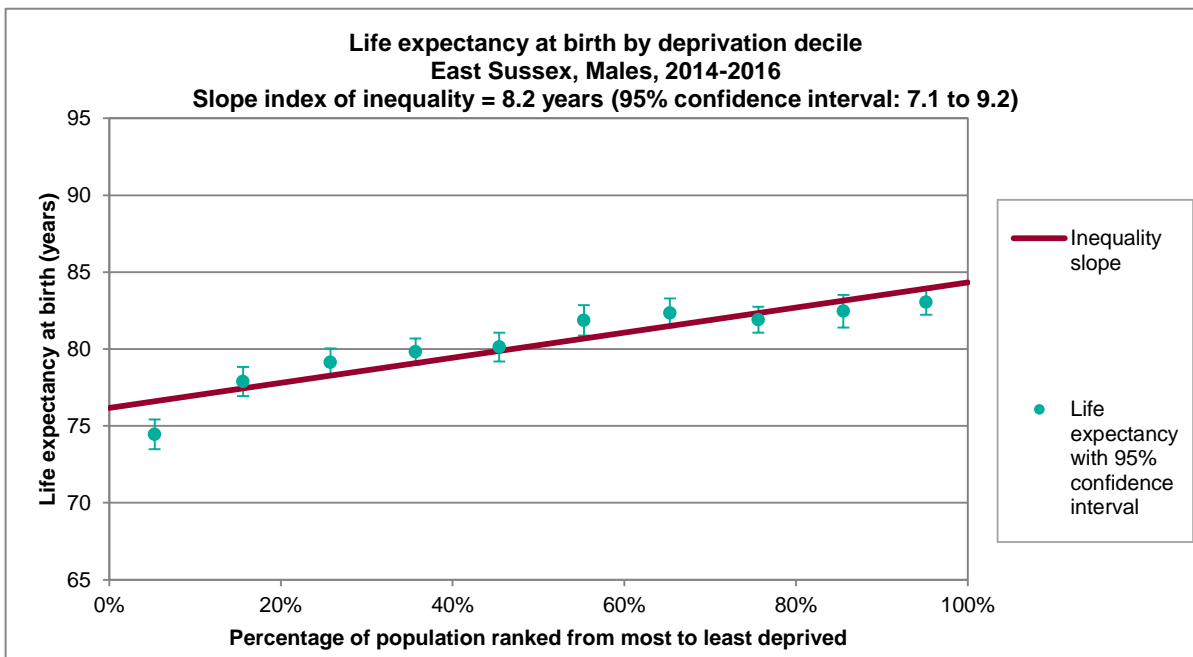
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

East Sussex (E10000011)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.5	(73.5 , 75.4)	27,804	81.1	(80.1 , 82.2)	28,286
2	77.9	(76.9 , 78.8)	26,369	81.9	(81.1 , 82.7)	27,775
3	79.1	(78.2 , 80.0)	27,156	82.8	(81.9 , 83.6)	29,076
4	79.8	(79.0 , 80.7)	24,918	83.2	(82.4 , 84.0)	27,588
5	80.1	(79.2 , 81.1)	26,413	84.3	(83.5 , 85.2)	27,923
6	81.9	(80.9 , 82.9)	25,385	86.0	(85.2 , 86.8)	27,596
7	82.4	(81.4 , 83.3)	27,311	84.6	(83.8 , 85.4)	29,358
8	81.9	(81.1 , 82.8)	26,809	84.7	(83.9 , 85.6)	28,531
9	82.5	(81.4 , 83.5)	25,306	85.9	(85.0 , 86.9)	27,569
10	83.1	(82.2 , 83.9)	25,397	86.1	(85.3 , 87.0)	27,306

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

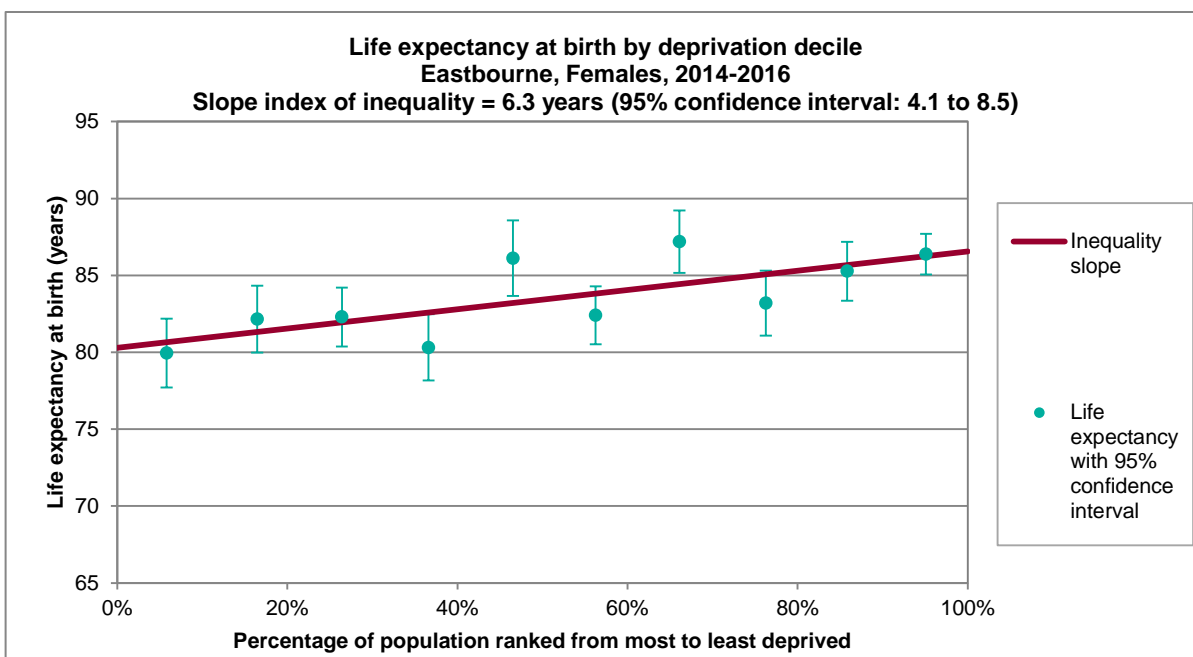
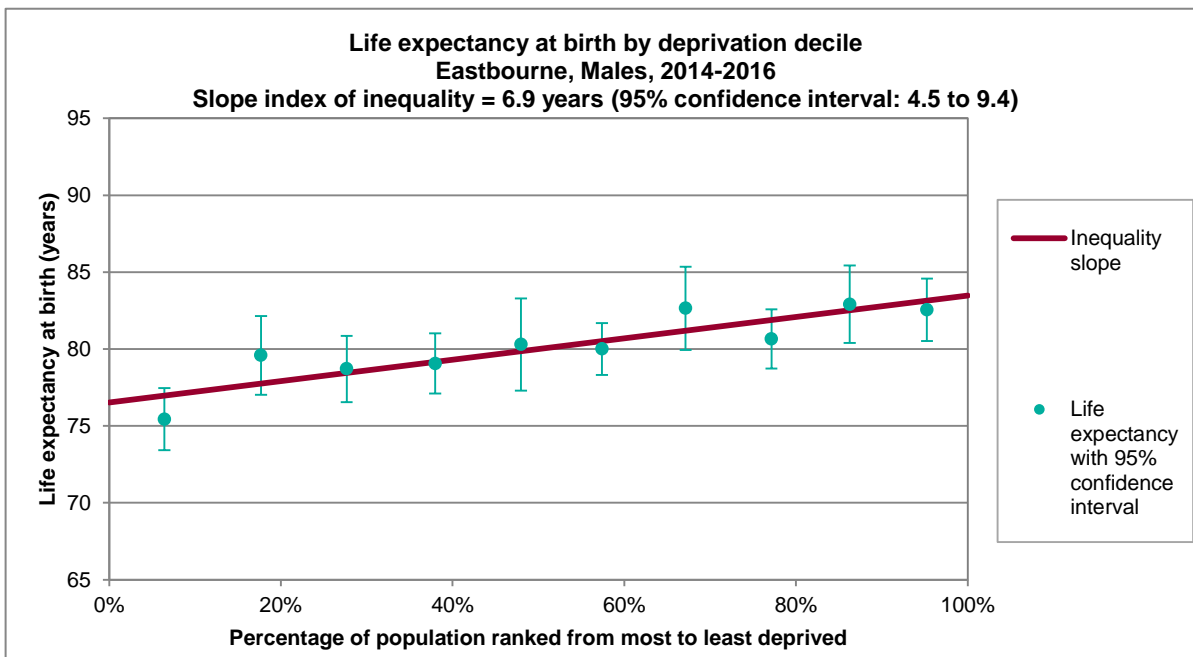
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Eastbourne (E07000061)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.4	(73.4 , 77.5)	6,354	80.0	(77.7 , 82.2)	6,141
2	79.6	(77.0 , 82.2)	4,773	82.2	(80.0 , 84.3)	5,129
3	78.7	(76.6 , 80.9)	5,098	82.3	(80.4 , 84.2)	5,413
4	79.1	(77.1 , 81.0)	5,100	80.3	(78.2 , 82.5)	5,370
5	80.3	(77.3 , 83.3)	4,785	86.1	(83.7 , 88.6)	5,135
6	80.0	(78.3 , 81.7)	4,545	82.4	(80.5 , 84.3)	5,153
7	82.7	(79.9 , 85.4)	5,080	87.2	(85.2 , 89.2)	5,271
8	80.7	(78.7 , 82.6)	4,816	83.2	(81.1 , 85.3)	5,483
9	82.9	(80.4 , 85.4)	4,203	85.3	(83.4 , 87.2)	4,635
10	82.6	(80.5 , 84.6)	4,689	86.4	(85.1 , 87.7)	5,182

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

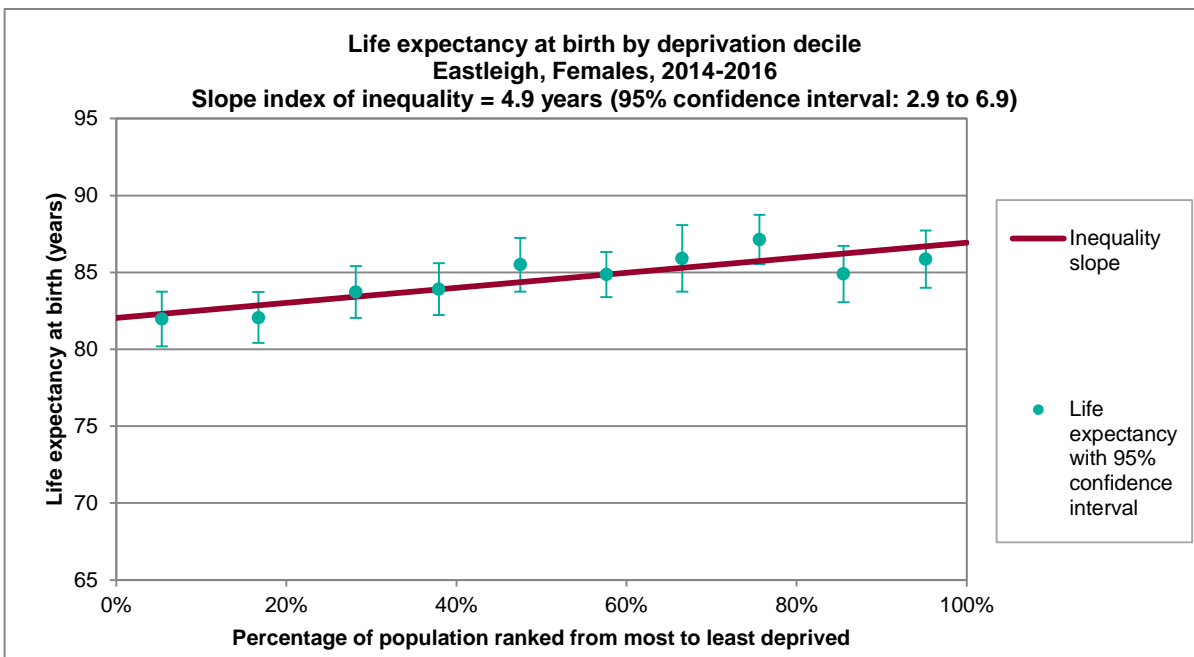
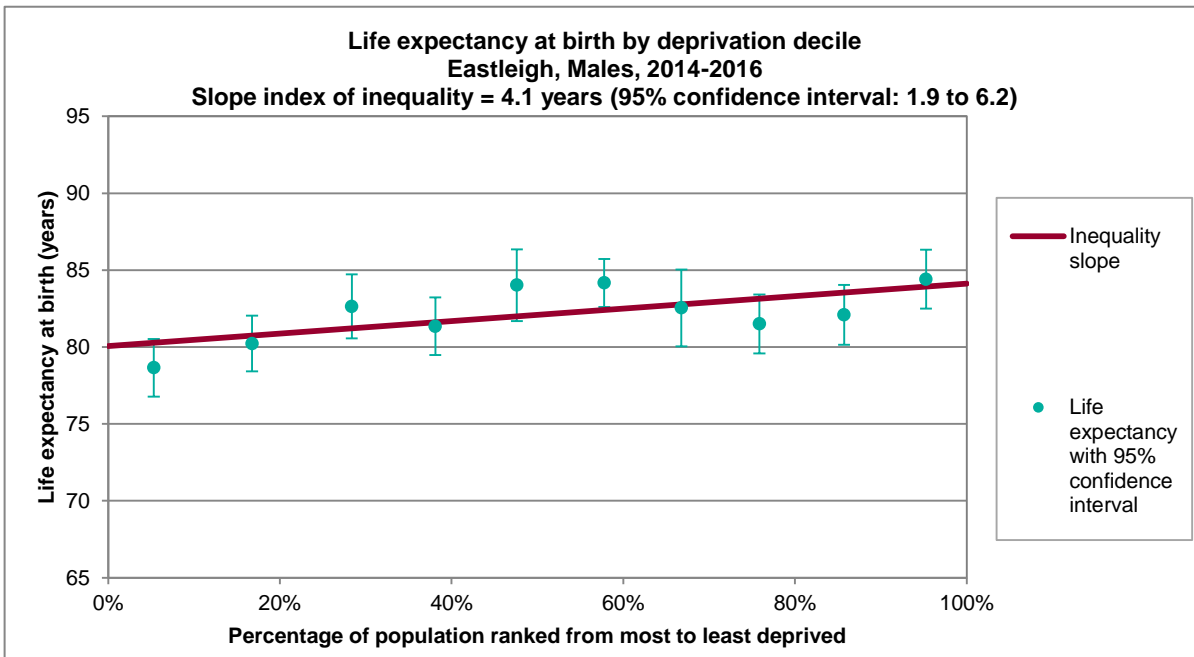
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Eastleigh (E07000086)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.7	(76.8 , 80.5)	6,721	82.0	(80.2 , 83.7)	7,063
2	80.2	(78.4 , 82.0)	7,753	82.1	(80.4 , 83.7)	7,912
3	82.6	(80.6 , 84.7)	6,948	83.7	(82.0 , 85.4)	7,184
4	81.4	(79.5 , 83.2)	5,374	83.9	(82.2 , 85.6)	5,688
5	84.0	(81.7 , 86.4)	6,636	85.5	(83.7 , 87.3)	6,936
6	84.2	(82.6 , 85.7)	6,252	84.9	(83.4 , 86.3)	6,408
7	82.5	(80.1 , 85.0)	5,118	85.9	(83.8 , 88.1)	5,351
8	81.5	(79.6 , 83.4)	6,388	87.1	(85.5 , 88.8)	6,634
9	82.1	(80.2 , 84.0)	6,087	84.9	(83.1 , 86.7)	6,391
10	84.4	(82.5 , 86.3)	5,990	85.9	(84.0 , 87.7)	6,346

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

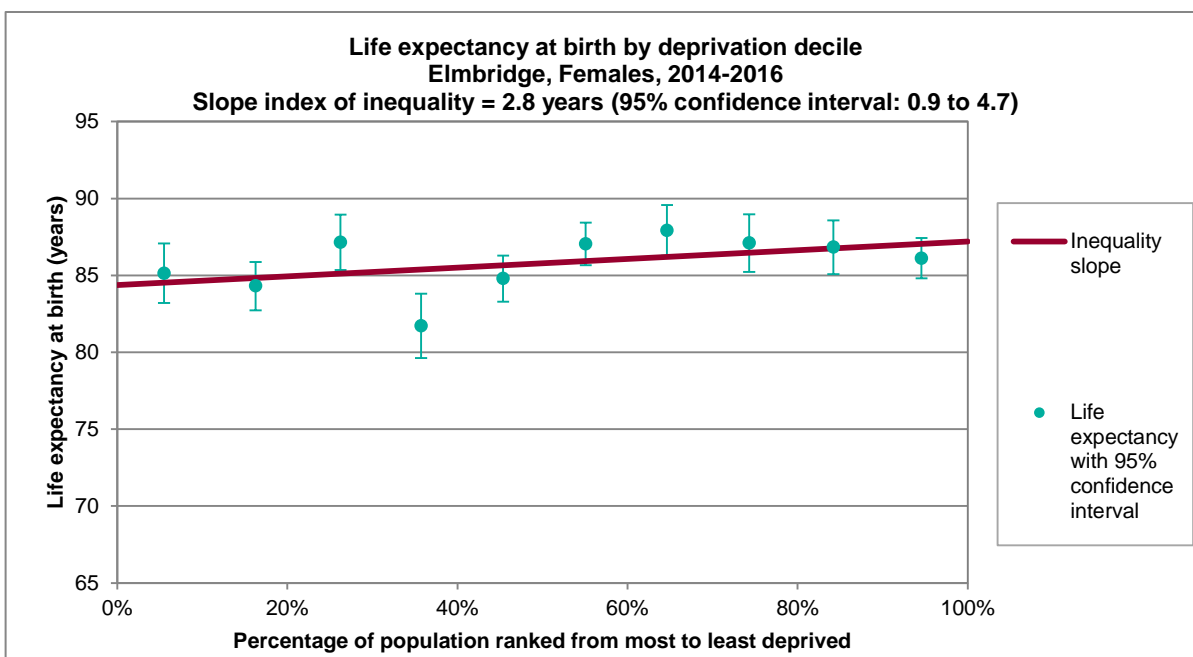
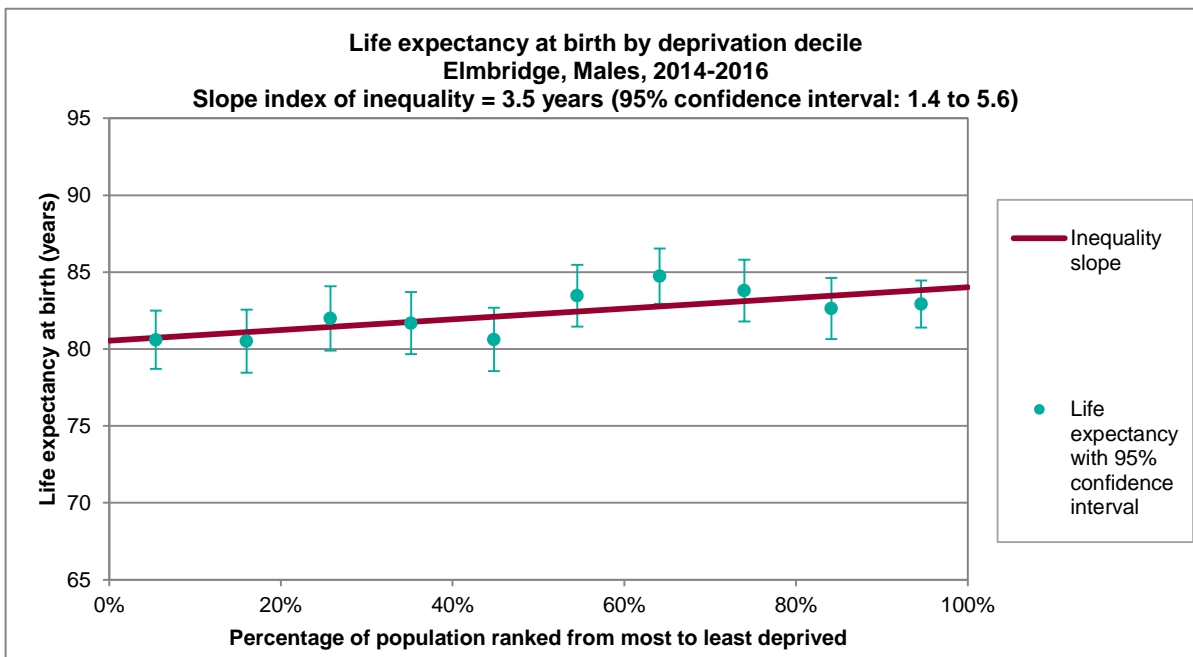
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Elmbridge (E07000207)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	80.6	(78.7 , 82.5)	6,953	85.1	(83.2 , 87.1)	7,547
2	80.5	(78.5 , 82.6)	6,600	84.3	(82.7 , 85.9)	7,243
3	82.0	(79.9 , 84.1)	5,917	87.2	(85.3 , 89.0)	6,463
4	81.7	(79.7 , 83.7)	6,111	81.7	(79.6 , 83.8)	6,560
5	80.6	(78.6 , 82.7)	6,276	84.8	(83.3 , 86.3)	6,681
6	83.5	(81.5 , 85.5)	6,159	87.1	(85.7 , 88.4)	6,653
7	84.7	(82.9 , 86.5)	6,141	87.9	(86.3 , 89.6)	6,477
8	83.8	(81.8 , 85.8)	6,504	87.1	(85.2 , 89.0)	6,799
9	82.6	(80.6 , 84.6)	6,482	86.8	(85.1 , 88.6)	6,789
10	82.9	(81.4 , 84.5)	6,935	86.1	(84.8 , 87.4)	7,446

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

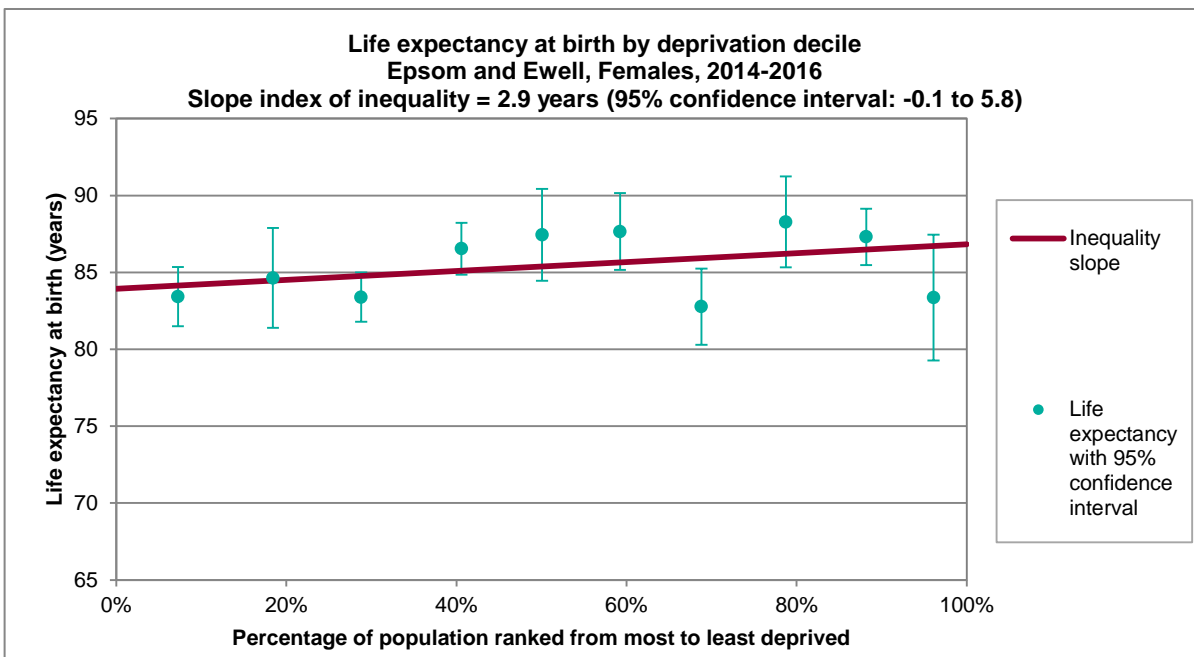
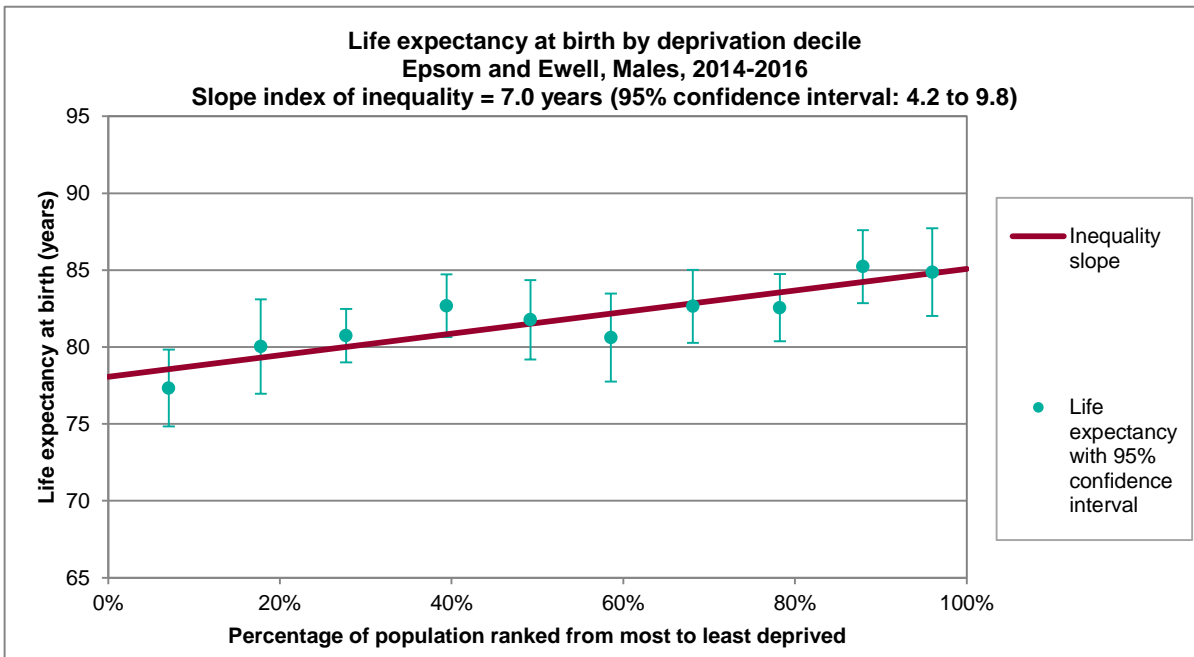
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Epsom and Ewell (E07000208)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.3	(74.8 , 79.8)	5,401	83.4	(81.5 , 85.3)	5,892
2	80.0	(77.0 , 83.1)	2,816	84.6	(81.4 , 87.9)	3,191
3	80.7	(79.0 , 82.5)	4,799	83.4	(81.8 , 85.0)	5,236
4	82.7	(80.6 , 84.7)	4,161	86.5	(84.9 , 88.2)	4,360
5	81.8	(79.2 , 84.4)	3,327	87.4	(84.5 , 90.4)	3,345
6	80.6	(77.8 , 83.5)	3,861	87.7	(85.2 , 90.2)	4,099
7	82.7	(80.3 , 85.0)	3,457	82.8	(80.3 , 85.3)	3,680
8	82.6	(80.4 , 84.8)	4,299	88.3	(85.3 , 91.2)	4,397
9	85.2	(82.9 , 87.6)	3,118	87.3	(85.5 , 89.1)	3,277
10	84.9	(82.0 , 87.7)	3,071	83.4	(79.3 , 87.5)	3,166

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

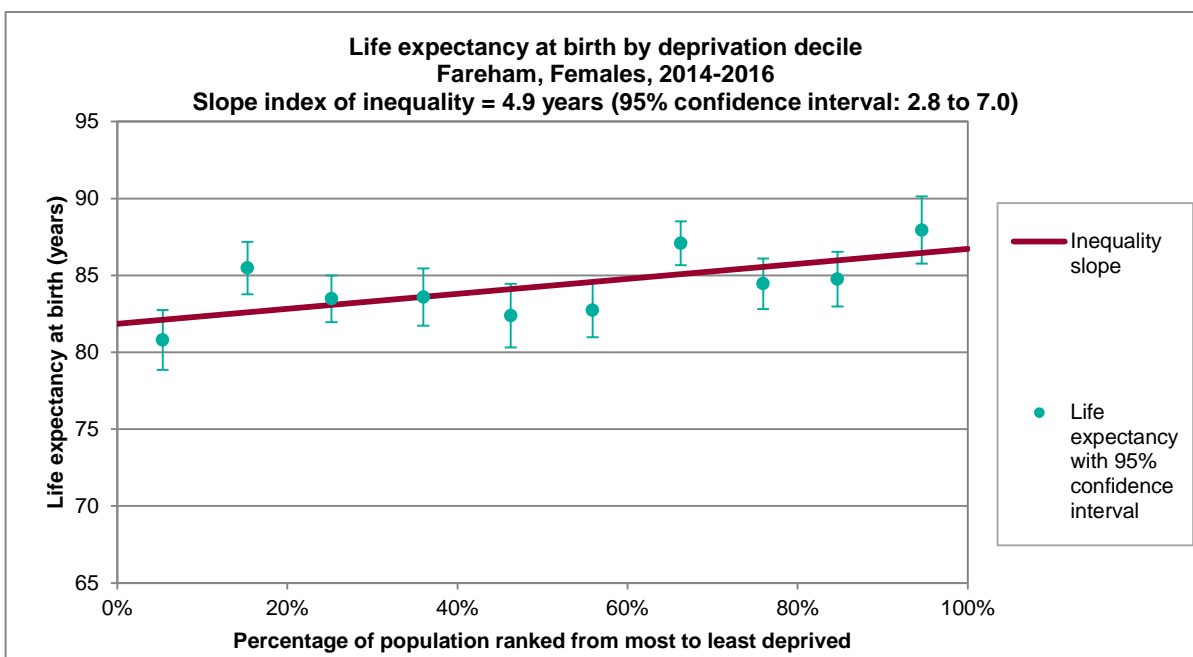
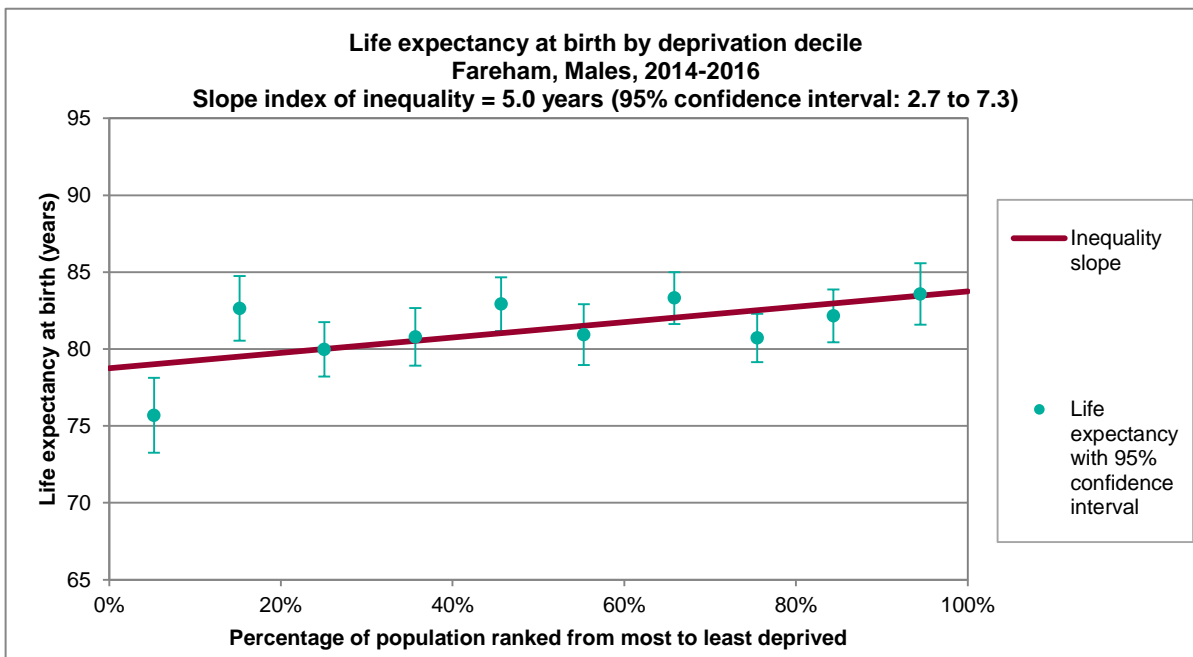
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Fareham (E07000087)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.7	(73.3 , 78.1)	5,868	80.8	(78.9 , 82.7)	6,236
2	82.6	(80.5 , 84.8)	5,368	85.5	(83.8 , 87.2)	5,452
3	80.0	(78.2 , 81.7)	5,747	83.5	(82.0 , 85.0)	6,109
4	80.8	(78.9 , 82.7)	6,200	83.6	(81.7 , 85.5)	6,539
5	82.9	(81.2 , 84.7)	5,055	82.4	(80.3 , 84.5)	5,491
6	80.9	(79.0 , 82.9)	5,799	82.7	(81.0 , 84.5)	5,778
7	83.3	(81.6 , 85.0)	6,081	87.1	(85.7 , 88.5)	6,367
8	80.7	(79.2 , 82.3)	4,790	84.5	(82.8 , 86.1)	4,965
9	82.2	(80.4 , 83.9)	5,213	84.8	(83.0 , 86.5)	5,273
10	83.6	(81.6 , 85.6)	6,199	88.0	(85.8 , 90.1)	6,322

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

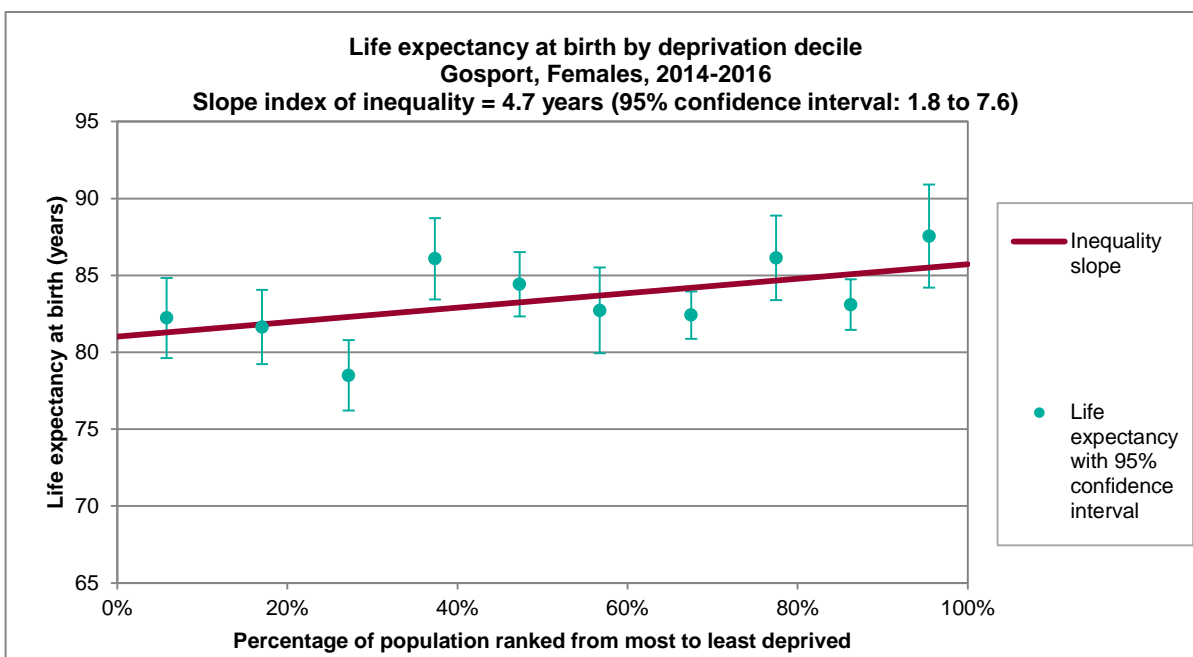
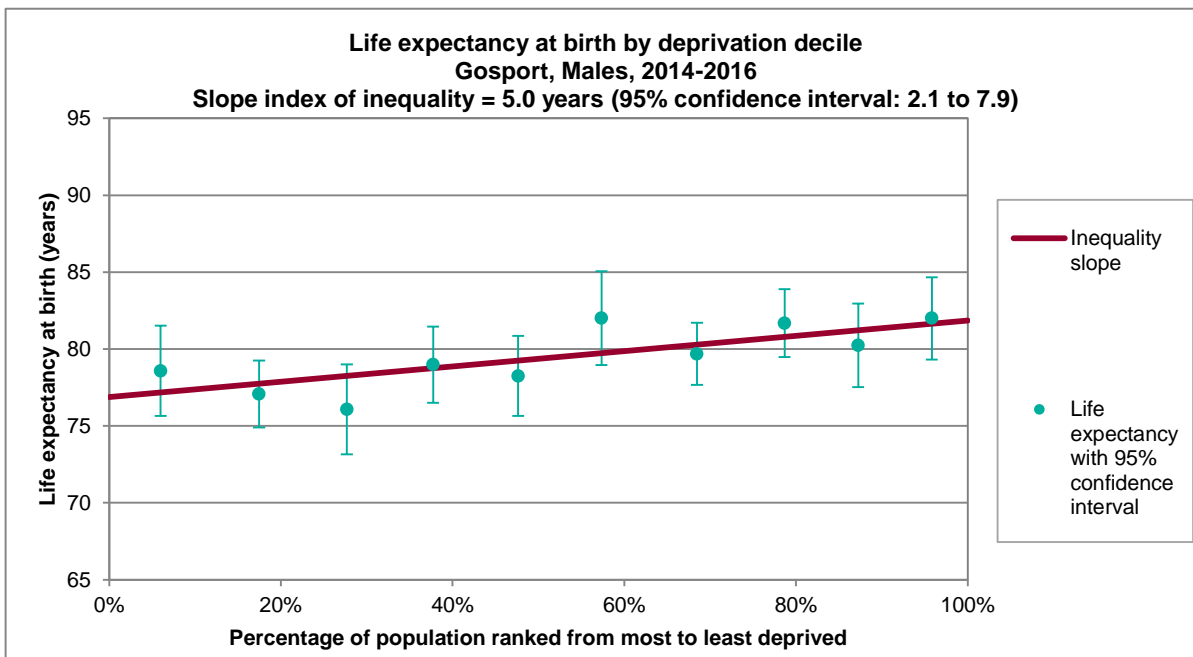
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Gosport (E07000088)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.6	(75.6 , 81.5)	5,048	82.2	(79.6 , 84.8)	4,945
2	77.1	(74.9 , 79.3)	4,615	81.6	(79.2 , 84.1)	4,626
3	76.1	(73.2 , 79.0)	4,007	78.5	(76.2 , 80.8)	4,049
4	79.0	(76.5 , 81.5)	4,466	86.1	(83.4 , 88.7)	4,603
5	78.3	(75.6 , 80.9)	3,890	84.4	(82.3 , 86.5)	3,888
6	82.0	(79.0 , 85.1)	4,292	82.7	(79.9 , 85.5)	4,138
7	79.7	(77.7 , 81.7)	5,084	82.4	(80.9 , 84.0)	5,029
8	81.7	(79.5 , 83.9)	3,520	86.1	(83.4 , 88.9)	3,484
9	80.2	(77.5 , 83.0)	3,715	83.1	(81.5 , 84.7)	3,998
10	82.0	(79.3 , 84.7)	3,516	87.6	(84.2 , 90.9)	3,861

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

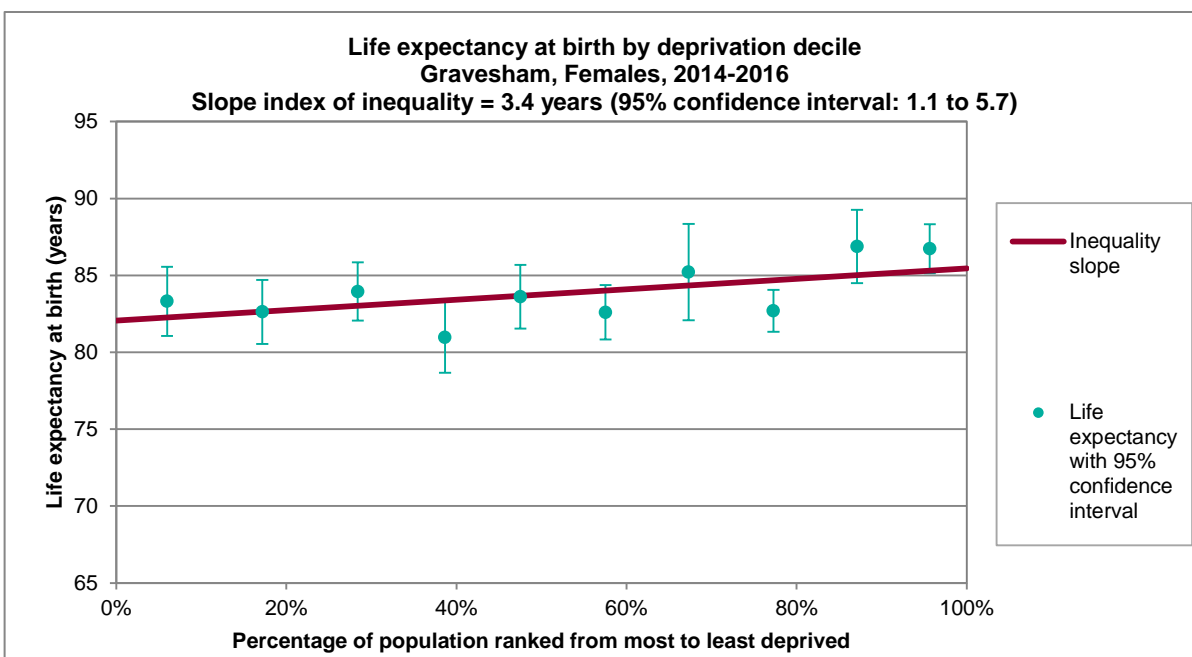
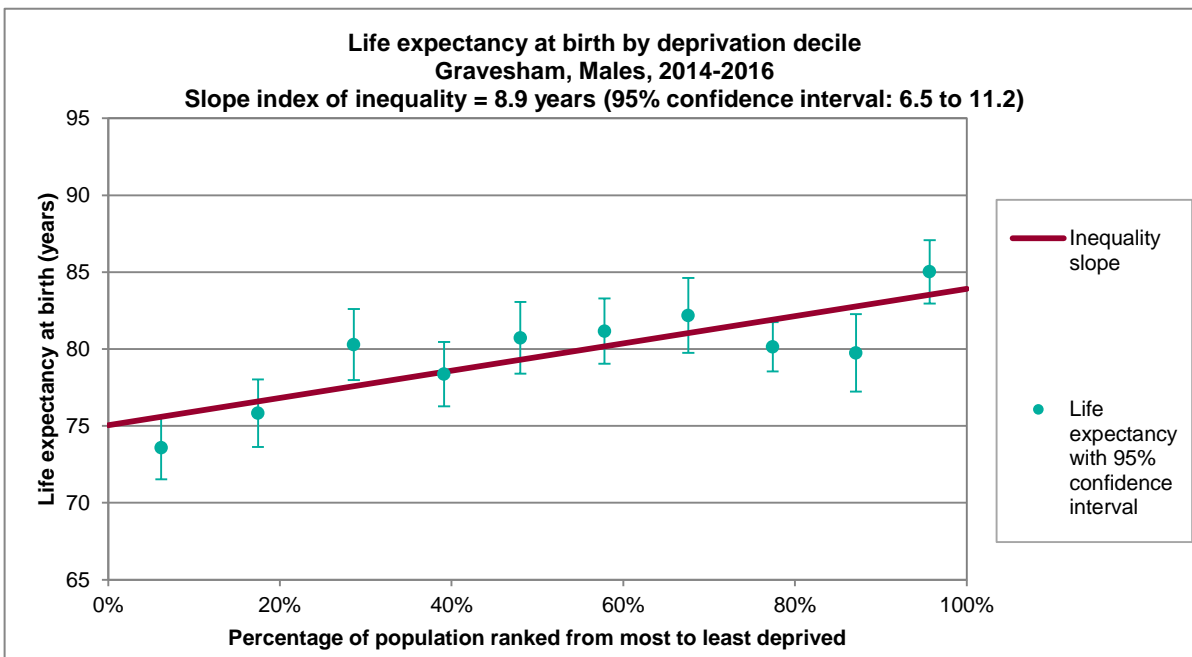
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Gravesham (E07000109)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	73.6	(71.5 , 75.6)	6,472	83.3	(81.1 , 85.6)	6,416
2	75.8	(73.6 , 78.0)	5,332	82.6	(80.6 , 84.7)	5,617
3	80.3	(78.0 , 82.6)	6,365	84.0	(82.1 , 85.8)	6,453
4	78.4	(76.3 , 80.5)	4,651	81.0	(78.7 , 83.3)	4,567
5	80.7	(78.4 , 83.1)	4,667	83.6	(81.5 , 85.7)	4,960
6	81.2	(79.0 , 83.3)	5,597	82.6	(80.8 , 84.4)	5,806
7	82.2	(79.7 , 84.6)	4,630	85.2	(82.1 , 88.4)	4,686
8	80.1	(78.5 , 81.7)	5,677	82.7	(81.3 , 84.1)	6,039
9	79.8	(77.2 , 82.3)	4,474	86.9	(84.5 , 89.3)	4,531
10	85.0	(83.0 , 87.1)	4,522	86.7	(85.2 , 88.3)	4,659

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

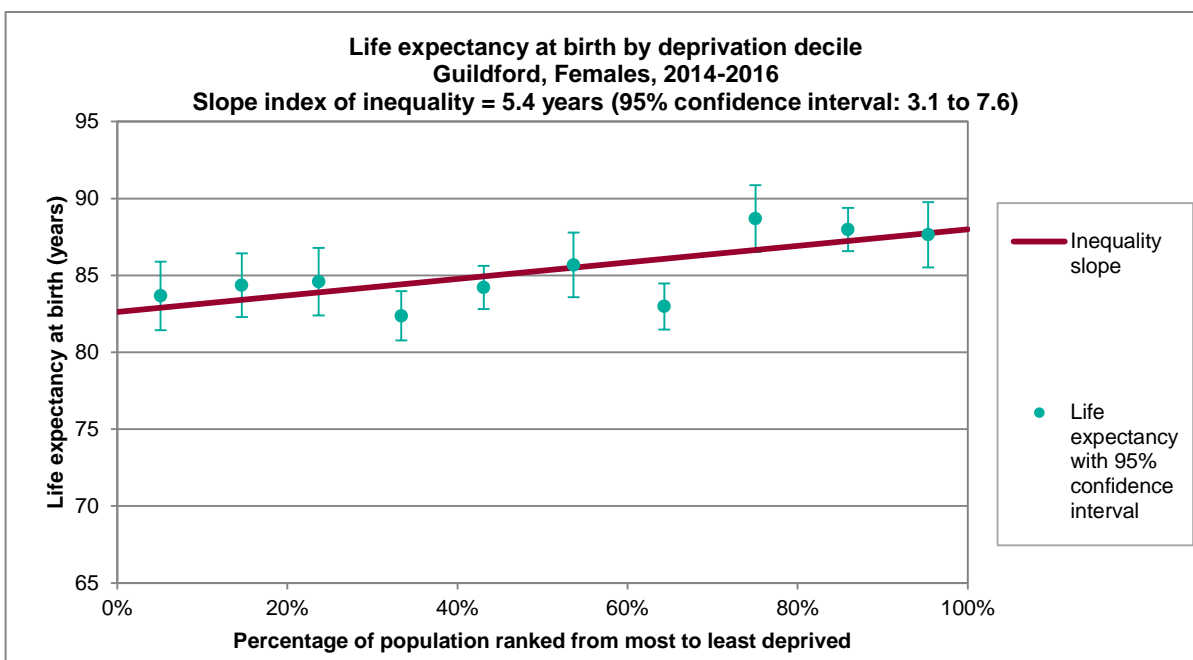
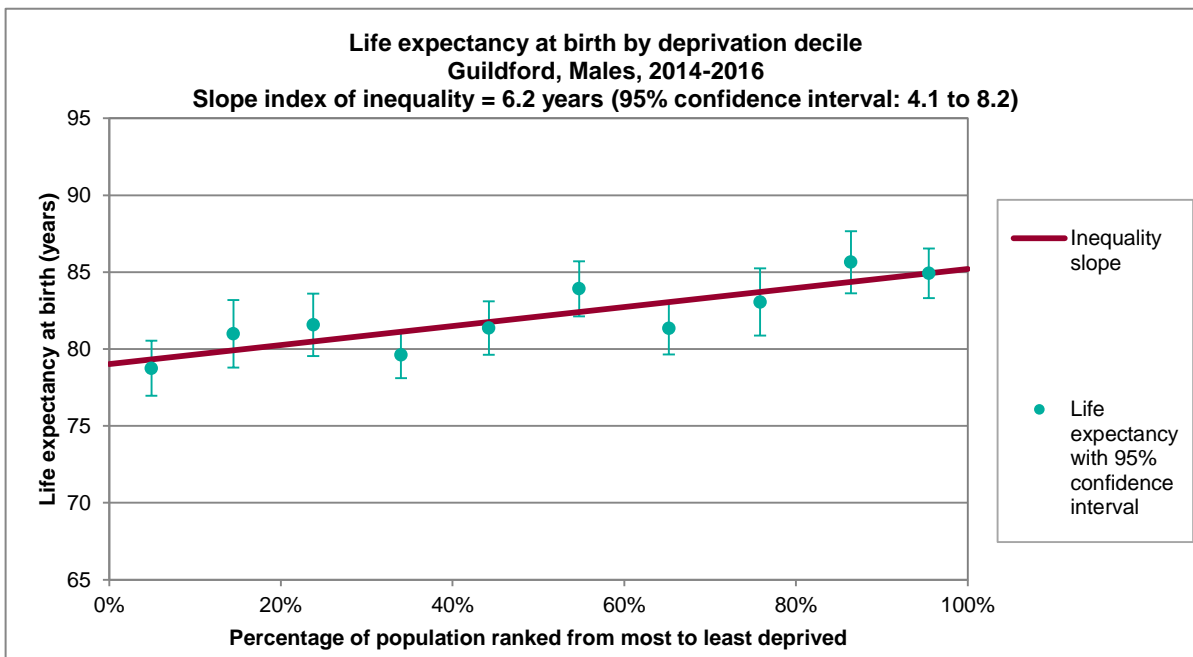
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Guildford (E07000209)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.8	(77.0 , 80.6)	7,159	83.7	(81.4 , 85.9)	7,417
2	81.0	(78.8 , 83.2)	6,755	84.4	(82.3 , 86.4)	6,479
3	81.6	(79.6 , 83.6)	6,805	84.6	(82.4 , 86.8)	6,703
4	79.6	(78.1 , 81.1)	8,097	82.4	(80.8 , 84.0)	7,447
5	81.4	(79.6 , 83.1)	6,807	84.2	(82.8 , 85.6)	6,656
6	83.9	(82.1 , 85.7)	8,518	85.7	(83.6 , 87.8)	8,735
7	81.4	(79.6 , 83.1)	6,736	83.0	(81.5 , 84.5)	6,786
8	83.1	(80.9 , 85.2)	8,747	88.7	(86.5 , 90.9)	8,849
9	85.7	(83.6 , 87.7)	6,667	88.0	(86.6 , 89.4)	6,999
10	84.9	(83.3 , 86.5)	6,578	87.6	(85.5 , 89.8)	6,744

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

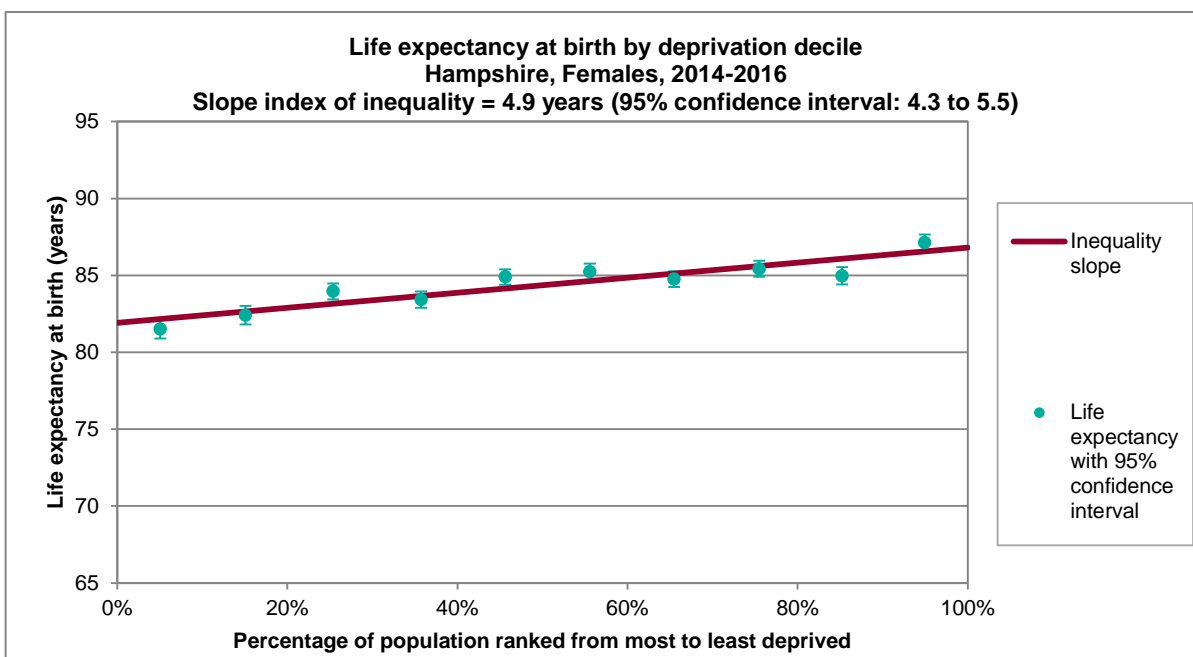
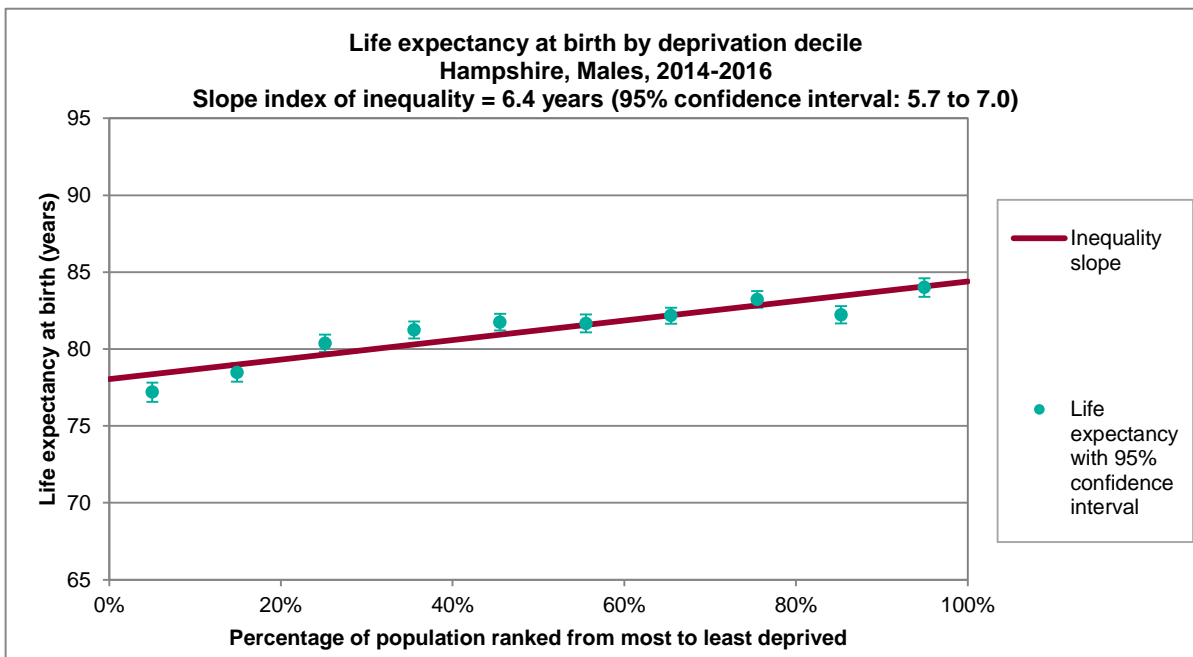
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Hampshire (E10000014)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.2	(76.6 , 77.8)	66,495	81.5	(80.9 , 82.1)	69,916
2	78.5	(77.9 , 79.1)	64,263	82.4	(81.8 , 83.0)	68,371
3	80.4	(79.8 , 80.9)	71,565	84.0	(83.4 , 84.5)	74,257
4	81.2	(80.7 , 81.8)	65,869	83.4	(82.9 , 84.0)	68,549
5	81.7	(81.2 , 82.3)	66,770	84.9	(84.4 , 85.4)	68,286
6	81.7	(81.1 , 82.2)	65,769	85.2	(84.7 , 85.8)	68,963
7	82.2	(81.6 , 82.7)	65,477	84.8	(84.2 , 85.3)	68,005
8	83.2	(82.7 , 83.8)	67,567	85.4	(84.9 , 86.0)	70,355
9	82.2	(81.7 , 82.8)	61,793	85.0	(84.4 , 85.5)	64,385
10	84.0	(83.4 , 84.6)	66,764	87.1	(86.6 , 87.7)	69,782

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

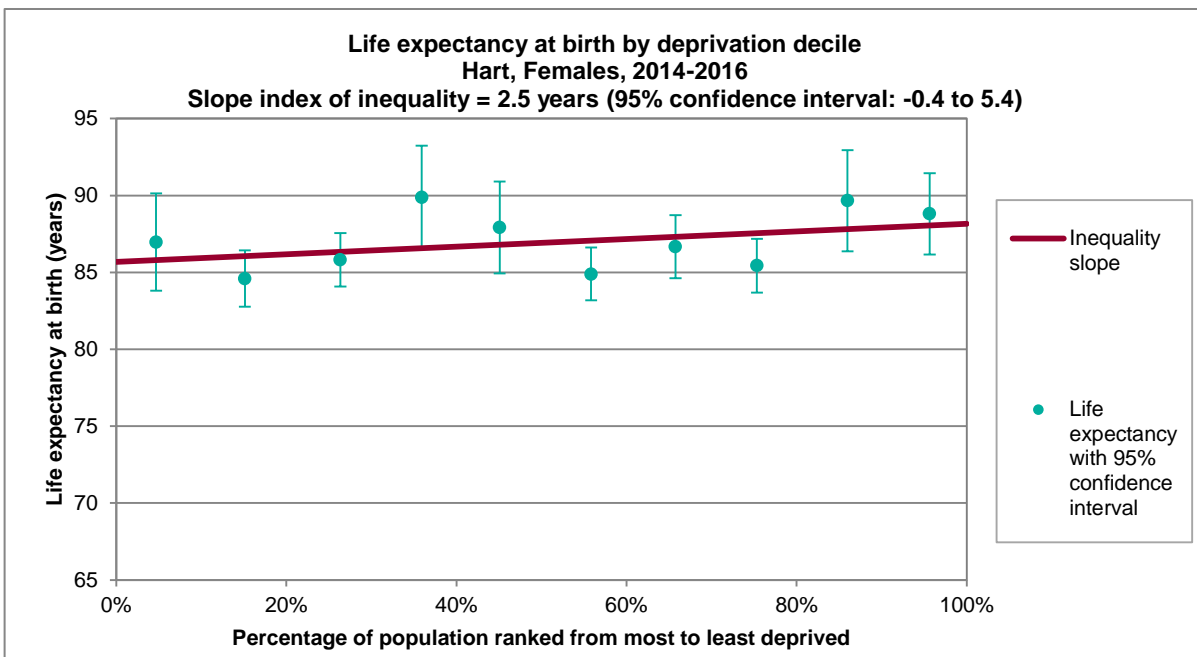
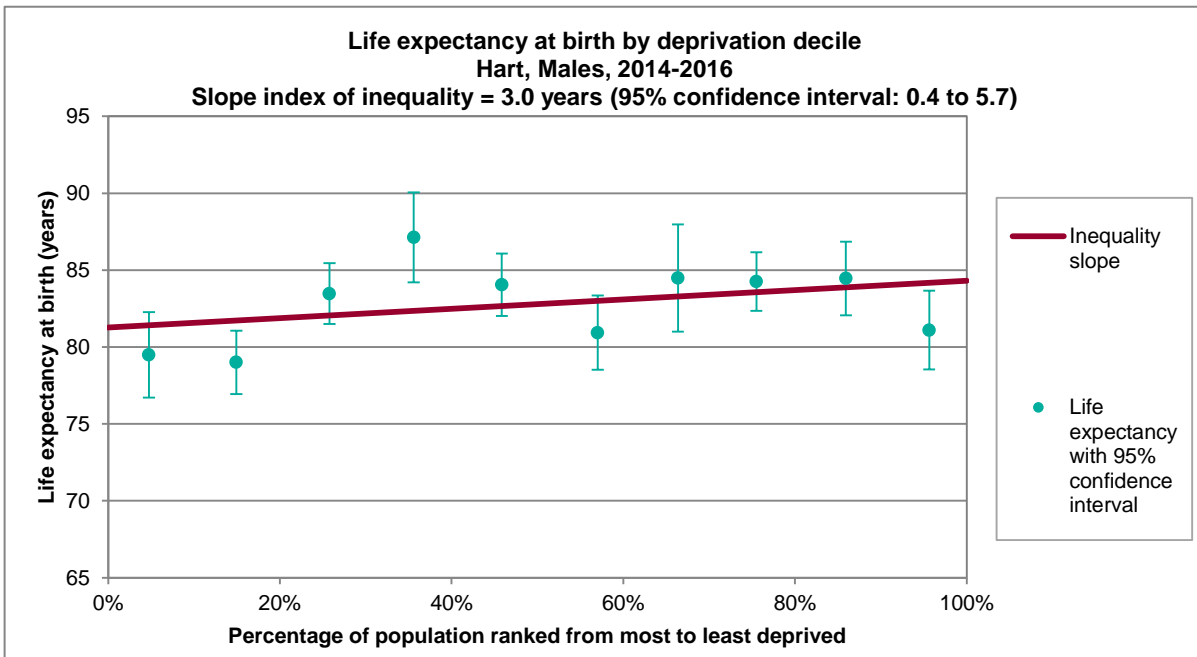
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Hart (E0700089)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.5	(76.7 , 82.3)	4,412	87.0	(83.8 , 90.1)	4,424
2	79.0	(76.9 , 81.1)	5,073	84.6	(82.8 , 86.4)	5,442
3	83.5	(81.5 , 85.5)	5,032	85.8	(84.1 , 87.6)	5,170
4	87.1	(84.2 , 90.1)	4,105	89.9	(86.5 , 93.2)	3,872
5	84.0	(82.0 , 86.1)	5,458	87.9	(84.9 , 90.9)	4,794
6	80.9	(78.5 , 83.4)	4,944	84.9	(83.2 , 86.6)	5,379
7	84.5	(81.0 , 88.0)	3,765	86.7	(84.6 , 88.7)	3,993
8	84.3	(82.4 , 86.2)	4,743	85.4	(83.7 , 87.2)	5,059
9	84.5	(82.1 , 86.9)	4,972	89.7	(86.4 , 93.0)	5,015
10	81.1	(78.5 , 83.7)	4,064	88.8	(86.2 , 91.4)	4,112

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

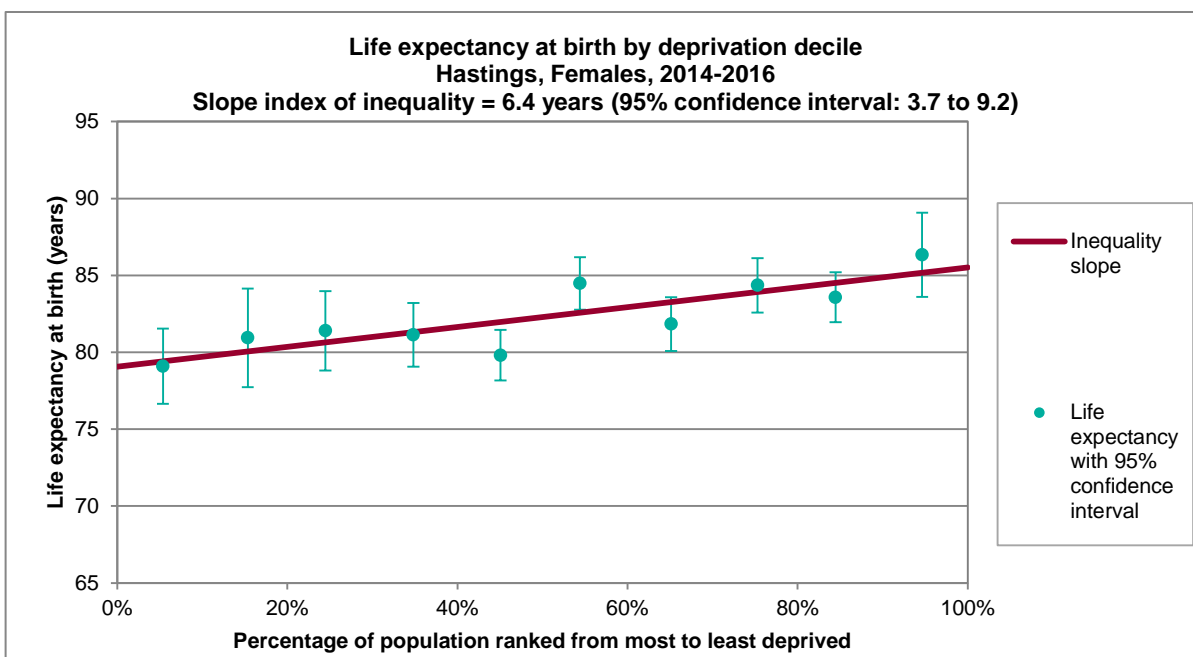
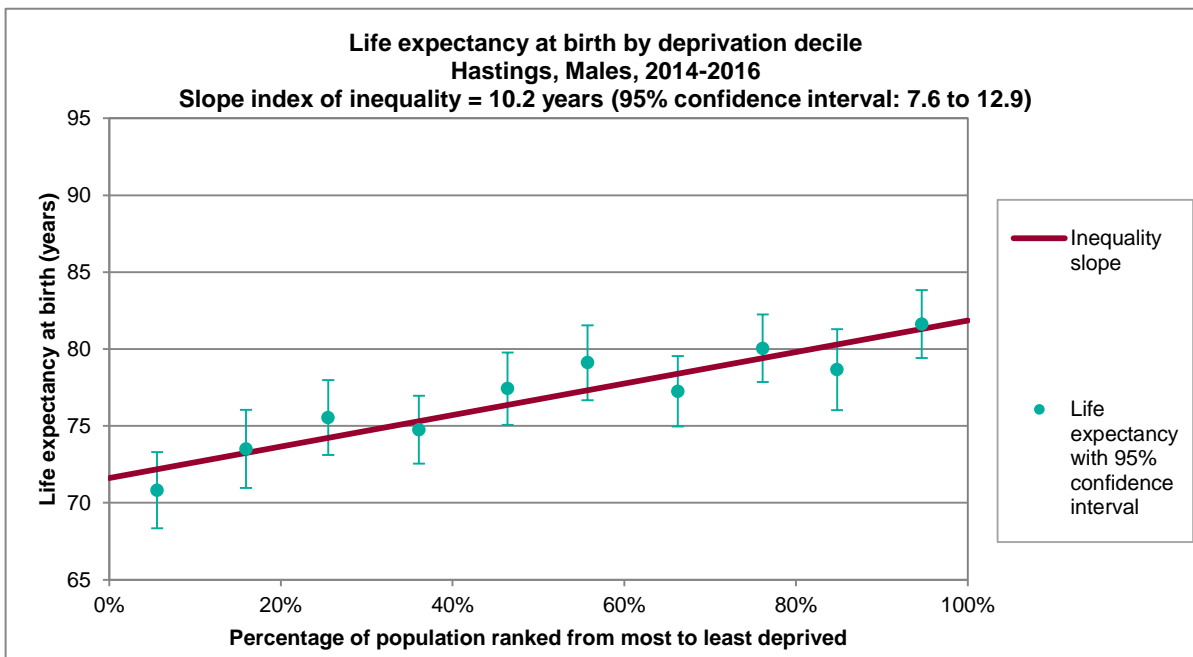
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Hastings (E07000062)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	70.8	(68.3 , 73.3)	4,986	79.1	(76.7 , 81.5)	5,037
2	73.5	(71.0 , 76.1)	4,283	80.9	(77.7 , 84.1)	4,318
3	75.5	(73.1 , 78.0)	4,277	81.4	(78.8 , 84.0)	4,239
4	74.8	(72.6 , 77.0)	5,177	81.1	(79.1 , 83.2)	5,457
5	77.4	(75.1 , 79.8)	4,066	79.8	(78.2 , 81.5)	4,154
6	79.1	(76.7 , 81.6)	4,262	84.5	(82.8 , 86.2)	4,605
7	77.3	(75.0 , 79.5)	5,144	81.8	(80.1 , 83.6)	5,455
8	80.0	(77.9 , 82.2)	3,706	84.4	(82.6 , 86.1)	4,070
9	78.7	(76.0 , 81.3)	4,039	83.6	(82.0 , 85.2)	4,537
10	81.6	(79.4 , 83.8)	4,783	86.3	(83.6 , 89.1)	5,014

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

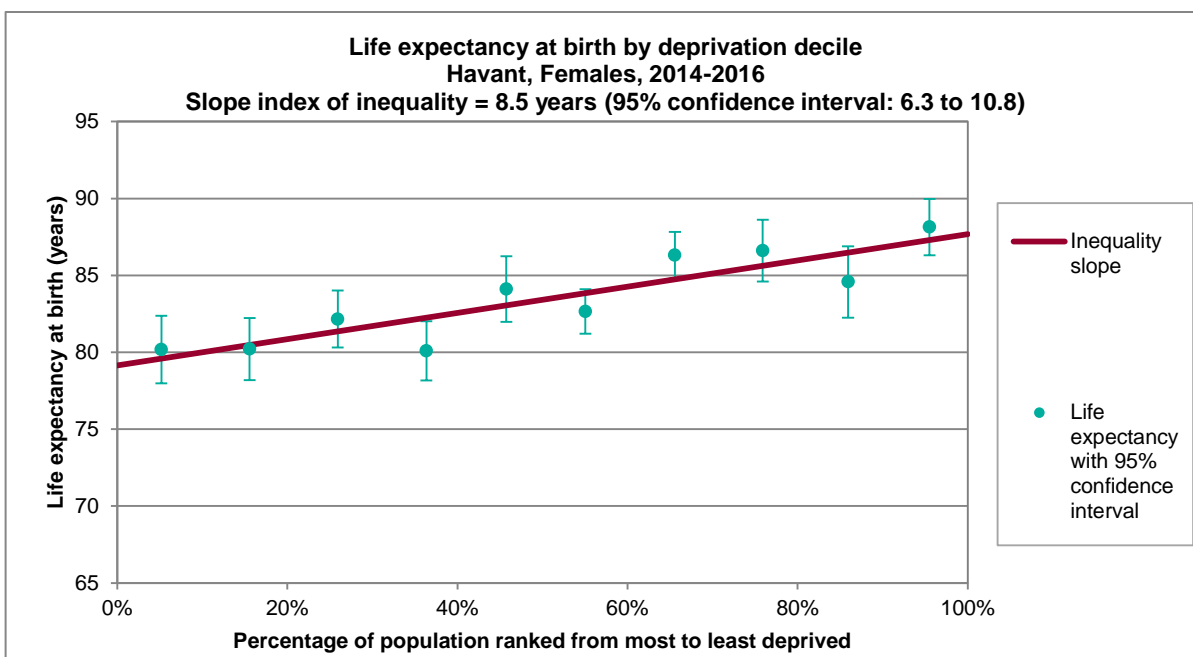
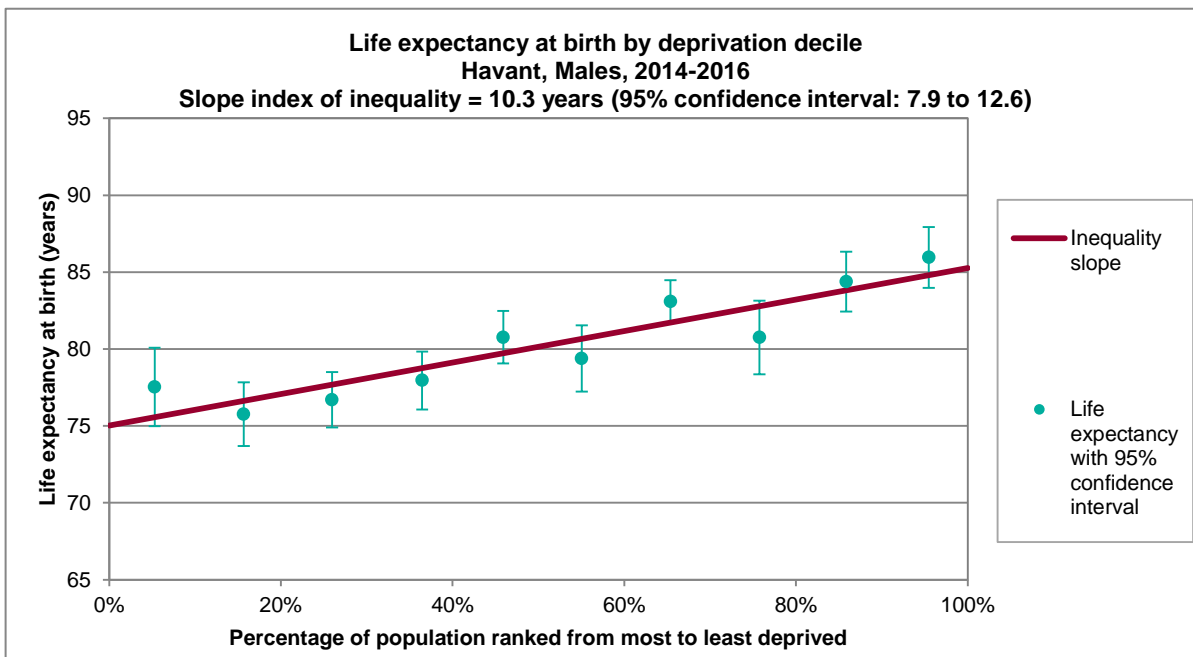
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Havant (E07000090)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.5	(75.0 , 80.1)	6,307	80.2	(78.0 , 82.4)	6,563
2	75.8	(73.7 , 77.8)	6,055	80.2	(78.2 , 82.2)	6,586
3	76.7	(74.9 , 78.5)	6,206	82.2	(80.3 , 84.0)	6,540
4	78.0	(76.1 , 79.8)	6,299	80.1	(78.2 , 82.0)	6,670
5	80.8	(79.1 , 82.5)	4,959	84.1	(82.0 , 86.3)	5,247
6	79.4	(77.2 , 81.5)	5,939	82.7	(81.2 , 84.1)	6,526
7	83.1	(81.7 , 84.5)	6,377	86.3	(84.8 , 87.8)	6,811
8	80.8	(78.4 , 83.2)	5,975	86.6	(84.6 , 88.6)	6,275
9	84.4	(82.4 , 86.3)	6,064	84.6	(82.3 , 86.9)	6,441
10	86.0	(84.0 , 87.9)	5,399	88.1	(86.3 , 90.0)	5,686

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

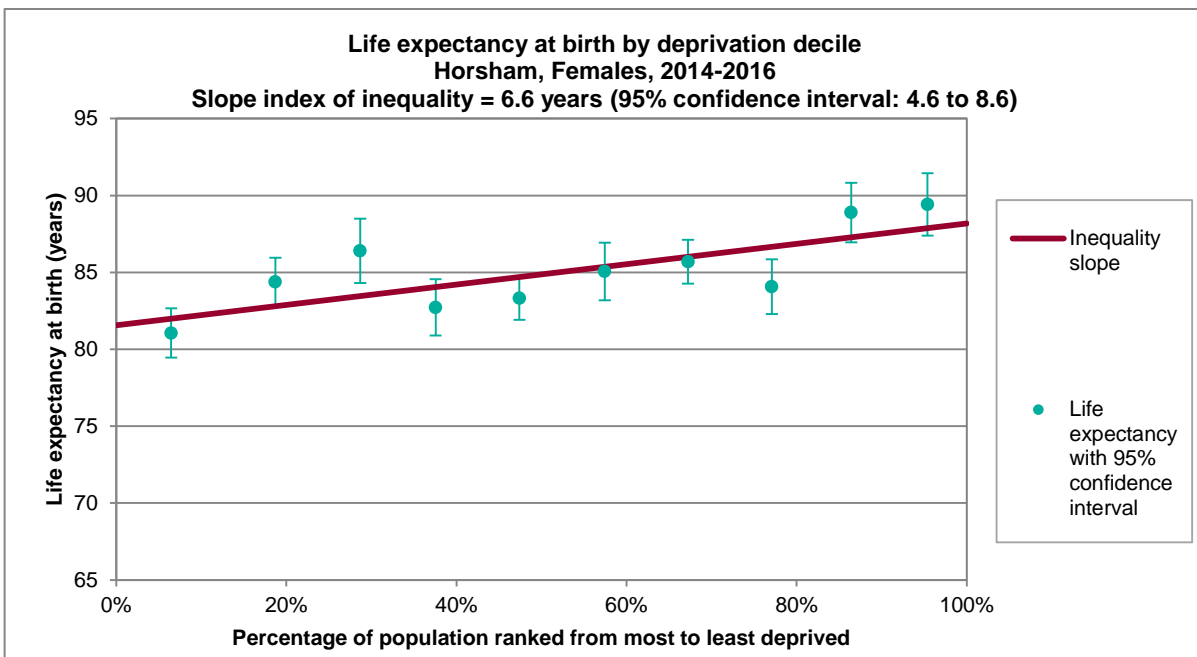
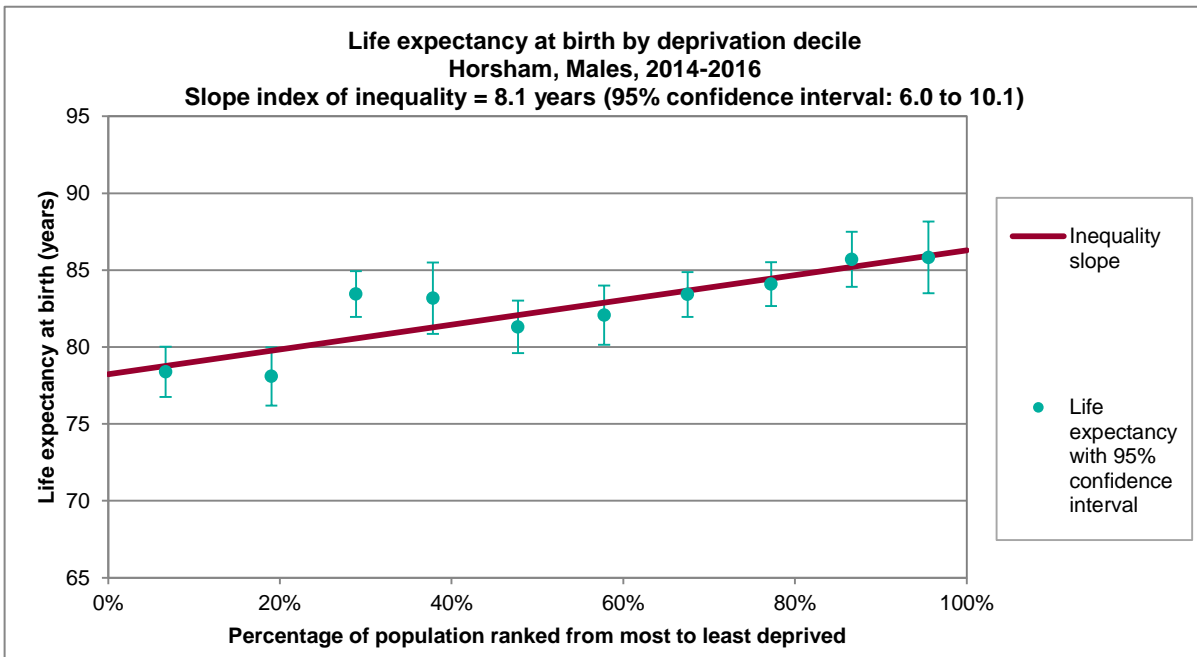
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Horsham (E07000227)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.4	(76.8 , 80.0)	8,837	81.1	(79.5 , 82.7)	9,016
2	78.1	(76.2 , 80.0)	7,460	84.4	(82.8 , 86.0)	8,125
3	83.4	(82.0 , 84.9)	5,553	86.4	(84.3 , 88.5)	5,822
4	83.2	(80.9 , 85.5)	6,299	82.7	(80.9 , 84.6)	6,589
5	81.3	(79.6 , 83.0)	6,809	83.3	(81.9 , 84.7)	7,182
6	82.1	(80.2 , 84.0)	6,468	85.1	(83.2 , 86.9)	6,841
7	83.4	(82.0 , 84.9)	6,374	85.7	(84.3 , 87.1)	6,859
8	84.1	(82.7 , 85.5)	6,490	84.1	(82.3 , 85.9)	6,919
9	85.7	(83.9 , 87.5)	5,936	88.9	(87.0 , 90.8)	6,133
10	85.8	(83.5 , 88.2)	5,876	89.4	(87.4 , 91.5)	6,427

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

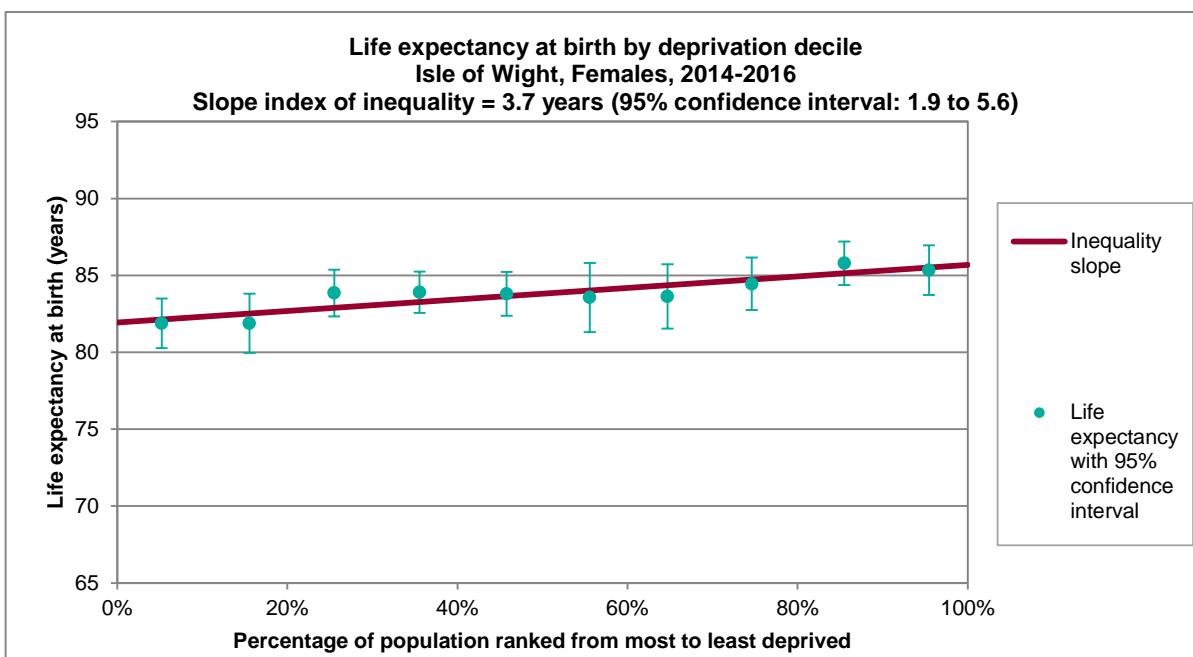
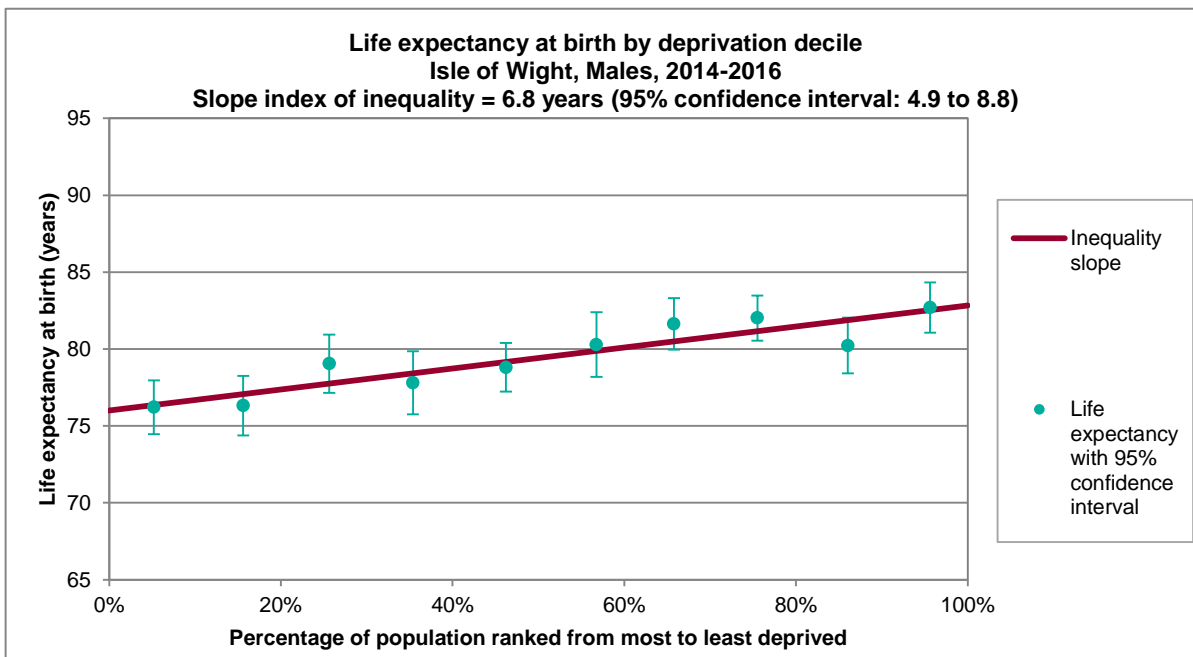
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Isle of Wight (E06000046)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	76.2	(74.5 , 78.0)	7,093	81.9	(80.3 , 83.5)	7,444
2	76.3	(74.4 , 78.3)	7,083	81.9	(80.0 , 83.8)	7,278
3	79.1	(77.2 , 80.9)	6,575	83.9	(82.3 , 85.4)	6,929
4	77.8	(75.8 , 79.9)	6,715	83.9	(82.6 , 85.2)	7,388
5	78.8	(77.2 , 80.4)	8,044	83.8	(82.4 , 85.2)	7,210
6	80.3	(78.2 , 82.4)	6,321	83.6	(81.3 , 85.8)	6,717
7	81.6	(80.0 , 83.3)	5,980	83.6	(81.5 , 85.7)	6,330
8	82.0	(80.6 , 83.5)	7,262	84.5	(82.7 , 86.2)	7,801
9	80.2	(78.4 , 82.0)	7,109	85.8	(84.4 , 87.2)	7,709
10	82.7	(81.1 , 84.3)	5,952	85.3	(83.7 , 87.0)	6,491

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

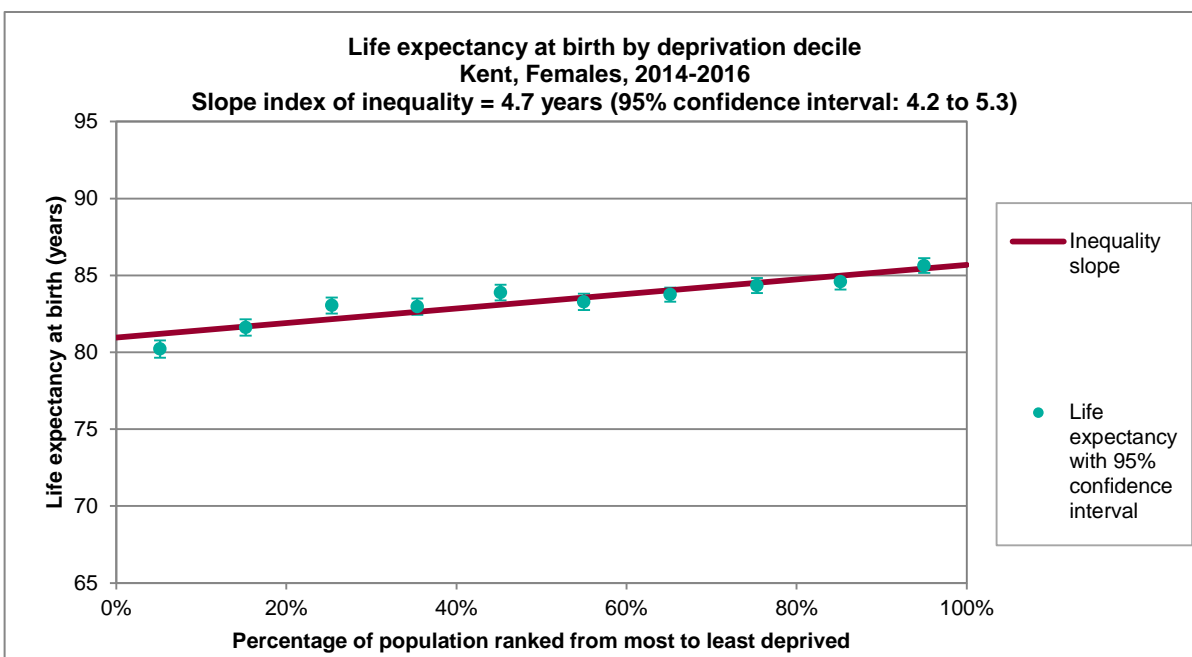
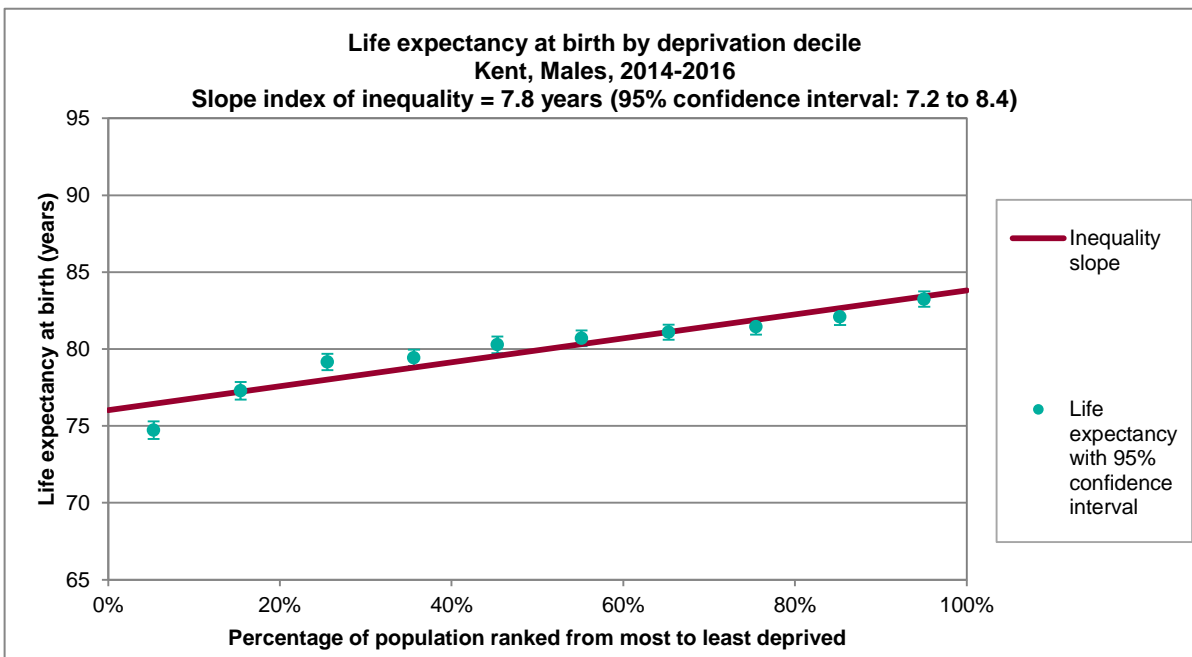
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Kent (E10000016)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.7	(74.2 , 75.3)	79,076	80.2	(79.7 , 80.8)	79,976
2	77.3	(76.7 , 77.9)	72,523	81.6	(81.1 , 82.2)	76,661
3	79.2	(78.6 , 79.7)	78,701	83.0	(82.5 , 83.6)	80,748
4	79.4	(78.9 , 80.0)	72,162	83.0	(82.4 , 83.5)	75,807
5	80.3	(79.7 , 80.8)	73,323	83.9	(83.4 , 84.4)	76,314
6	80.7	(80.2 , 81.2)	73,344	83.3	(82.7 , 83.8)	76,305
7	81.1	(80.6 , 81.6)	78,478	83.8	(83.3 , 84.2)	81,613
8	81.5	(80.9 , 82.0)	73,695	84.3	(83.9 , 84.8)	77,039
9	82.1	(81.6 , 82.6)	72,679	84.6	(84.1 , 85.1)	75,552
10	83.2	(82.7 , 83.7)	74,043	85.6	(85.2 , 86.1)	77,616

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

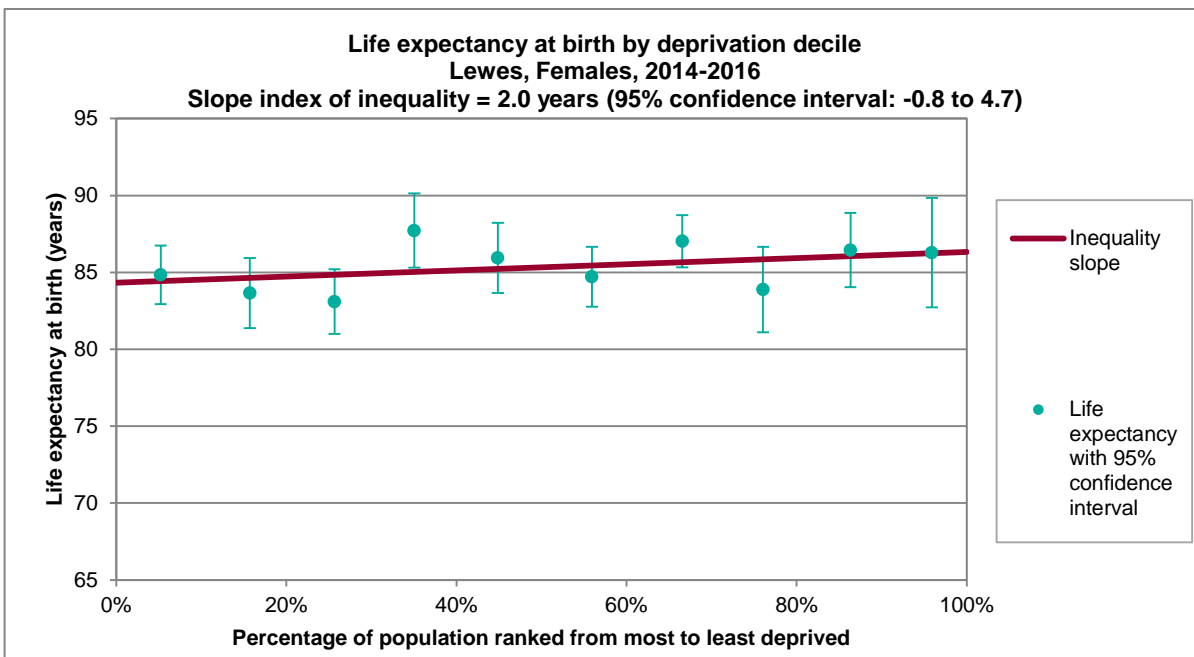
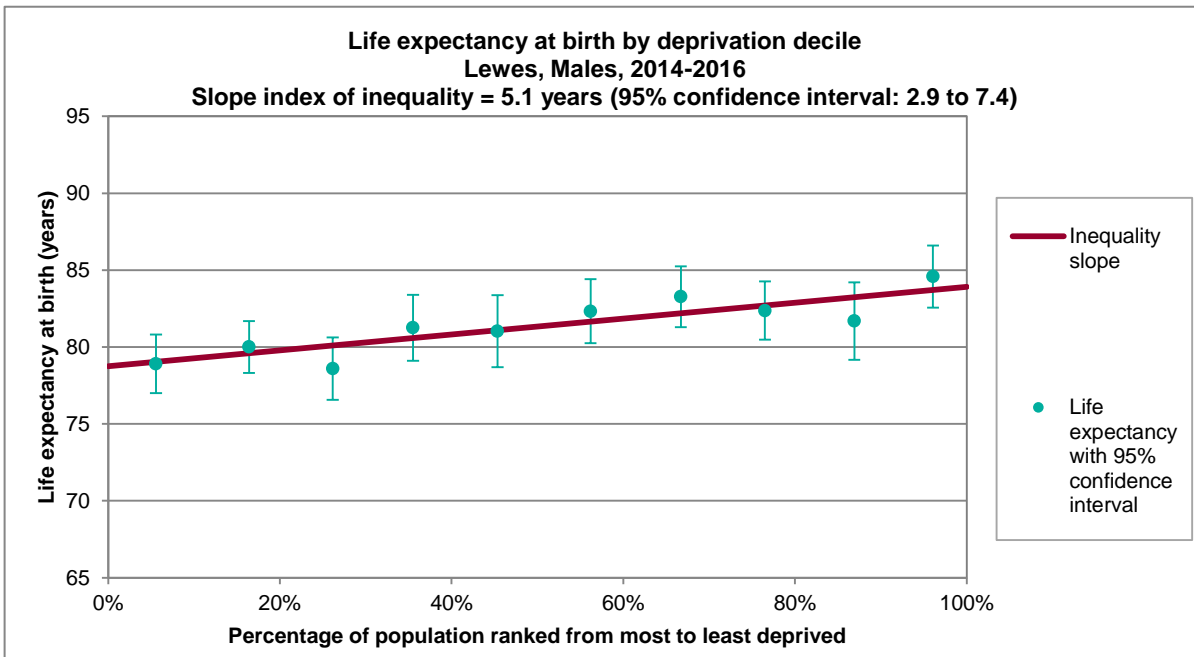
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Lewes (E07000063)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.9	(77.0 , 80.8)	5,440	84.8	(82.9 , 86.7)	5,406
2	80.0	(78.3 , 81.7)	5,179	83.7	(81.4 , 85.9)	5,457
3	78.6	(76.6 , 80.6)	4,371	83.1	(81.0 , 85.2)	4,858
4	81.3	(79.1 , 83.4)	4,778	87.7	(85.3 , 90.1)	4,867
5	81.0	(78.7 , 83.4)	4,860	85.9	(83.7 , 88.2)	5,319
6	82.3	(80.3 , 84.4)	5,759	84.7	(82.8 , 86.7)	6,145
7	83.3	(81.3 , 85.2)	4,540	87.0	(85.3 , 88.7)	4,866
8	82.4	(80.5 , 84.3)	5,051	83.9	(81.1 , 86.7)	4,975
9	81.7	(79.2 , 84.2)	5,143	86.5	(84.0 , 88.9)	5,685
10	84.6	(82.6 , 86.6)	3,835	86.3	(82.7 , 89.8)	4,234

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

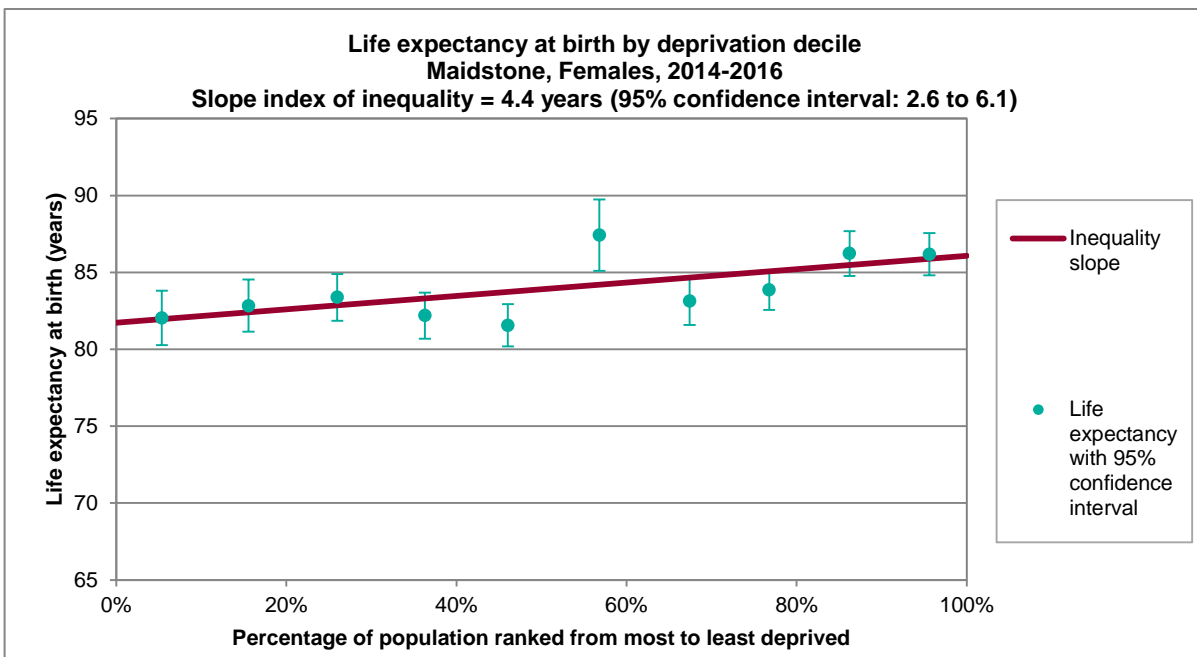
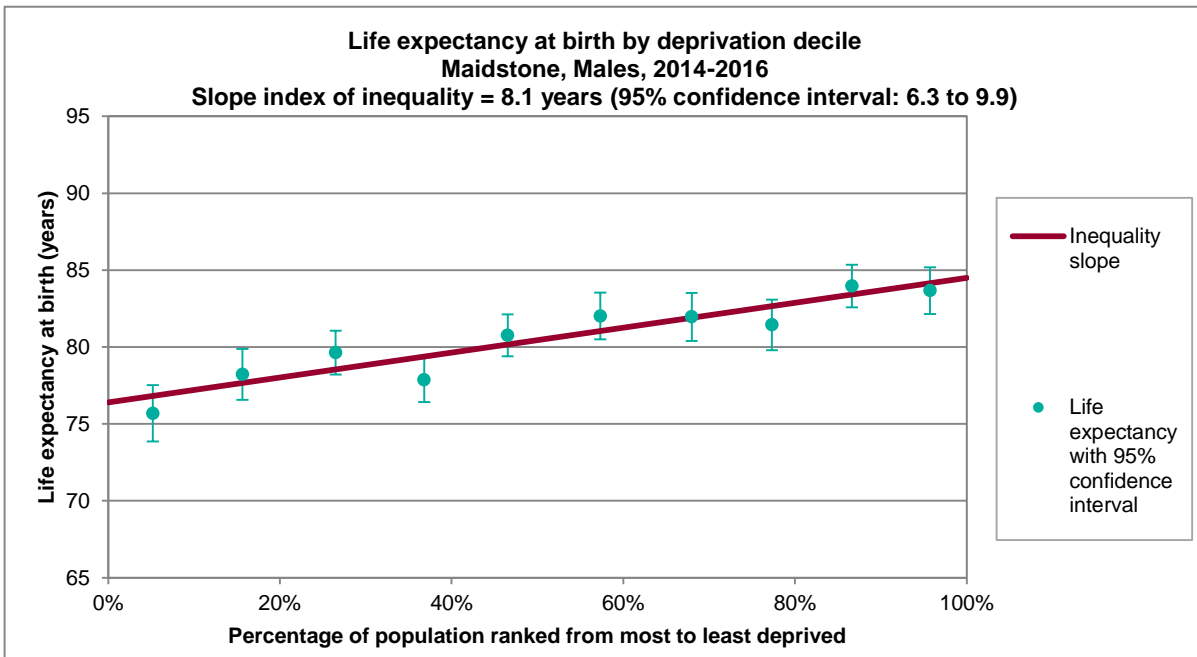
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Maidstone (E07000110)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.7	(73.9 , 77.5)	8,429	82.0	(80.3 , 83.8)	8,906
2	78.2	(76.6 , 79.9)	8,529	82.8	(81.1 , 84.5)	8,021
3	79.6	(78.2 , 81.1)	9,094	83.4	(81.9 , 84.9)	9,314
4	77.9	(76.4 , 79.3)	7,638	82.2	(80.7 , 83.7)	7,806
5	80.8	(79.4 , 82.1)	8,153	81.6	(80.2 , 82.9)	8,413
6	82.0	(80.5 , 83.5)	9,368	87.4	(85.1 , 89.8)	9,458
7	82.0	(80.4 , 83.5)	7,906	83.1	(81.6 , 84.7)	8,170
8	81.4	(79.8 , 83.1)	7,273	83.9	(82.6 , 85.1)	7,373
9	84.0	(82.6 , 85.4)	7,842	86.2	(84.8 , 87.7)	8,332
10	83.7	(82.2 , 85.2)	6,927	86.2	(84.8 , 87.6)	7,274

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

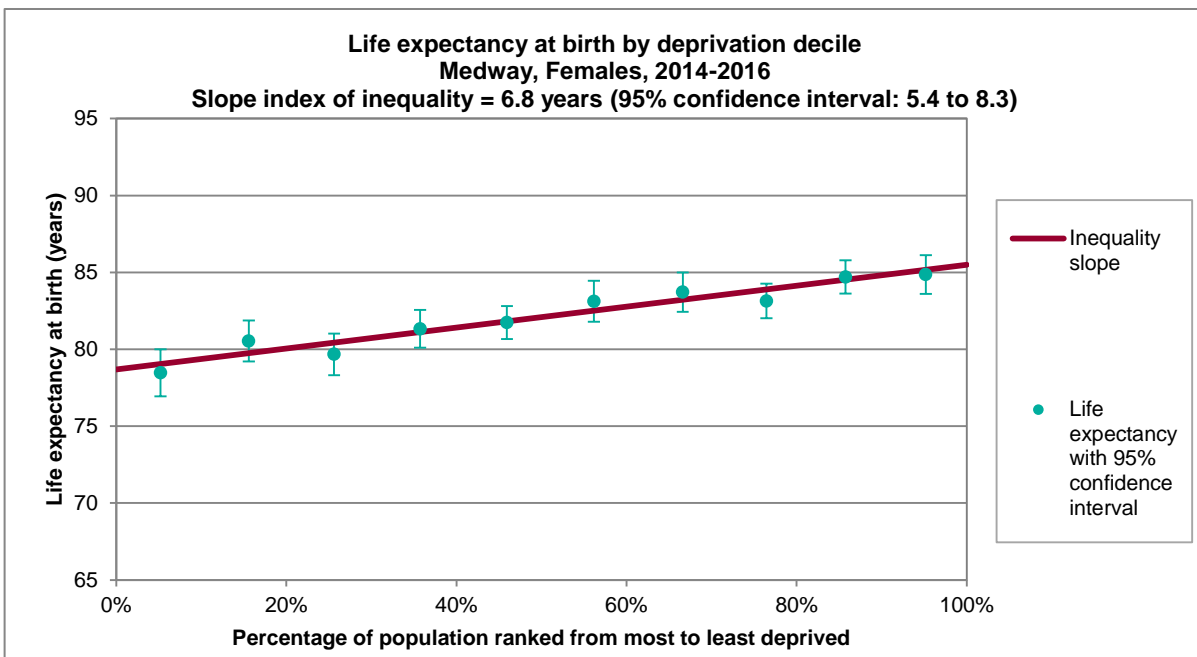
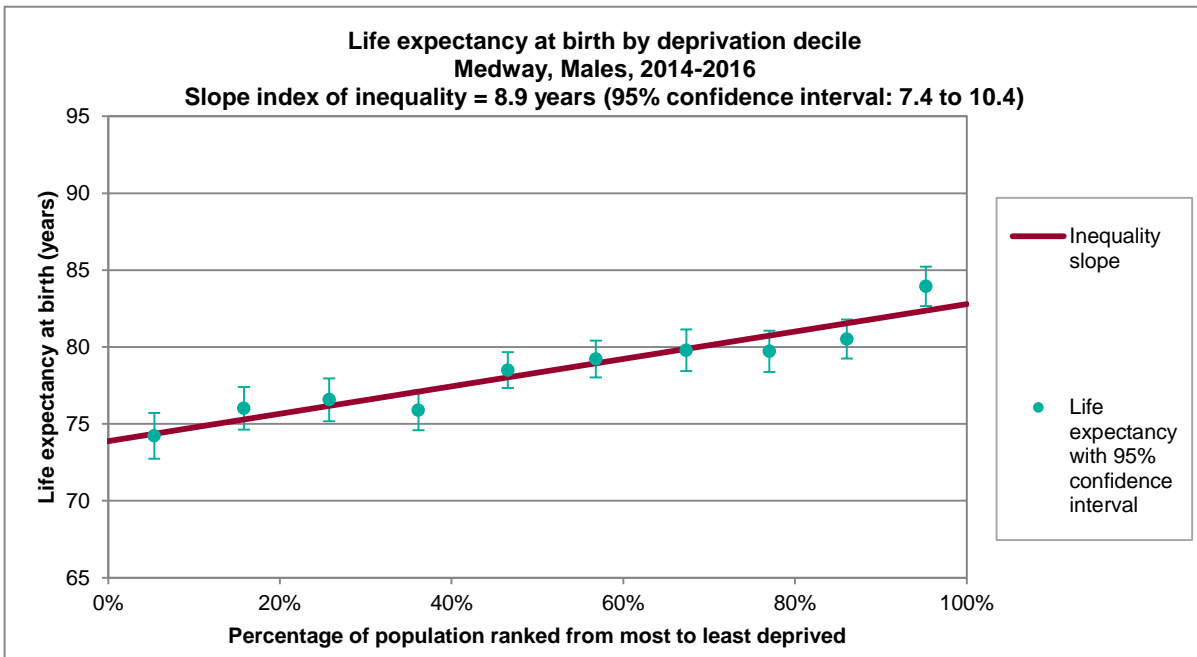
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Medway (E06000035)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.2	(72.7 , 75.7)	14,707	78.5	(76.9 , 80.0)	14,467
2	76.0	(74.6 , 77.4)	13,972	80.5	(79.2 , 81.9)	14,413
3	76.6	(75.2 , 78.0)	13,262	79.7	(78.3 , 81.0)	13,527
4	75.9	(74.6 , 77.2)	15,269	81.3	(80.1 , 82.6)	14,611
5	78.5	(77.3 , 79.7)	13,303	81.7	(80.7 , 82.8)	13,820
6	79.2	(78.0 , 80.4)	14,828	83.1	(81.8 , 84.5)	14,641
7	79.8	(78.4 , 81.1)	14,089	83.7	(82.4 , 85.0)	14,427
8	79.7	(78.4 , 81.1)	12,499	83.1	(82.0 , 84.3)	12,987
9	80.5	(79.3 , 81.8)	12,251	84.7	(83.6 , 85.8)	12,887
10	83.9	(82.7 , 85.2)	13,016	84.9	(83.6 , 86.1)	13,376

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

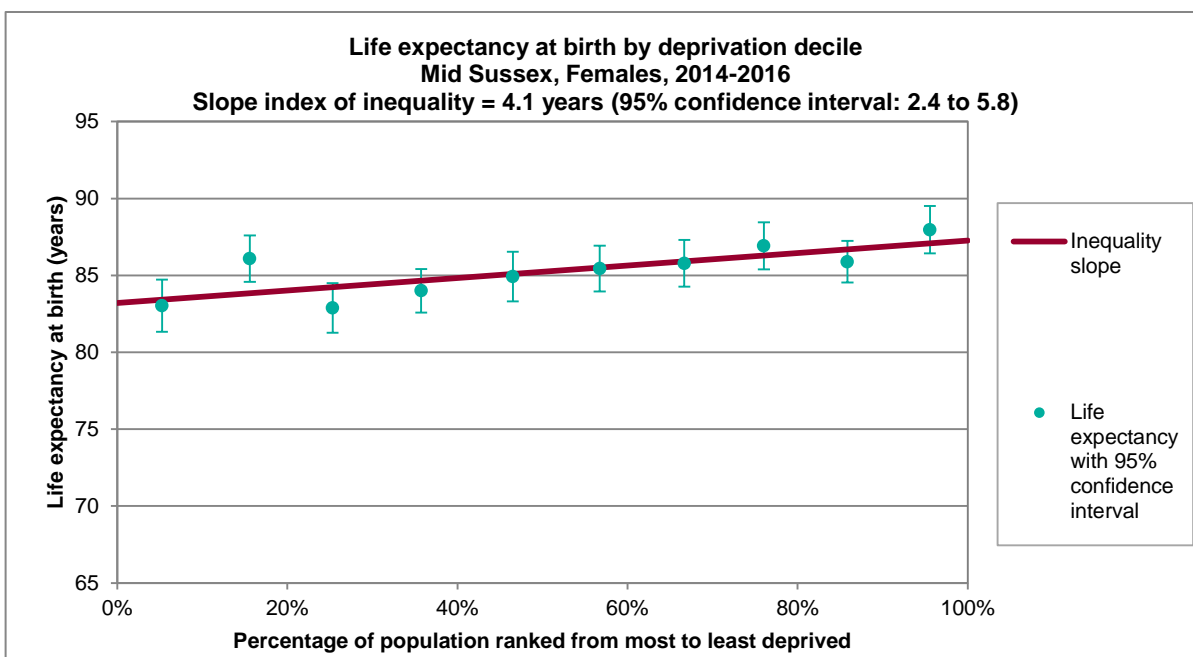
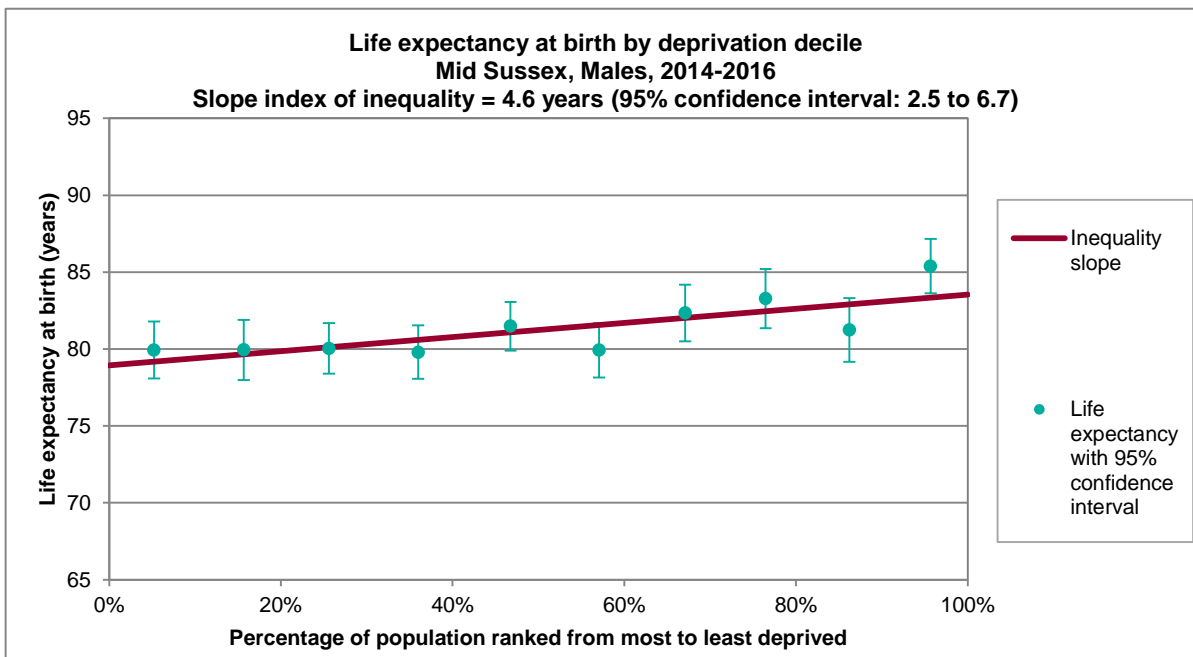
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Mid Sussex (E07000228)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.9	(78.1 , 81.8)	7,437	83.0	(81.3 , 84.7)	7,837
2	80.0	(78.0 , 81.9)	7,443	86.1	(84.6 , 87.6)	7,536
3	80.0	(78.4 , 81.7)	6,684	82.9	(81.3 , 84.5)	6,983
4	79.8	(78.1 , 81.5)	8,124	84.0	(82.6 , 85.4)	8,540
5	81.5	(79.9 , 83.1)	7,188	84.9	(83.3 , 86.5)	7,522
6	79.9	(78.2 , 81.7)	7,500	85.4	(84.0 , 86.9)	7,701
7	82.4	(80.5 , 84.2)	6,787	85.8	(84.3 , 87.3)	7,131
8	83.3	(81.4 , 85.2)	6,555	86.9	(85.4 , 88.5)	6,797
9	81.2	(79.2 , 83.3)	7,338	85.9	(84.5 , 87.2)	7,852
10	85.4	(83.6 , 87.2)	6,141	88.0	(86.4 , 89.5)	6,609

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

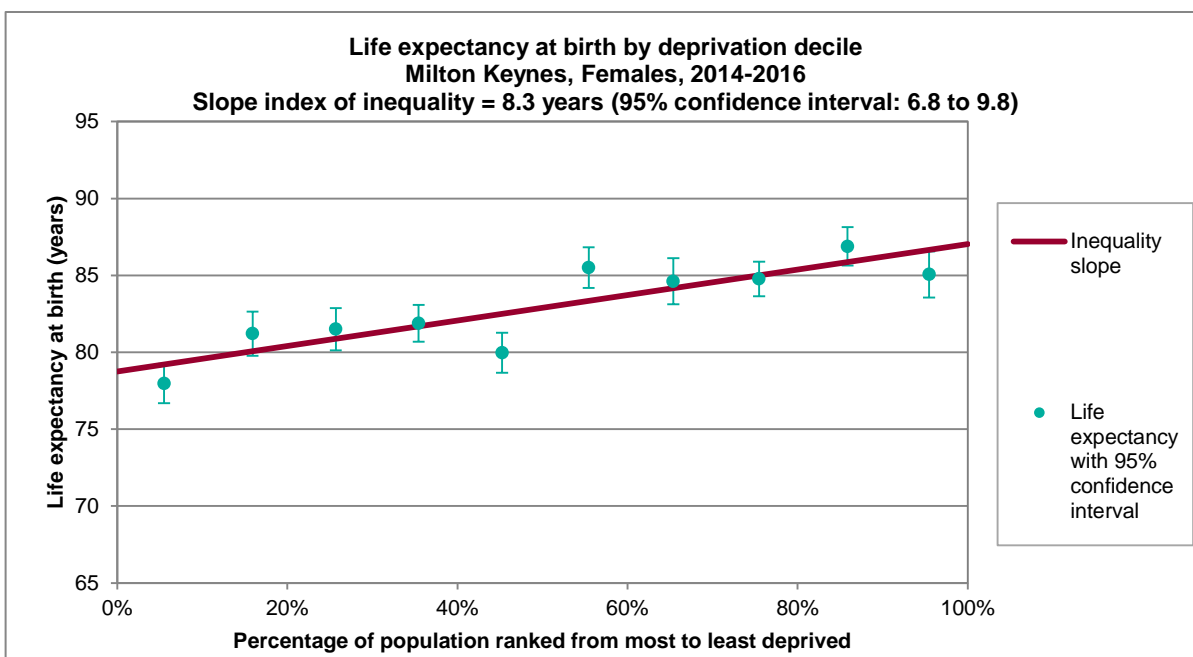
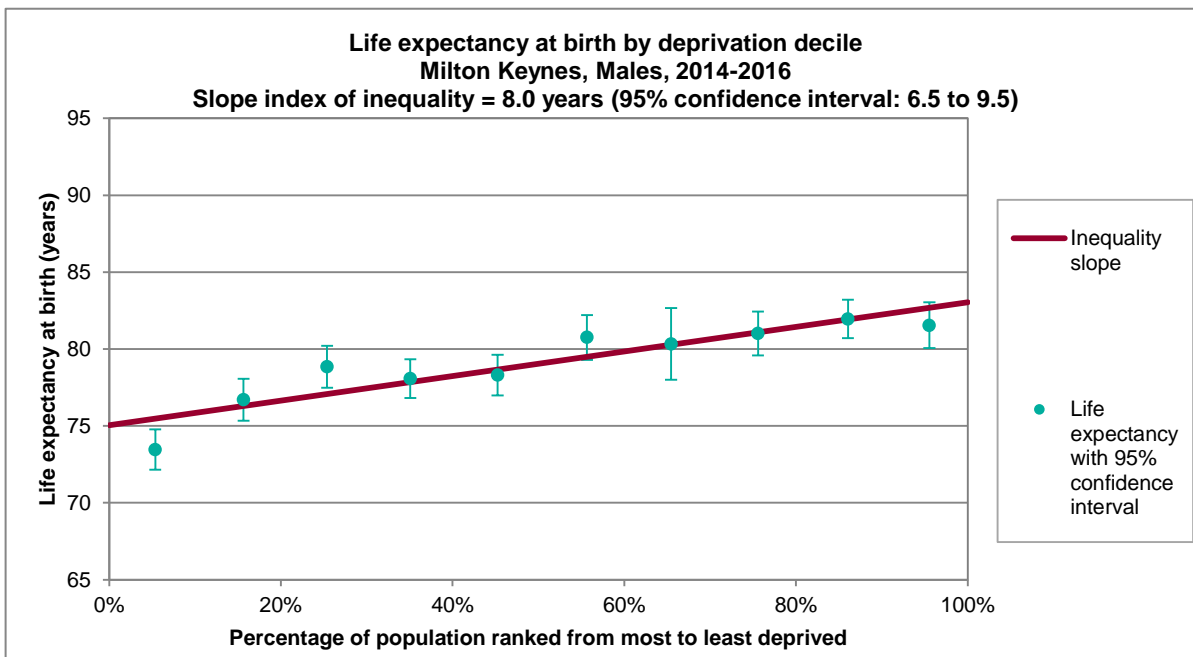
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Milton Keynes (E0600042)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	73.5	(72.2 , 74.8)	13,906	78.0	(76.7 , 79.3)	14,554
2	76.7	(75.3 , 78.1)	12,742	81.2	(79.8 , 82.7)	12,967
3	78.9	(77.5 , 80.2)	12,495	81.5	(80.1 , 82.9)	12,893
4	78.1	(76.8 , 79.3)	12,632	81.9	(80.7 , 83.1)	12,866
5	78.3	(77.0 , 79.6)	13,743	80.0	(78.7 , 81.3)	13,094
6	80.8	(79.3 , 82.2)	13,242	85.5	(84.2 , 86.8)	13,834
7	80.3	(78.0 , 82.7)	12,149	84.6	(83.1 , 86.1)	12,478
8	81.0	(79.6 , 82.4)	14,114	84.8	(83.6 , 85.9)	14,189
9	82.0	(80.7 , 83.2)	13,036	86.9	(85.7 , 88.1)	13,342
10	81.5	(80.1 , 83.0)	11,555	85.1	(83.6 , 86.6)	11,996

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

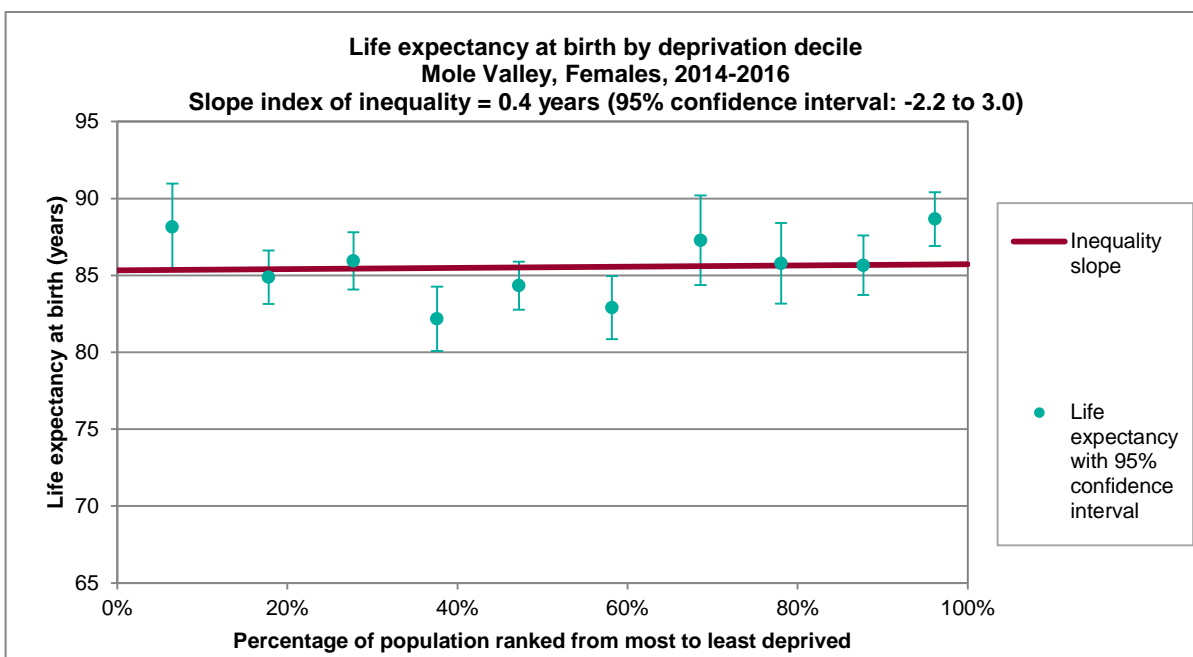
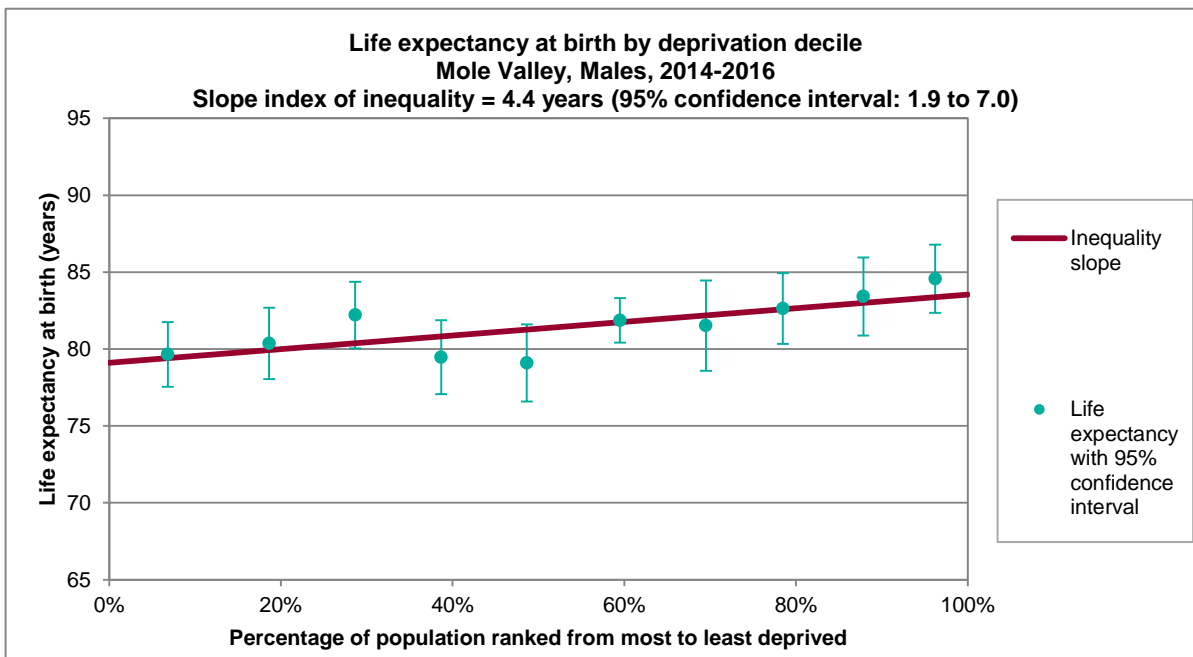
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Mole Valley (E07000210)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.7	(77.6 , 81.7)	5,734	88.2	(85.3 , 91.0)	5,709
2	80.4	(78.0 , 82.7)	4,207	84.9	(83.1 , 86.6)	4,285
3	82.2	(80.1 , 84.4)	4,224	85.9	(84.1 , 87.8)	4,512
4	79.5	(77.1 , 81.9)	4,192	82.2	(80.1 , 84.3)	4,171
5	79.1	(76.6 , 81.6)	4,212	84.3	(82.8 , 85.9)	4,320
6	81.9	(80.4 , 83.3)	4,914	82.9	(80.9 , 85.0)	5,344
7	81.5	(78.6 , 84.5)	3,513	87.3	(84.4 , 90.2)	3,847
8	82.6	(80.3 , 84.9)	4,026	85.8	(83.2 , 88.4)	4,510
9	83.4	(80.9 , 86.0)	3,860	85.7	(83.7 , 87.6)	4,025
10	84.6	(82.4 , 86.8)	3,181	88.7	(86.9 , 90.4)	3,399

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

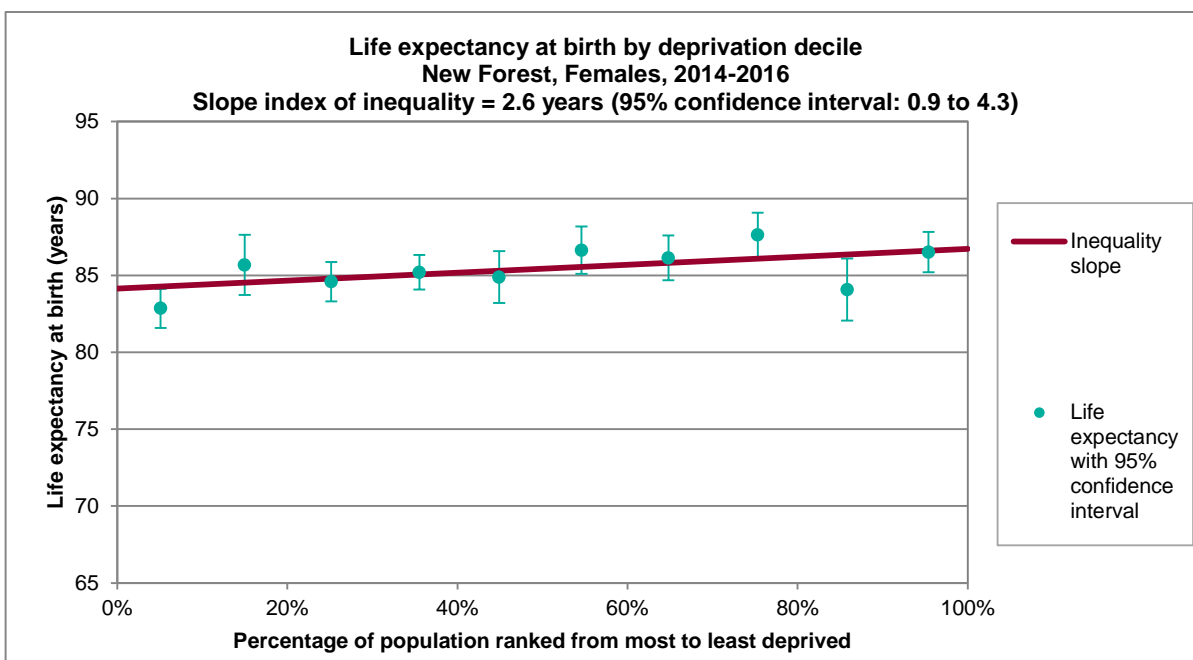
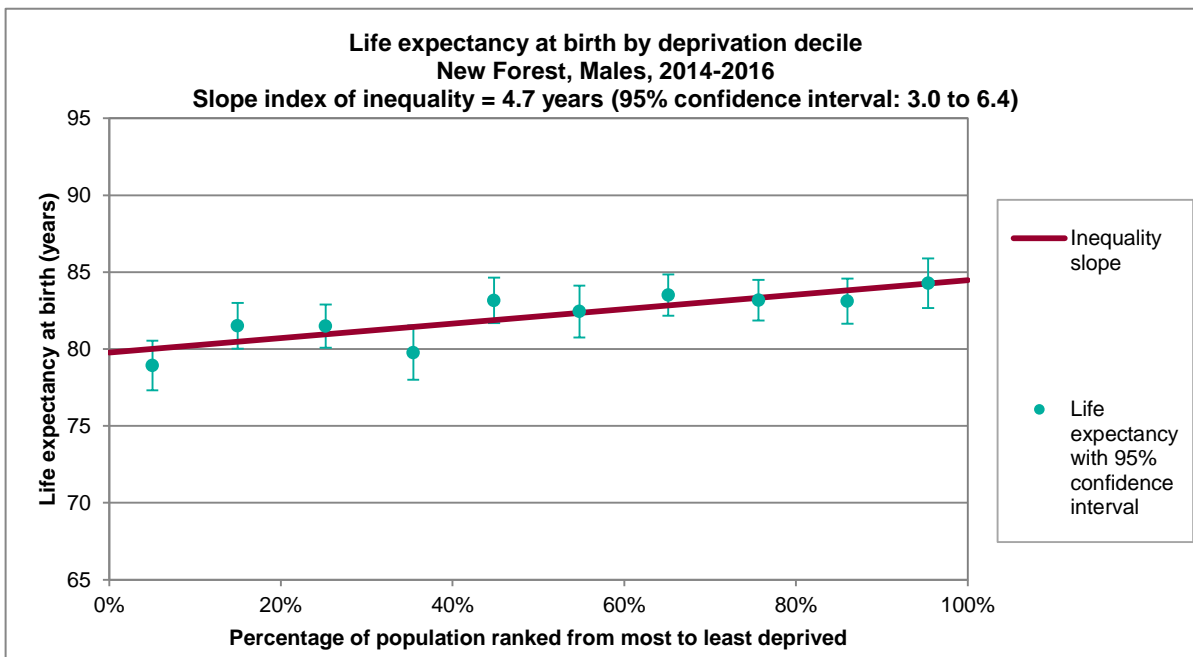
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

New Forest (E07000091)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.9	(77.3 , 80.5)	8,654	82.9	(81.6 , 84.1)	9,463
2	81.5	(80.0 , 83.0)	8,456	85.7	(83.7 , 87.6)	8,909
3	81.5	(80.1 , 82.9)	9,206	84.6	(83.3 , 85.9)	10,016
4	79.8	(78.0 , 81.5)	8,373	85.2	(84.1 , 86.3)	9,258
5	83.2	(81.7 , 84.6)	7,820	84.9	(83.2 , 86.6)	8,182
6	82.4	(80.8 , 84.1)	9,309	86.6	(85.1 , 88.2)	9,816
7	83.5	(82.2 , 84.8)	8,530	86.1	(84.7 , 87.6)	9,191
8	83.2	(81.9 , 84.5)	9,566	87.6	(86.2 , 89.1)	10,322
9	83.1	(81.7 , 84.6)	8,274	84.1	(82.1 , 86.1)	9,241
10	84.3	(82.7 , 85.9)	7,925	86.5	(85.2 , 87.8)	8,548

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

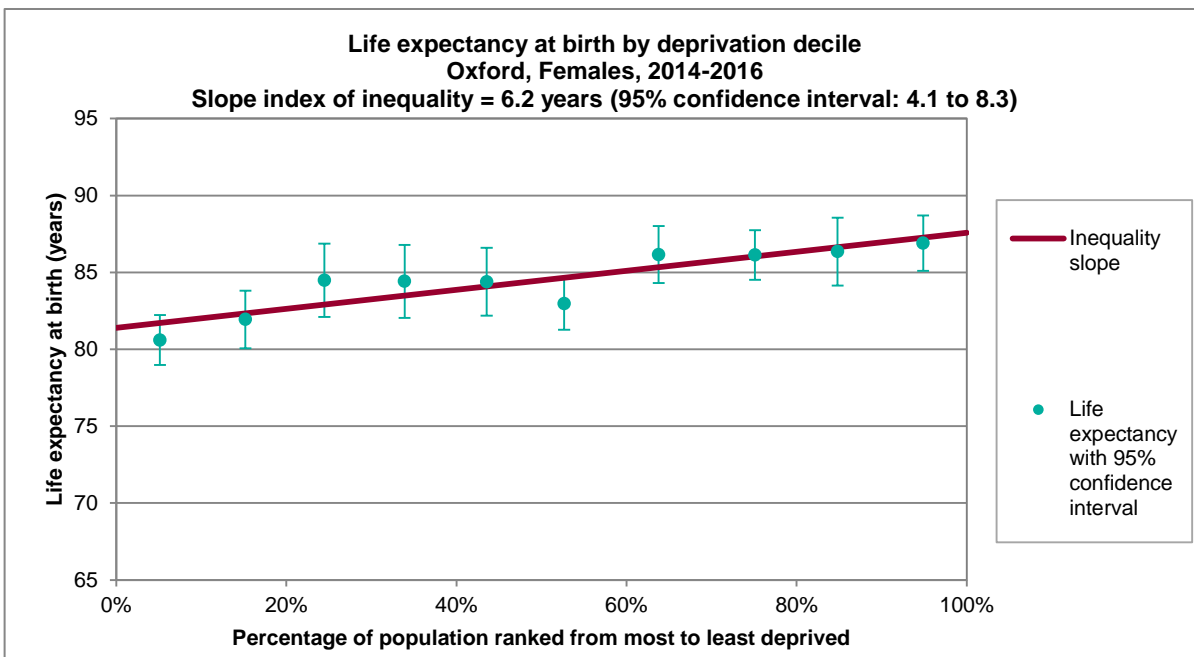
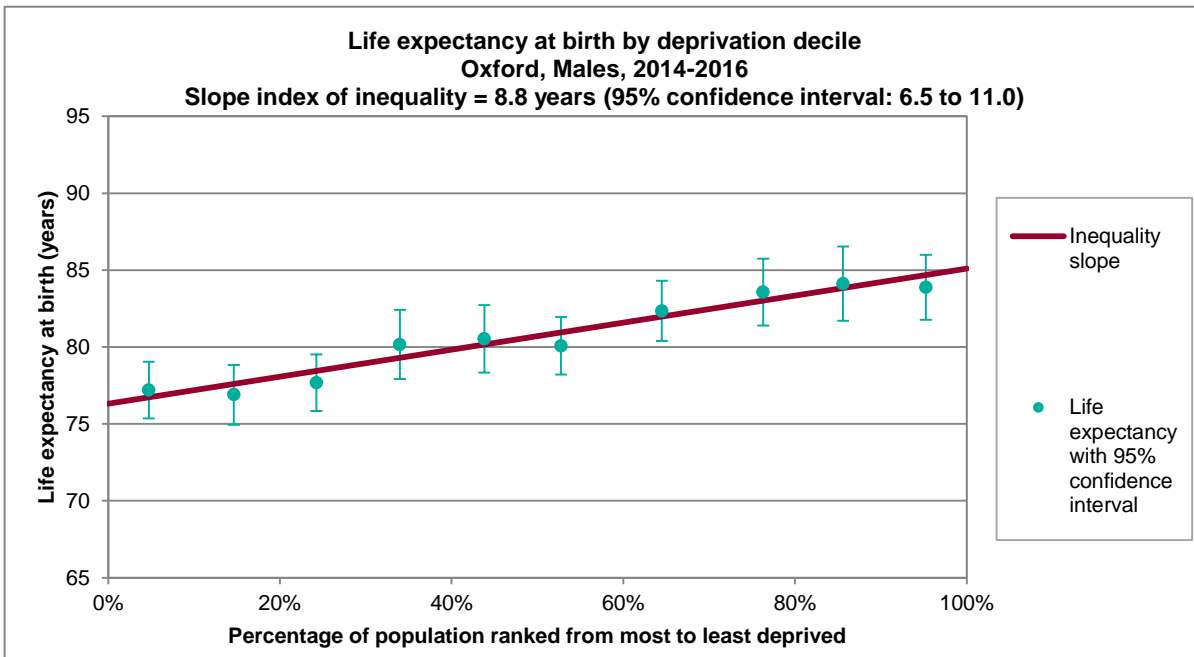
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Oxford (E07000178)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.2	(75.4 , 79.1)	7,653	80.6	(79.0 , 82.2)	8,078
2	76.9	(75.0 , 78.8)	8,346	81.9	(80.1 , 83.8)	7,759
3	77.7	(75.8 , 79.5)	7,226	84.5	(82.1 , 86.9)	6,868
4	80.2	(77.9 , 82.4)	8,492	84.4	(82.1 , 86.8)	7,991
5	80.5	(78.3 , 82.7)	7,413	84.4	(82.2 , 86.6)	7,213
6	80.1	(78.2 , 82.0)	7,043	83.0	(81.3 , 84.6)	7,140
7	82.4	(80.4 , 84.3)	11,963	86.2	(84.3 , 88.0)	10,365
8	83.6	(81.4 , 85.7)	7,122	86.1	(84.5 , 87.7)	7,491
9	84.1	(81.7 , 86.5)	7,922	86.4	(84.2 , 88.6)	7,802
10	83.9	(81.8 , 86.0)	7,681	86.9	(85.1 , 88.7)	8,051

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

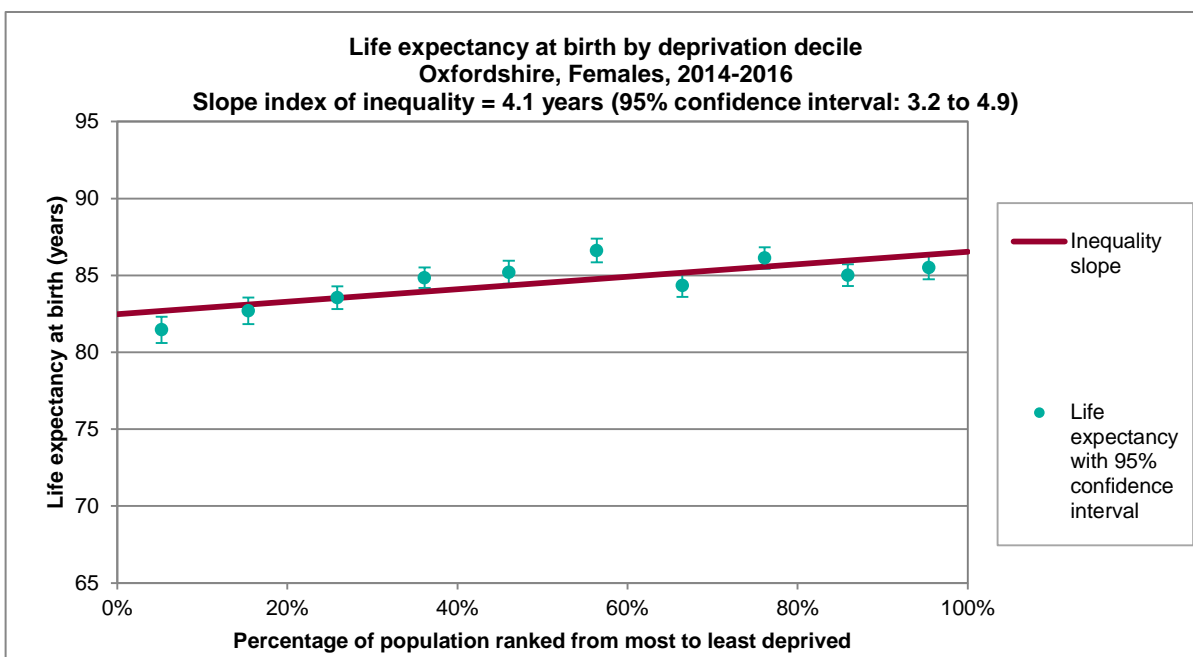
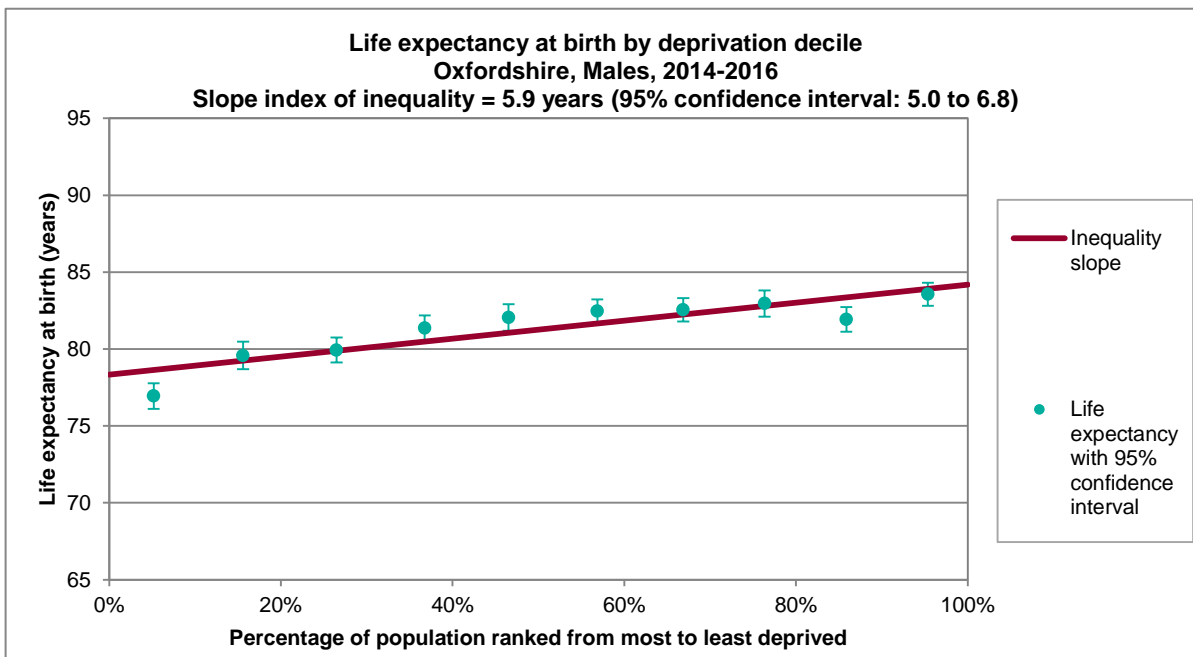
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Oxfordshire (E1000025)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	76.9	(76.1 , 77.8)	34,924	81.5	(80.6 , 82.3)	35,496
2	79.6	(78.7 , 80.5)	35,289	82.7	(81.8 , 83.6)	33,980
3	79.9	(79.1 , 80.8)	38,128	83.5	(82.8 , 84.3)	37,310
4	81.4	(80.5 , 82.2)	31,211	84.9	(84.2 , 85.5)	32,596
5	82.1	(81.2 , 82.9)	34,682	85.2	(84.5 , 86.0)	34,908
6	82.5	(81.7 , 83.2)	34,993	86.6	(85.8 , 87.4)	35,536
7	82.6	(81.8 , 83.3)	32,514	84.3	(83.6 , 85.1)	33,018
8	83.0	(82.1 , 83.8)	31,405	86.1	(85.4 , 86.8)	32,934
9	81.9	(81.1 , 82.7)	32,861	85.0	(84.3 , 85.7)	33,710
10	83.6	(82.8 , 84.3)	31,214	85.5	(84.8 , 86.3)	31,124

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

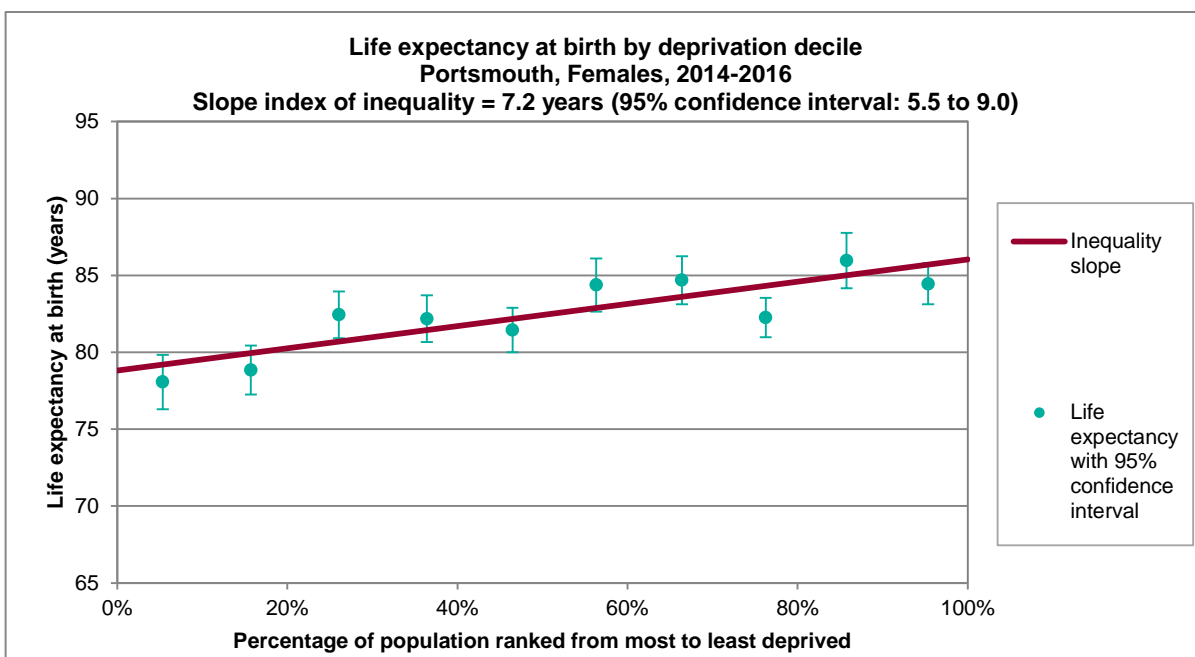
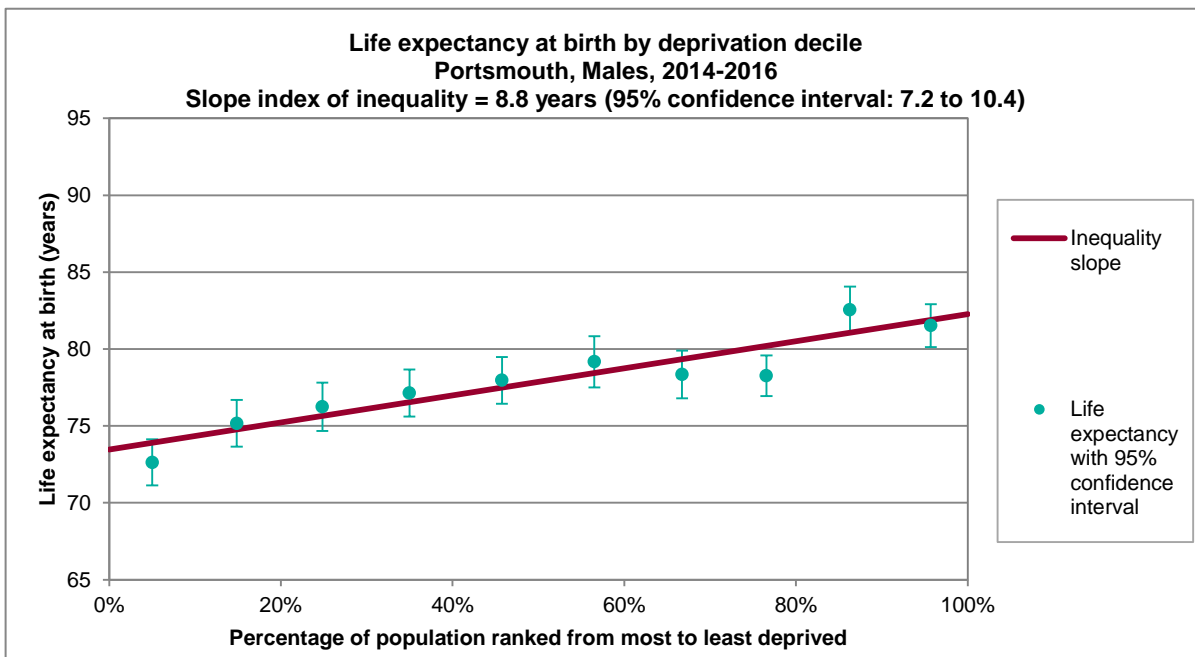
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Portsmouth (E0600044)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	72.6	(71.1 , 74.1)	10,794	78.1	(76.3 , 79.8)	11,124
2	75.2	(73.7 , 76.7)	10,401	78.8	(77.3 , 80.4)	10,482
3	76.2	(74.7 , 77.8)	11,086	82.4	(80.9 , 84.0)	11,091
4	77.1	(75.6 , 78.7)	10,759	82.2	(80.7 , 83.7)	10,467
5	78.0	(76.5 , 79.5)	12,456	81.5	(80.0 , 82.9)	10,508
6	79.2	(77.5 , 80.8)	10,748	84.4	(82.7 , 86.1)	10,011
7	78.4	(76.8 , 79.9)	11,255	84.7	(83.1 , 86.3)	10,997
8	78.3	(77.0 , 79.6)	9,914	82.3	(81.0 , 83.5)	9,530
9	82.6	(81.1 , 84.1)	11,039	86.0	(84.2 , 87.8)	10,301
10	81.5	(80.1 , 82.9)	9,250	84.5	(83.1 , 85.8)	9,679

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

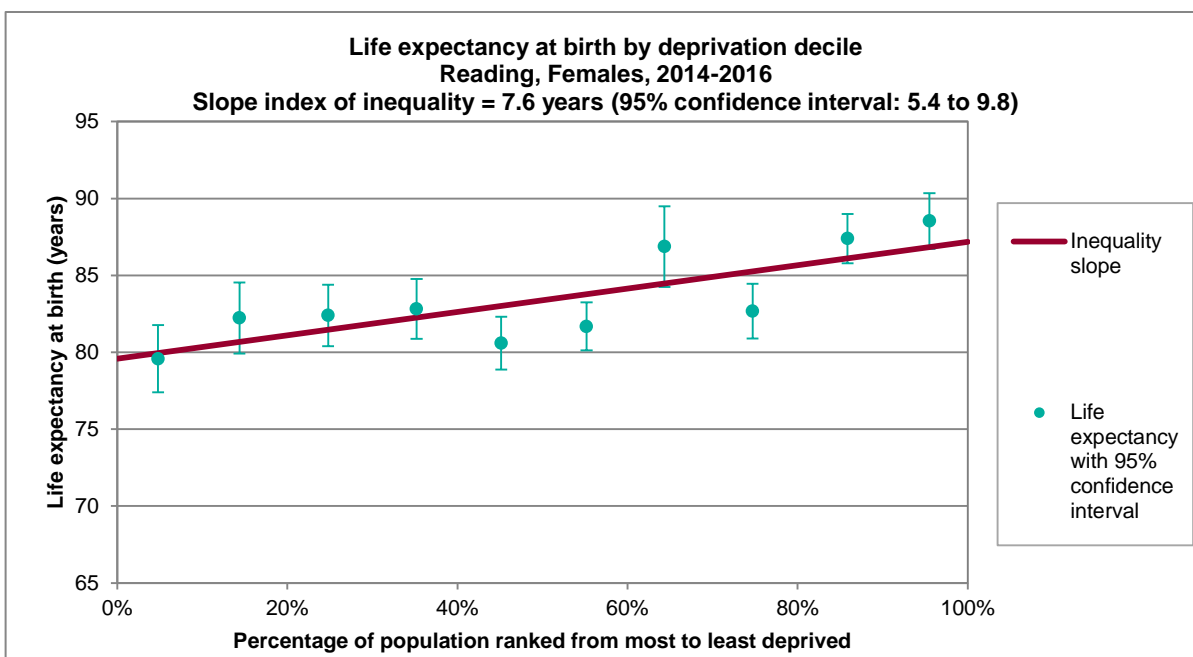
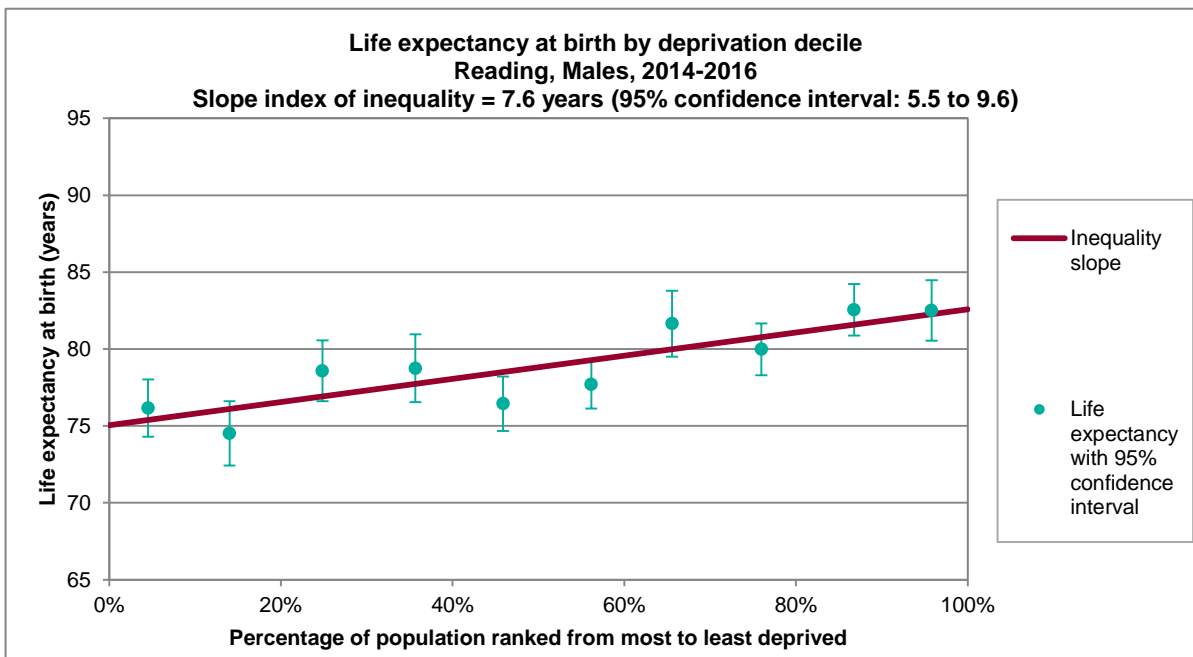
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Reading (E06000038)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	76.2	(74.3 , 78.0)	7,391	79.6	(77.4 , 81.8)	7,695
2	74.5	(72.4 , 76.6)	8,042	82.2	(79.9 , 84.5)	7,685
3	78.6	(76.6 , 80.6)	9,594	82.4	(80.4 , 84.4)	9,054
4	78.8	(76.5 , 81.0)	8,057	82.8	(80.9 , 84.8)	7,638
5	76.5	(74.7 , 78.2)	8,574	80.6	(78.9 , 82.3)	8,352
6	77.7	(76.1 , 79.3)	8,155	81.7	(80.1 , 83.2)	7,759
7	81.7	(79.5 , 83.8)	7,179	86.9	(84.2 , 89.5)	6,959
8	80.0	(78.3 , 81.7)	9,770	82.7	(80.9 , 84.5)	9,692
9	82.6	(80.9 , 84.2)	7,843	87.4	(85.8 , 89.0)	8,241
10	82.5	(80.5 , 84.5)	6,846	88.5	(86.7 , 90.4)	7,218

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

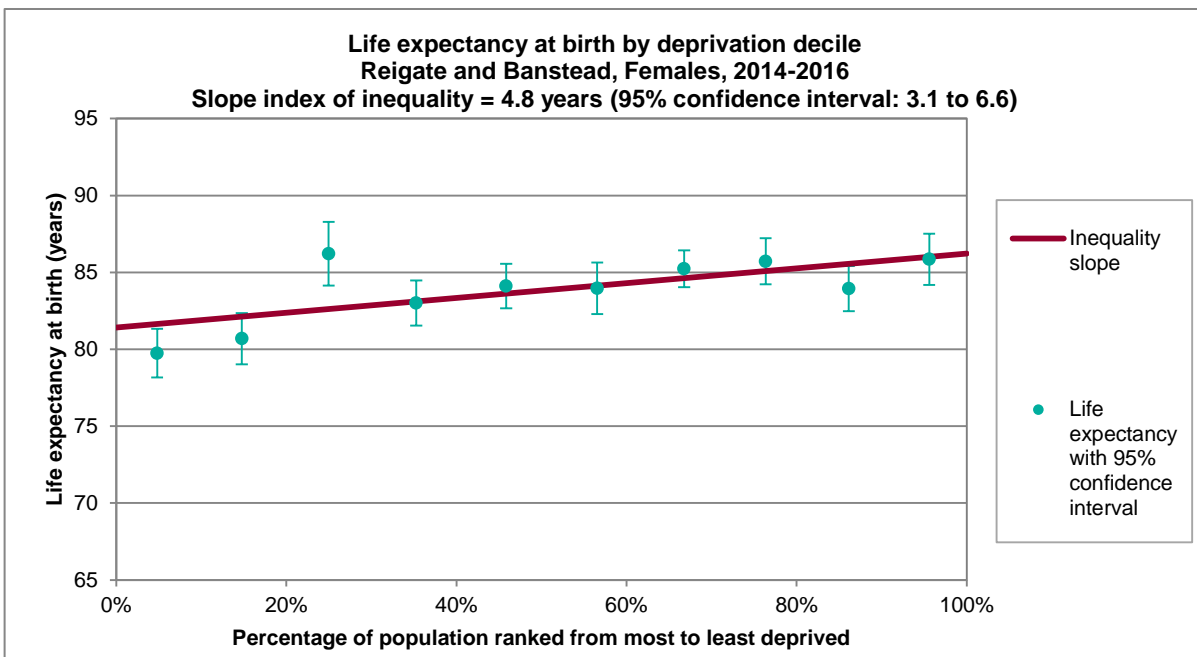
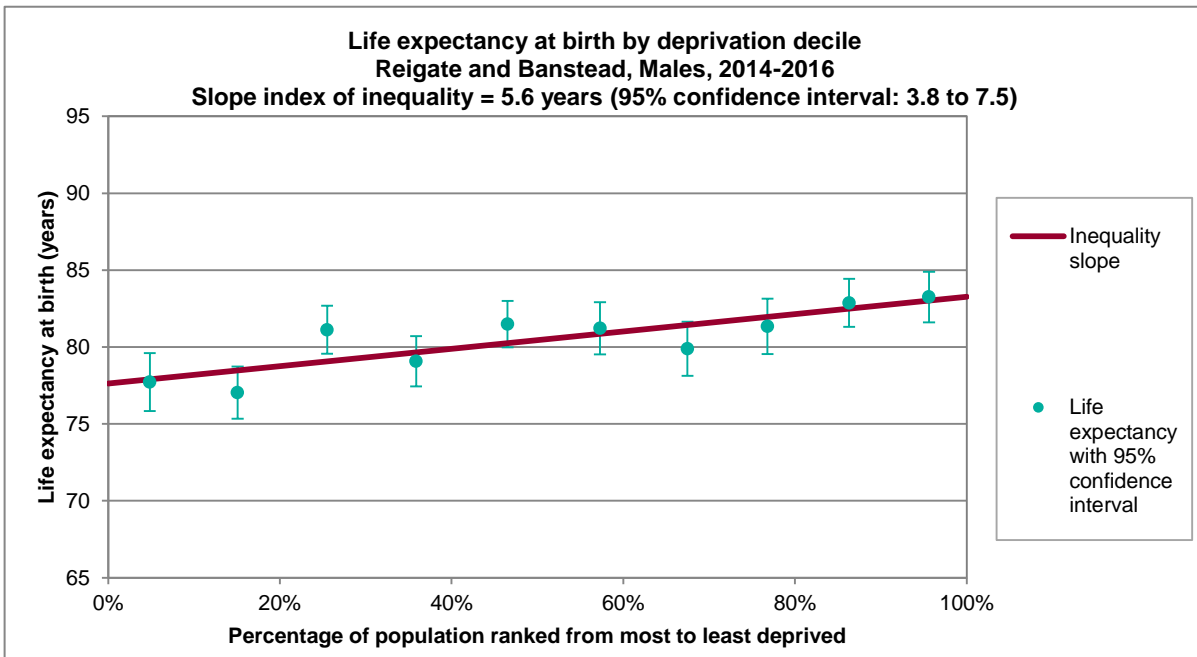
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Reigate and Banstead (E07000211)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.7	(75.8 , 79.6)	6,841	79.8	(78.2 , 81.3)	7,074
2	77.0	(75.3 , 78.7)	7,617	80.7	(79.0 , 82.4)	7,581
3	81.1	(79.6 , 82.7)	7,126	86.2	(84.1 , 88.3)	7,457
4	79.1	(77.4 , 80.7)	7,527	83.0	(81.5 , 84.5)	7,693
5	81.5	(80.0 , 83.0)	7,526	84.1	(82.7 , 85.6)	7,891
6	81.2	(79.5 , 82.9)	7,695	84.0	(82.3 , 85.7)	7,866
7	79.9	(78.1 , 81.6)	6,699	85.2	(84.0 , 86.4)	7,181
8	81.4	(79.6 , 83.2)	6,480	85.7	(84.2 , 87.2)	6,944
9	82.9	(81.3 , 84.4)	6,959	83.9	(82.5 , 85.4)	7,452
10	83.3	(81.6 , 84.9)	6,197	85.9	(84.2 , 87.5)	6,476

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

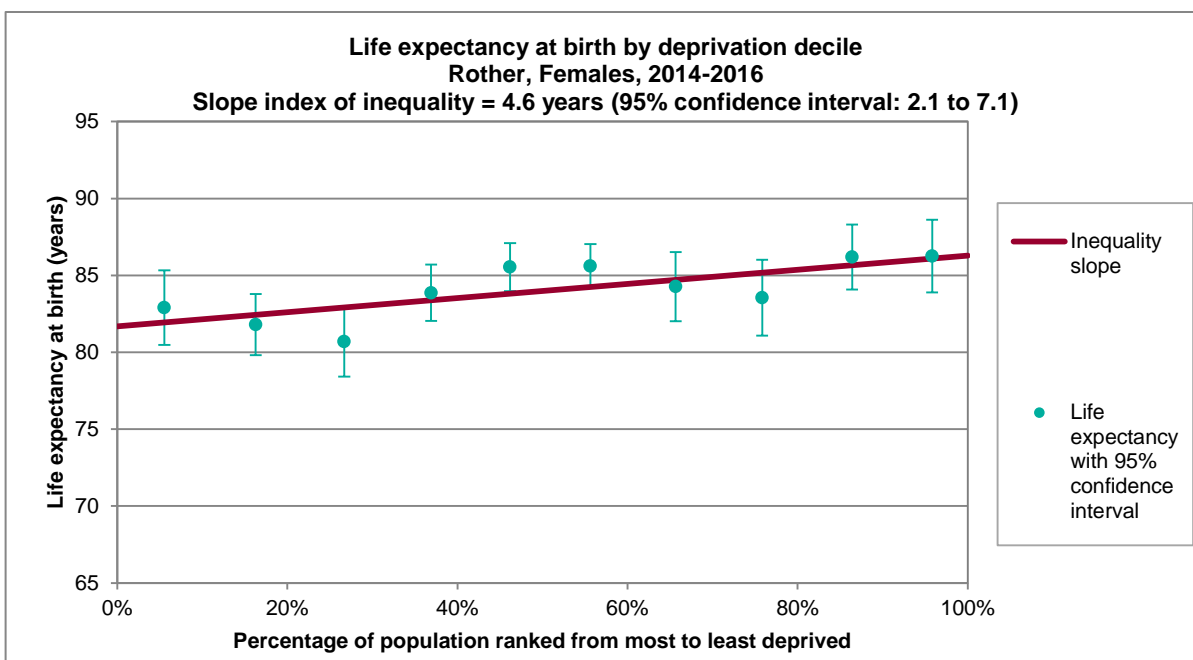
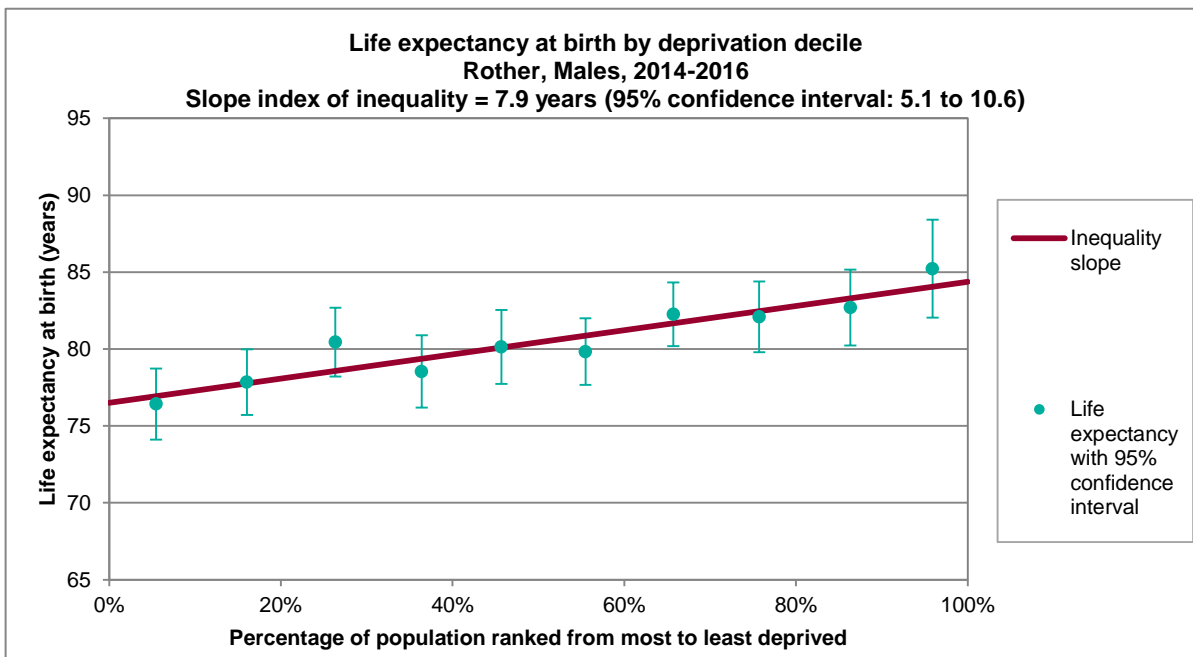
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Rother (E07000064)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	76.4	(74.1 , 78.7)	4,850	82.9	(80.5 , 85.3)	5,351
2	77.8	(75.7 , 80.0)	4,557	81.8	(79.8 , 83.8)	5,056
3	80.4	(78.2 , 82.7)	4,611	80.7	(78.4 , 83.0)	5,023
4	78.5	(76.2 , 80.9)	4,319	83.9	(82.0 , 85.7)	4,871
5	80.1	(77.7 , 82.5)	3,940	85.5	(84.0 , 87.1)	4,112
6	79.8	(77.7 , 82.0)	4,773	85.6	(84.2 , 87.0)	5,039
7	82.3	(80.2 , 84.3)	4,328	84.3	(82.0 , 86.5)	4,671
8	82.1	(79.8 , 84.4)	4,562	83.6	(81.1 , 86.0)	5,182
9	82.7	(80.2 , 85.2)	4,880	86.2	(84.1 , 88.3)	5,062
10	85.2	(82.0 , 88.4)	3,632	86.3	(83.9 , 88.6)	4,044

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

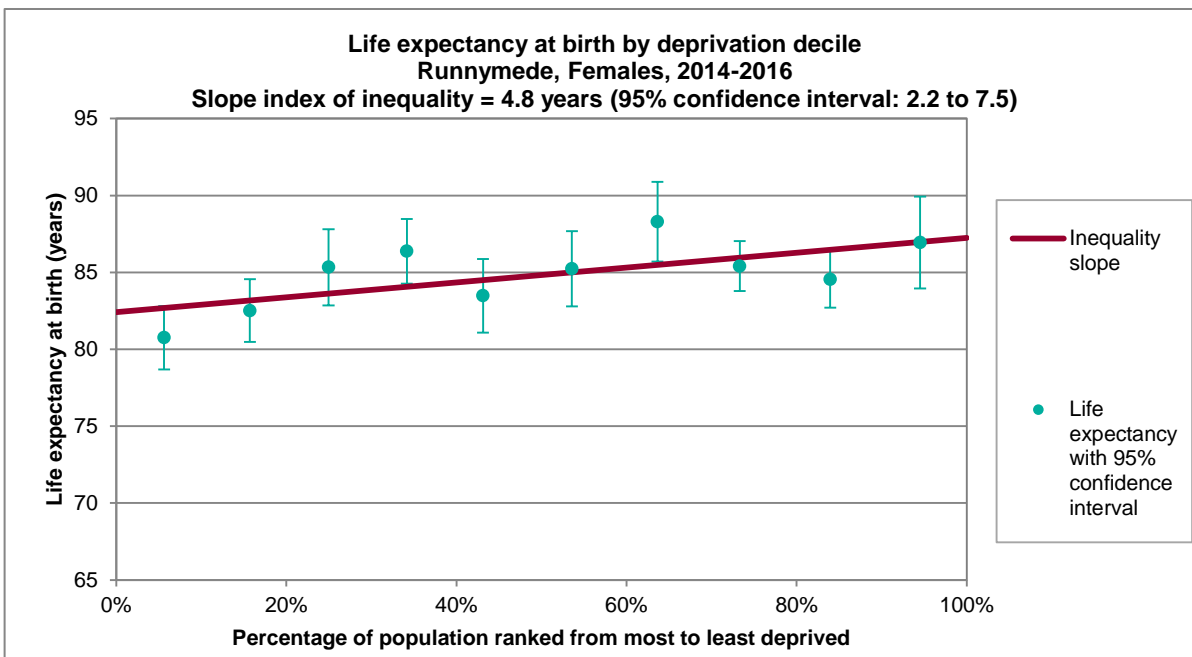
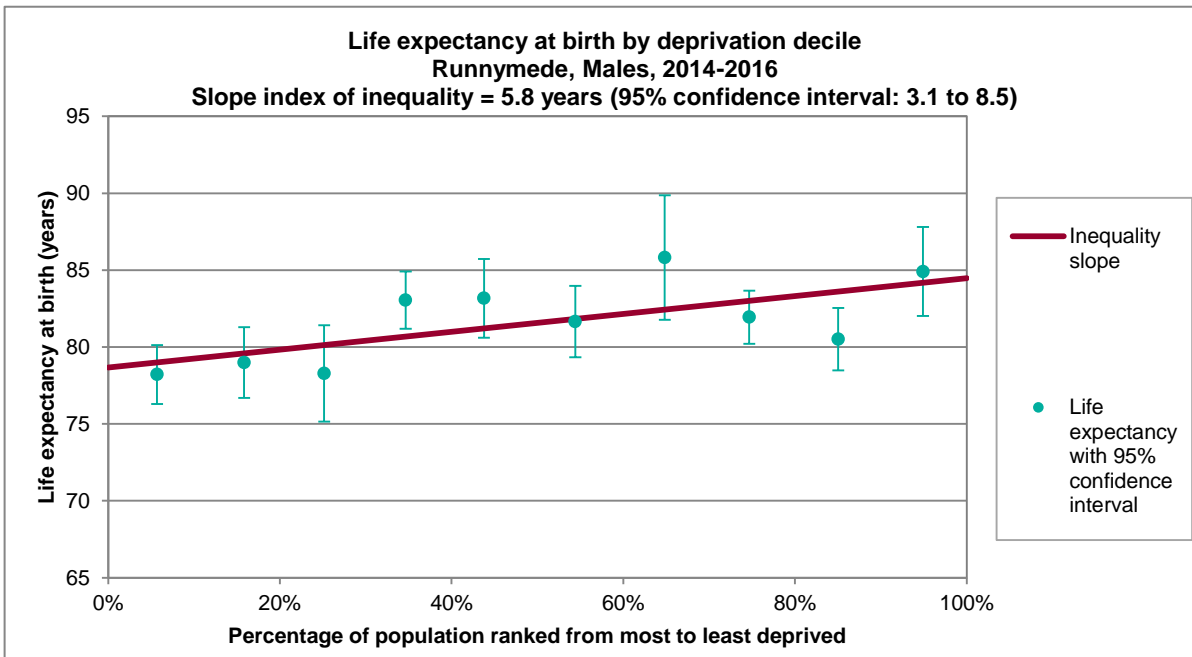
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Runnymede (E07000212)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.2	(76.3 , 80.1)	4,751	80.8	(78.7 , 82.8)	4,933
2	79.0	(76.7 , 81.3)	3,731	82.5	(80.5 , 84.6)	3,932
3	78.3	(75.2 , 81.4)	4,056	85.3	(82.9 , 87.8)	4,189
4	83.1	(81.2 , 84.9)	3,876	86.4	(84.3 , 88.5)	3,891
5	83.2	(80.6 , 85.7)	3,755	83.5	(81.1 , 85.9)	3,976
6	81.7	(79.3 , 84.0)	5,137	85.2	(82.8 , 87.7)	5,203
7	85.8	(81.8 , 89.9)	3,569	88.3	(85.7 , 90.9)	3,630
8	81.9	(80.2 , 83.7)	4,658	85.4	(83.8 , 87.0)	4,870
9	80.5	(78.5 , 82.5)	4,006	84.6	(82.7 , 86.4)	4,470
10	84.9	(82.0 , 87.8)	4,248	87.0	(84.0 , 89.9)	4,810

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

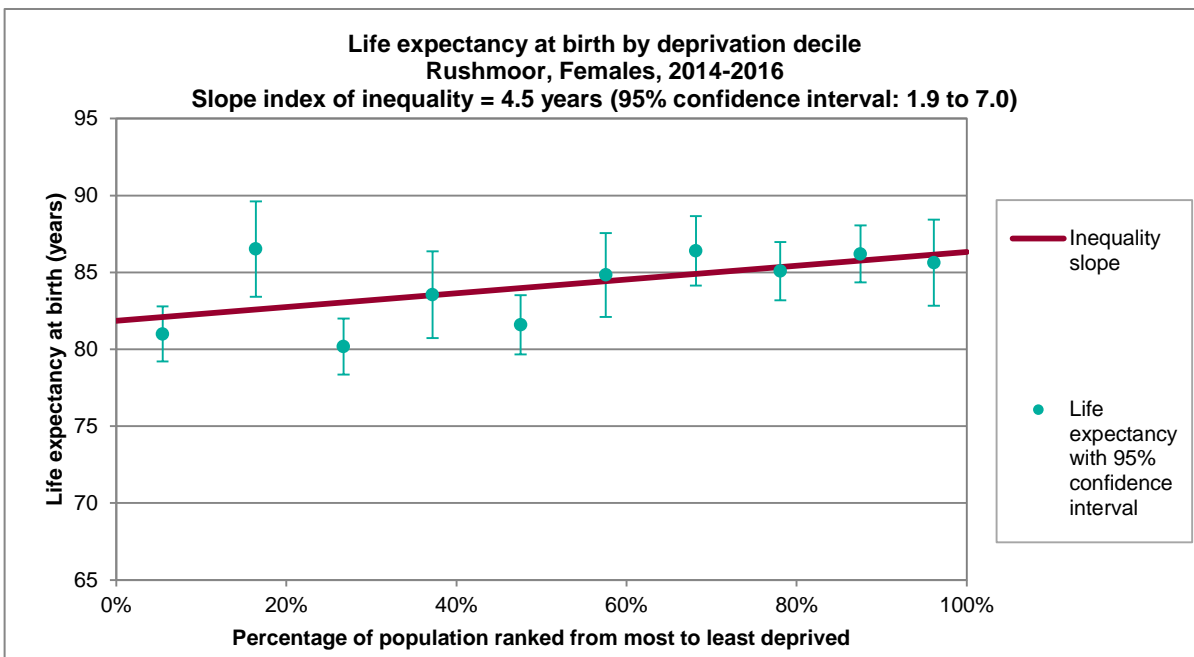
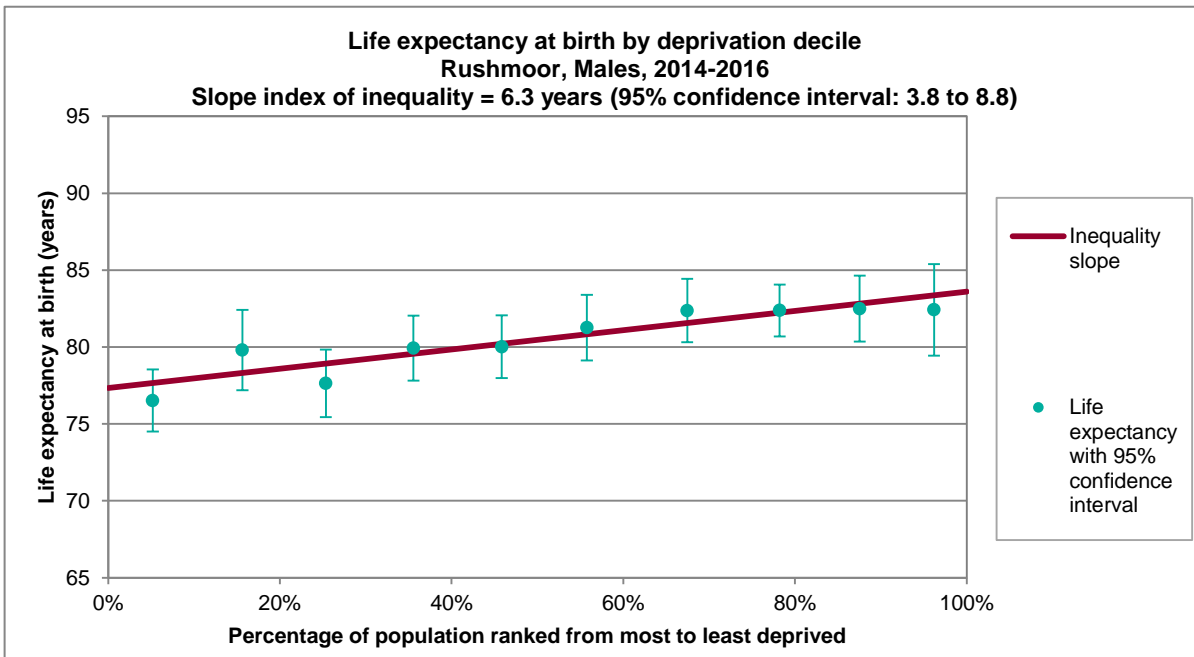
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Rushmoor (E07000092)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	76.5	(74.5 , 78.5)	4,975	81.0	(79.2 , 82.8)	5,190
2	79.8	(77.2 , 82.4)	5,055	86.5	(83.4 , 89.6)	5,252
3	77.6	(75.5 , 79.8)	4,282	80.2	(78.4 , 82.0)	4,583
4	79.9	(77.8 , 82.0)	5,516	83.5	(80.7 , 86.4)	5,393
5	80.0	(78.0 , 82.1)	4,360	81.6	(79.7 , 83.5)	4,479
6	81.3	(79.1 , 83.4)	5,162	84.8	(82.1 , 87.6)	5,061
7	82.4	(80.3 , 84.4)	6,058	86.4	(84.2 , 88.7)	5,033
8	82.4	(80.7 , 84.1)	4,286	85.1	(83.2 , 87.0)	4,435
9	82.5	(80.4 , 84.6)	4,661	86.2	(84.4 , 88.1)	4,552
10	82.4	(79.4 , 85.4)	3,651	85.6	(82.8 , 88.4)	3,671

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

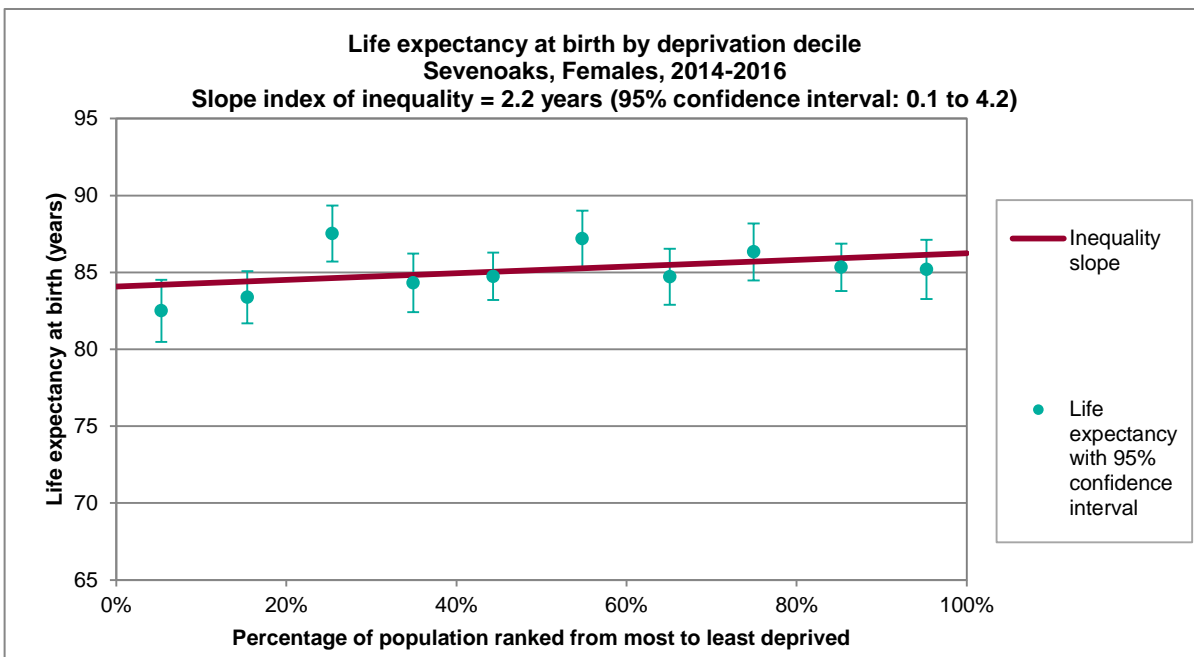
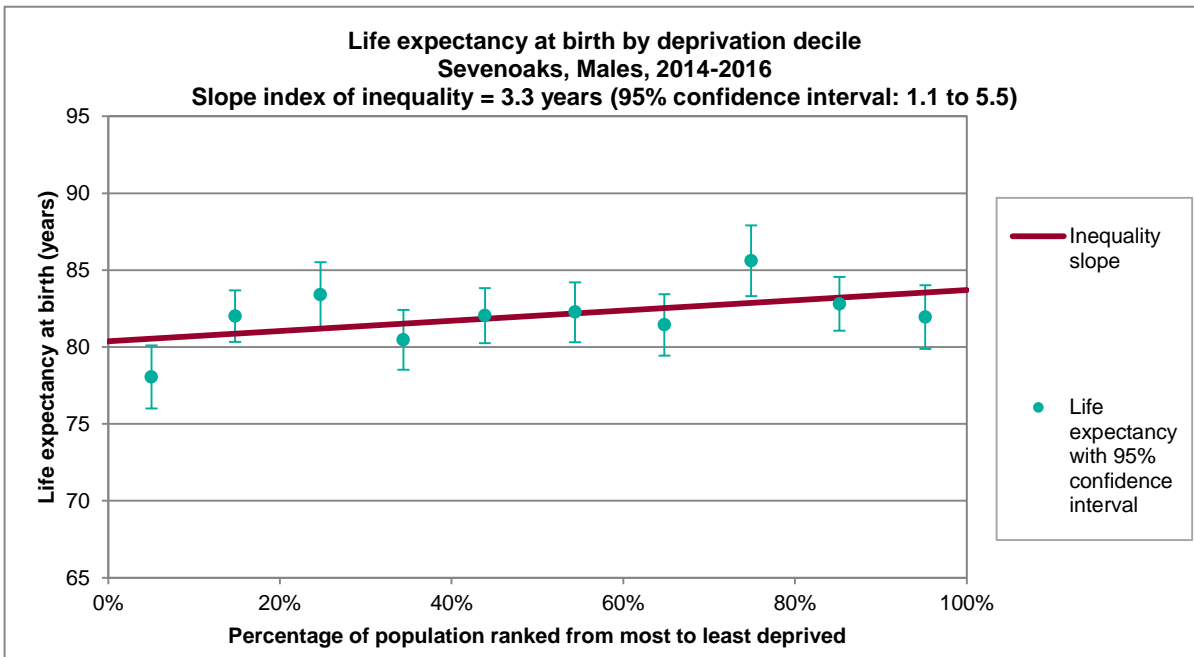
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Sevenoaks (E07000111)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.1	(76.0 , 80.1)	5,784	82.5	(80.5 , 84.5)	6,457
2	82.0	(80.3 , 83.7)	5,403	83.4	(81.7 , 85.1)	5,892
3	83.4	(81.3 , 85.5)	6,018	87.5	(85.7 , 89.4)	6,316
4	80.5	(78.5 , 82.4)	5,069	84.3	(82.4 , 86.2)	5,297
5	82.1	(80.3 , 83.8)	5,840	84.7	(83.2 , 86.3)	6,177
6	82.3	(80.3 , 84.2)	6,222	87.2	(85.4 , 89.0)	6,623
7	81.4	(79.4 , 83.4)	5,733	84.7	(82.9 , 86.5)	5,930
8	85.6	(83.3 , 87.9)	5,867	86.3	(84.5 , 88.2)	6,108
9	82.8	(81.1 , 84.6)	5,948	85.3	(83.8 , 86.9)	6,476
10	81.9	(79.9 , 84.0)	5,533	85.2	(83.3 , 87.1)	5,761

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

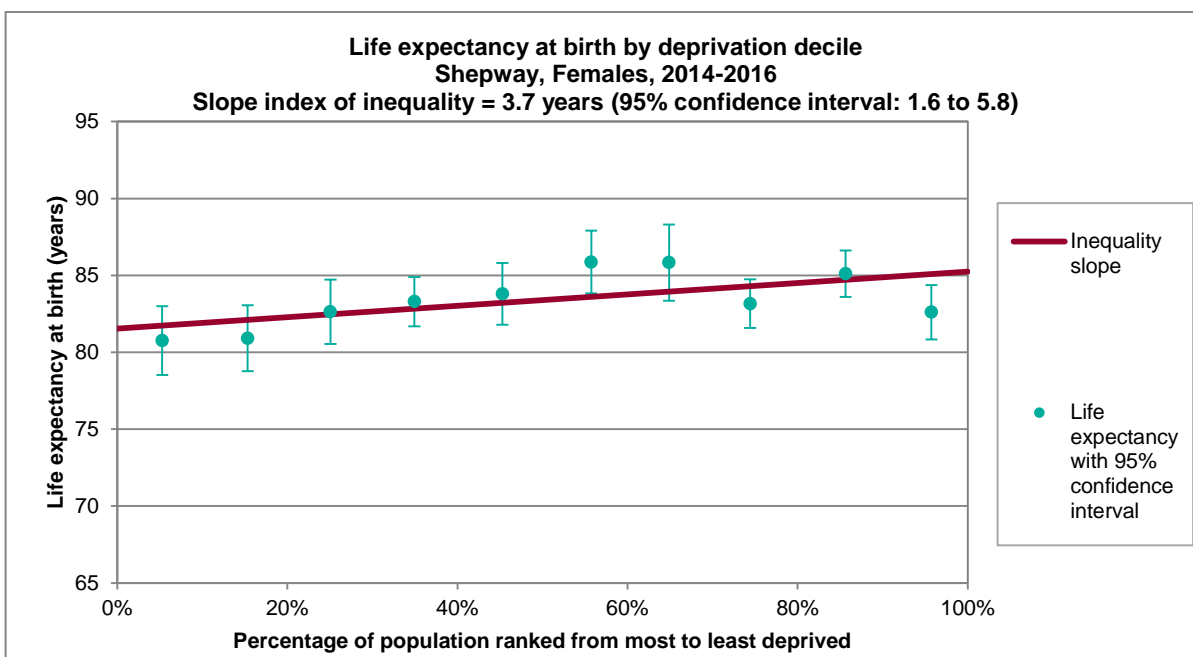
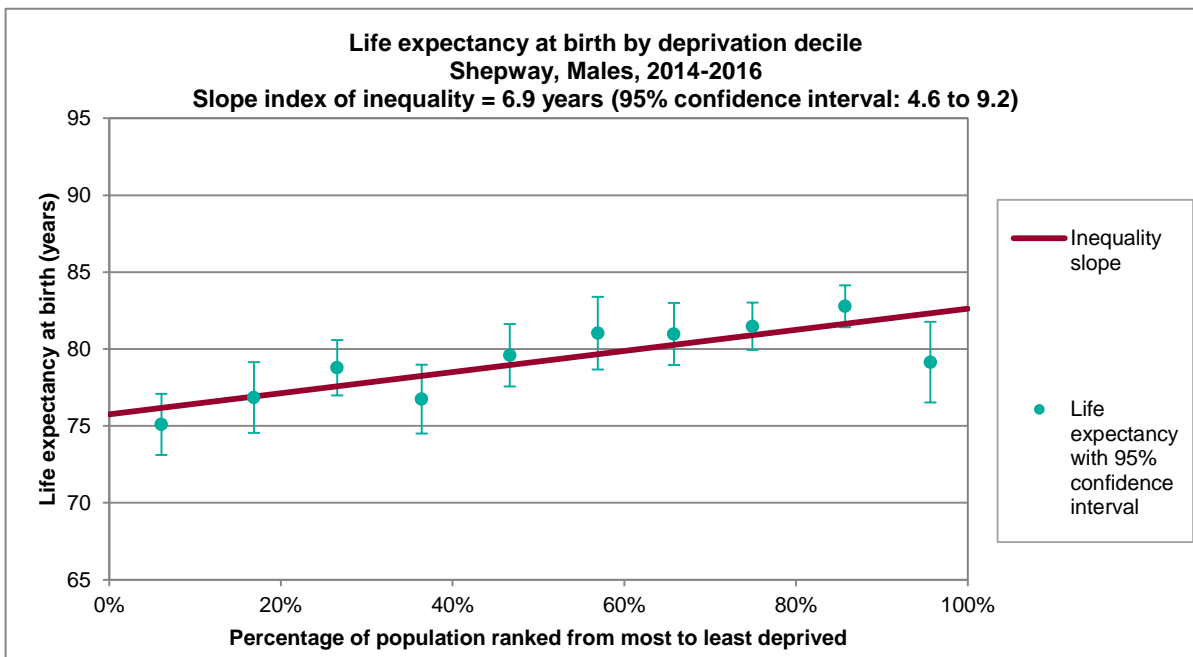
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Shepway (E07000112)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.1	(73.1 , 77.1)	6,605	80.8	(78.5 , 83.0)	5,891
2	76.9	(74.6 , 79.2)	5,144	80.9	(78.8 , 83.1)	5,330
3	78.8	(77.0 , 80.6)	5,404	82.6	(80.5 , 84.7)	5,527
4	76.7	(74.5 , 79.0)	5,319	83.3	(81.7 , 84.9)	5,487
5	79.6	(77.6 , 81.6)	5,850	83.8	(81.8 , 85.8)	6,067
6	81.0	(78.7 , 83.4)	5,321	85.9	(83.8 , 87.9)	5,585
7	81.0	(79.0 , 83.0)	4,325	85.8	(83.4 , 88.3)	4,628
8	81.5	(79.9 , 83.0)	5,647	83.2	(81.6 , 84.7)	6,017
9	82.8	(81.4 , 84.2)	6,092	85.1	(83.6 , 86.6)	6,513
10	79.1	(76.5 , 81.8)	4,725	82.6	(80.8 , 84.4)	4,748

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

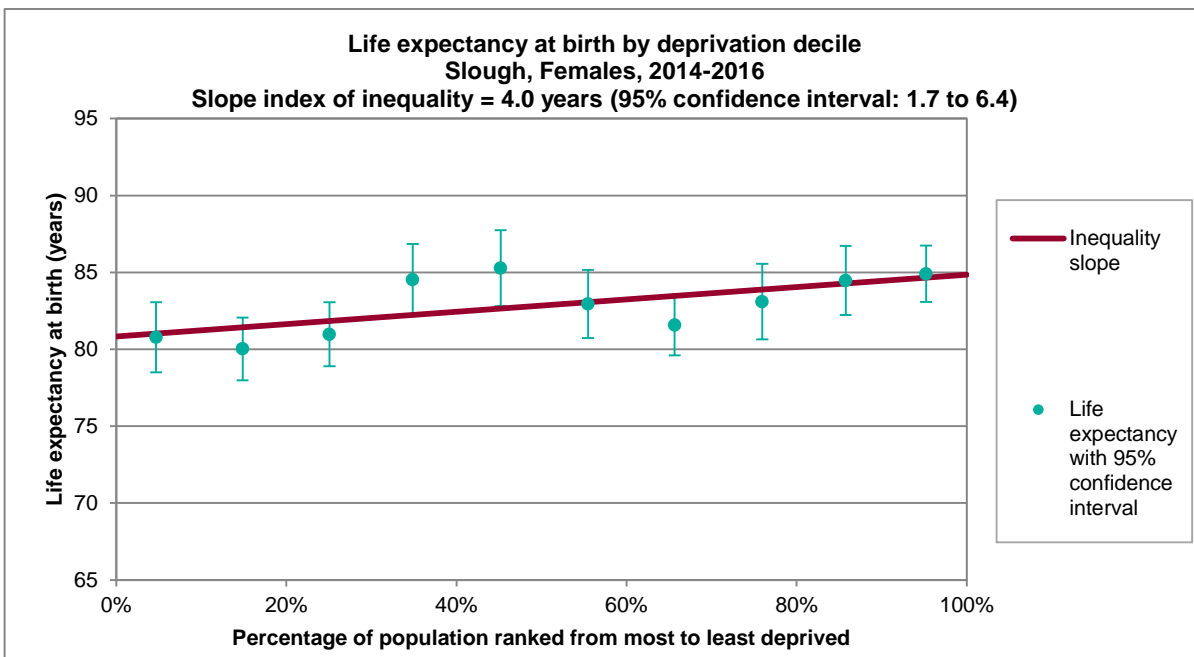
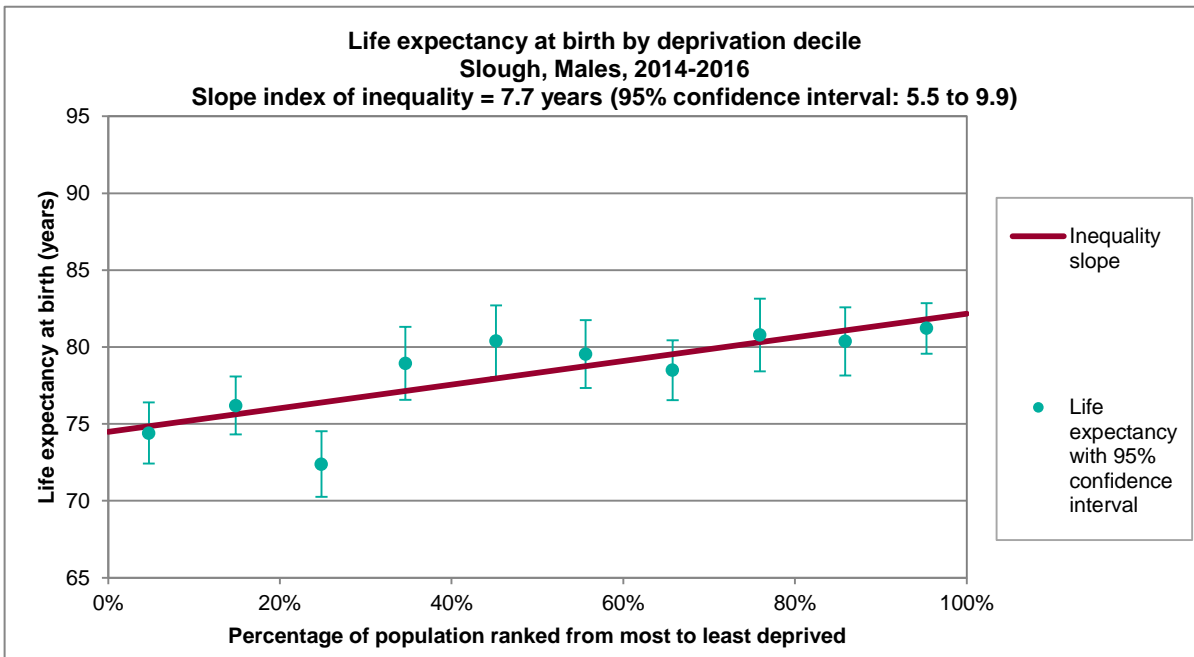
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Slough (E06000039)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.4	(72.4 , 76.4)	6,933	80.8	(78.5 , 83.1)	6,788
2	76.2	(74.3 , 78.1)	7,894	80.0	(78.0 , 82.1)	7,987
3	72.4	(70.3 , 74.5)	6,733	81.0	(78.9 , 83.1)	6,827
4	78.9	(76.6 , 81.3)	7,600	84.5	(82.2 , 86.8)	7,390
5	80.4	(78.1 , 82.7)	7,865	85.3	(82.8 , 87.7)	7,612
6	79.5	(77.3 , 81.8)	7,437	82.9	(80.7 , 85.2)	7,304
7	78.5	(76.6 , 80.4)	7,390	81.6	(79.6 , 83.5)	7,489
8	80.8	(78.4 , 83.1)	7,521	83.1	(80.6 , 85.6)	7,462
9	80.4	(78.1 , 82.6)	7,044	84.5	(82.2 , 86.7)	6,786
10	81.2	(79.6 , 82.9)	6,837	84.9	(83.1 , 86.7)	6,929

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

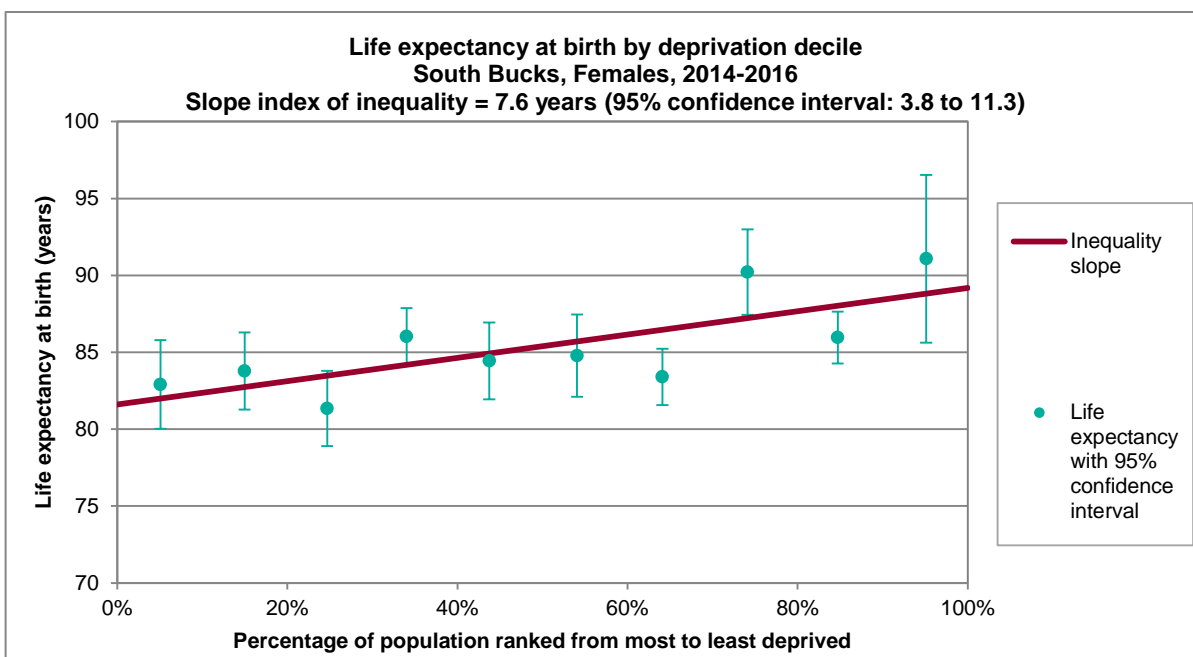
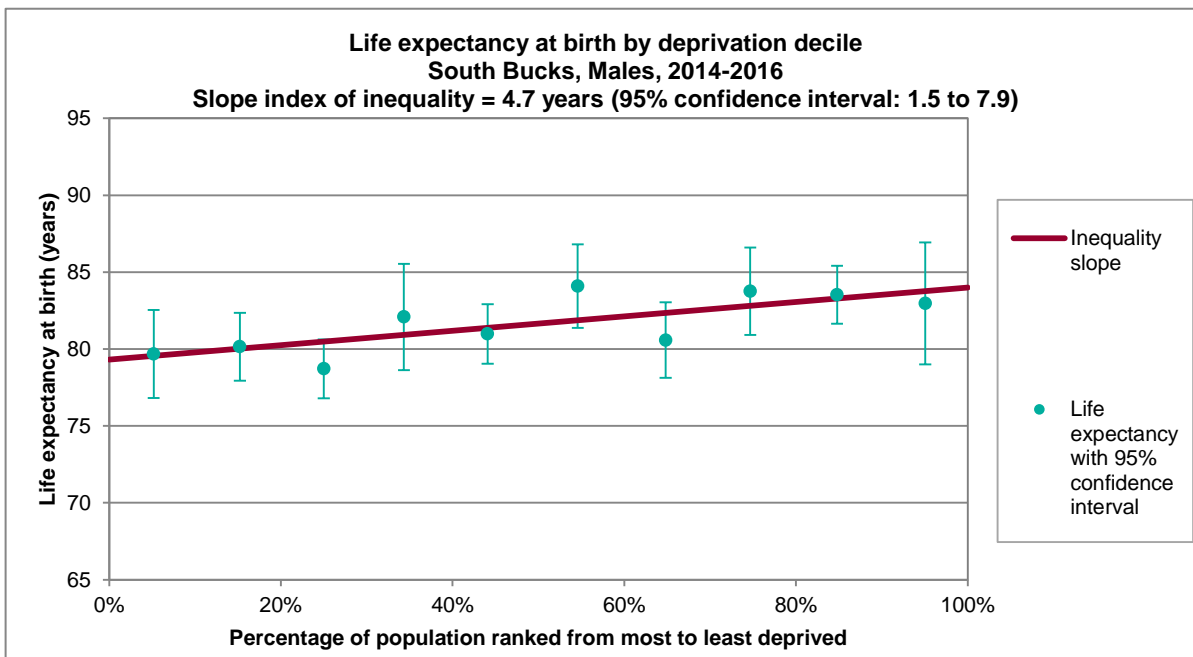
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

South Bucks (E07000006)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.7	(76.8 , 82.5)	3,451	82.9	(80.0 , 85.8)	3,622
2	80.2	(77.9 , 82.4)	3,246	83.8	(81.3 , 86.3)	3,460
3	78.7	(76.8 , 80.6)	3,271	81.4	(78.9 , 83.8)	3,478
4	82.1	(78.6 , 85.5)	2,955	86.0	(84.2 , 87.9)	3,201
5	81.0	(79.0 , 82.9)	3,545	84.4	(82.0 , 86.9)	3,752
6	84.1	(81.4 , 86.8)	3,455	84.8	(82.1 , 87.5)	3,631
7	80.6	(78.1 , 83.0)	3,379	83.4	(81.6 , 85.2)	3,541
8	83.8	(80.9 , 86.6)	3,192	90.2	(87.4 , 93.0)	3,619
9	83.5	(81.6 , 85.4)	3,552	86.0	(84.3 , 87.7)	3,964
10	83.0	(79.0 , 86.9)	3,294	91.1	(85.6 , 96.5)	3,480

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

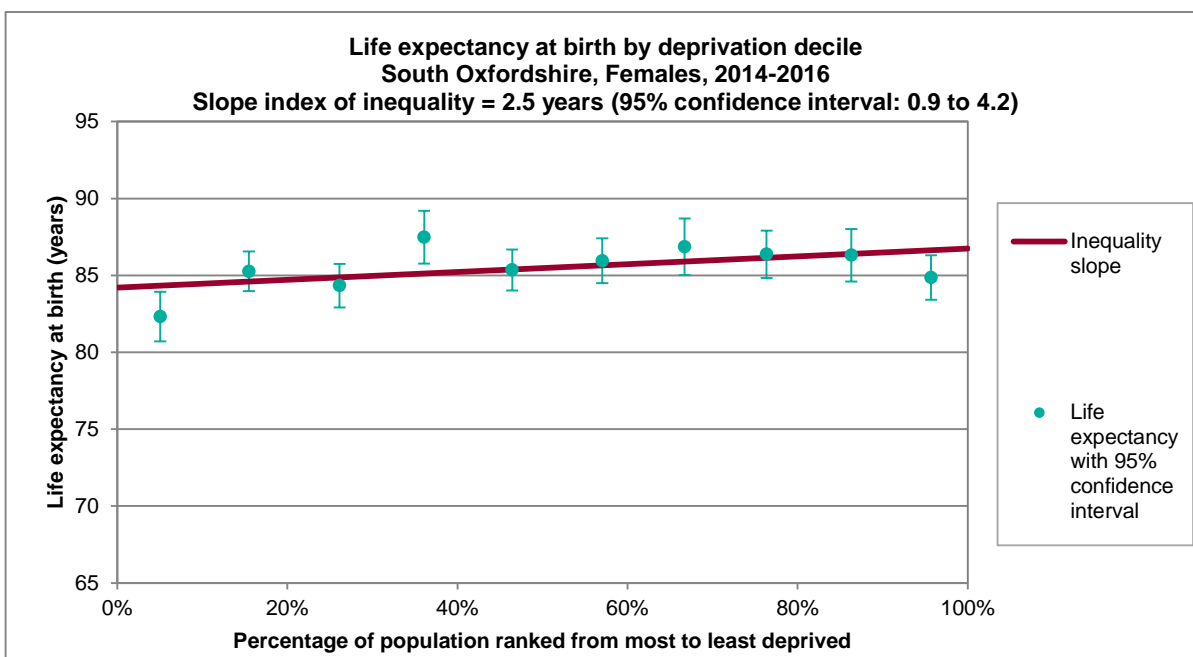
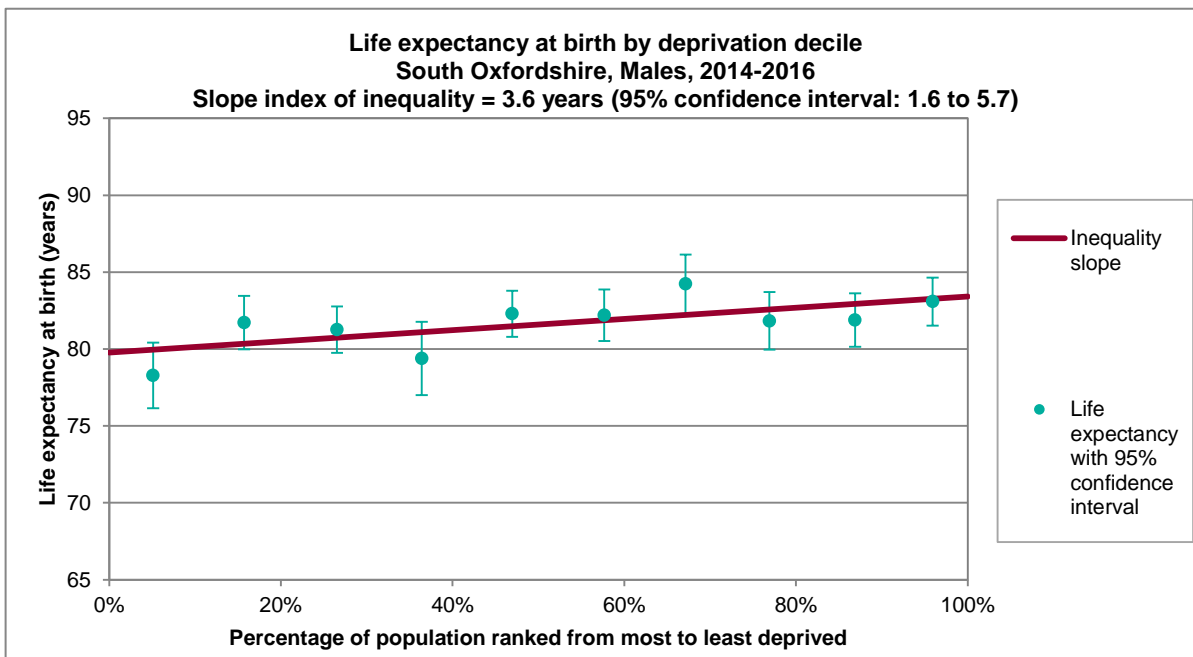
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

South Oxfordshire (E07000179)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.3	(76.2 , 80.4)	6,922	82.3	(80.7 , 83.9)	7,048
2	81.7	(80.0 , 83.5)	7,424	85.3	(84.0 , 86.6)	7,516
3	81.3	(79.8 , 82.8)	7,236	84.3	(82.9 , 85.7)	7,366
4	79.4	(77.0 , 81.8)	6,125	87.5	(85.8 , 89.2)	6,533
5	82.3	(80.8 , 83.8)	8,149	85.4	(84.0 , 86.7)	7,921
6	82.2	(80.5 , 83.9)	6,379	86.0	(84.5 , 87.4)	6,881
7	84.2	(82.3 , 86.2)	6,438	86.9	(85.0 , 88.7)	6,633
8	81.8	(80.0 , 83.7)	6,789	86.4	(84.8 , 87.9)	6,823
9	81.9	(80.1 , 83.6)	6,715	86.3	(84.6 , 88.0)	7,091
10	83.1	(81.5 , 84.7)	5,523	84.9	(83.4 , 86.3)	6,006

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

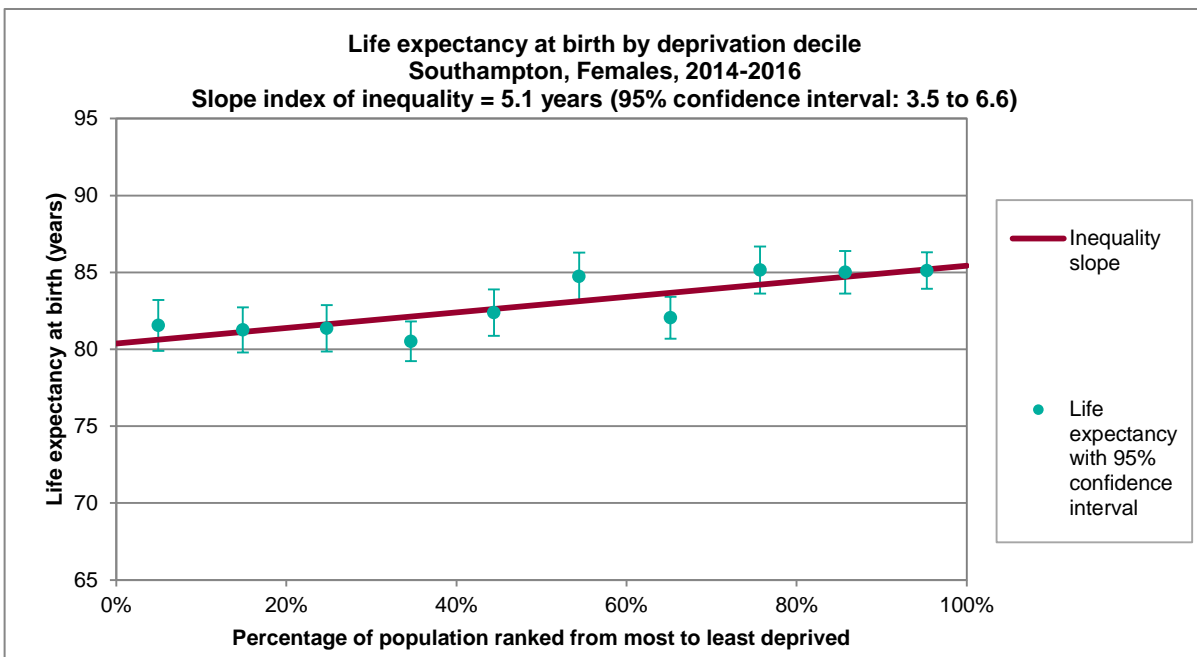
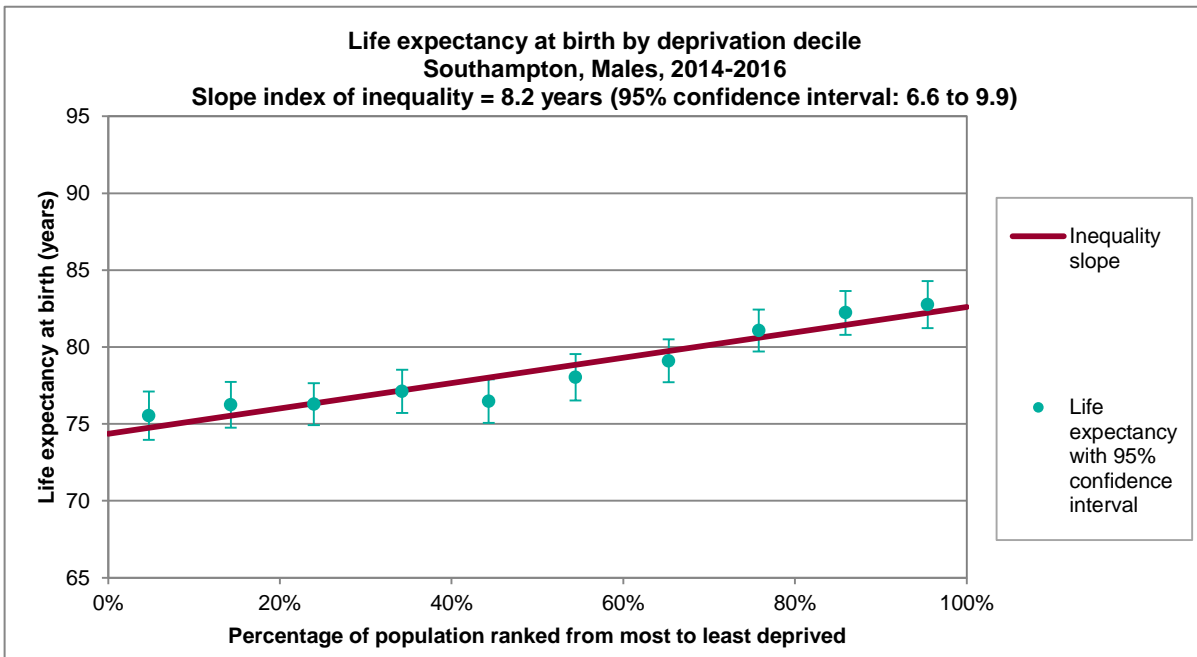
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Southampton (E06000045)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.5	(74.0 , 77.1)	12,034	81.6	(79.9 , 83.2)	12,115
2	76.2	(74.8 , 77.7)	12,250	81.3	(79.8 , 82.7)	12,226
3	76.3	(74.9 , 77.6)	12,384	81.4	(79.9 , 82.9)	11,937
4	77.1	(75.7 , 78.5)	13,775	80.5	(79.2 , 81.8)	12,309
5	76.5	(75.1 , 77.9)	11,905	82.4	(80.9 , 83.9)	11,592
6	78.0	(76.5 , 79.5)	13,828	84.7	(83.2 , 86.3)	12,960
7	79.1	(77.7 , 80.5)	13,776	82.1	(80.7 , 83.4)	13,350
8	81.1	(79.7 , 82.4)	12,939	85.2	(83.6 , 86.7)	12,458
9	82.2	(80.8 , 83.7)	12,786	85.0	(83.6 , 86.4)	12,065
10	82.8	(81.2 , 84.3)	11,556	85.1	(83.9 , 86.3)	11,457

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

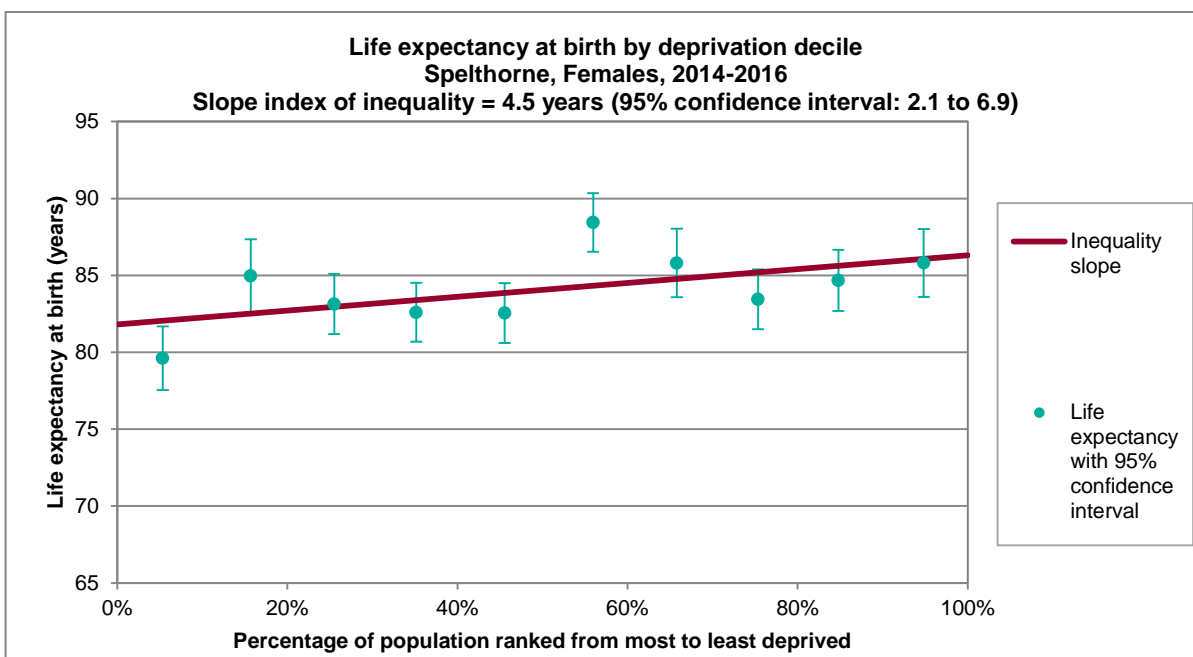
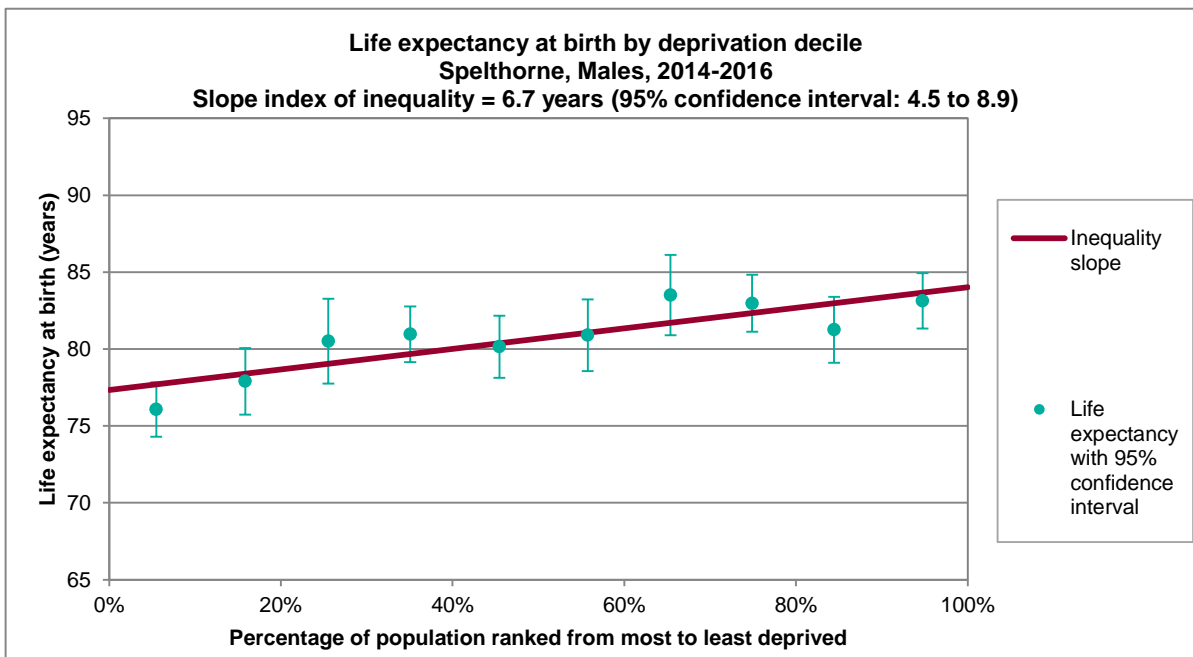
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Spelthorne (E07000213)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	76.1	(74.3 , 77.8)	5,320	79.6	(77.6 , 81.7)	5,323
2	77.9	(75.7 , 80.1)	4,760	85.0	(82.6 , 87.3)	5,007
3	80.5	(77.8 , 83.3)	4,665	83.1	(81.2 , 85.1)	4,787
4	81.0	(79.2 , 82.8)	4,605	82.6	(80.7 , 84.5)	4,829
5	80.2	(78.1 , 82.2)	5,490	82.5	(80.6 , 84.5)	5,546
6	80.9	(78.6 , 83.2)	4,525	88.4	(86.5 , 90.4)	4,835
7	83.5	(80.9 , 86.1)	4,857	85.8	(83.6 , 88.0)	4,977
8	83.0	(81.1 , 84.8)	4,382	83.5	(81.5 , 85.4)	4,552
9	81.3	(79.1 , 83.4)	4,908	84.7	(82.7 , 86.7)	4,874
10	83.1	(81.3 , 84.9)	5,107	85.8	(83.6 , 88.0)	5,145

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

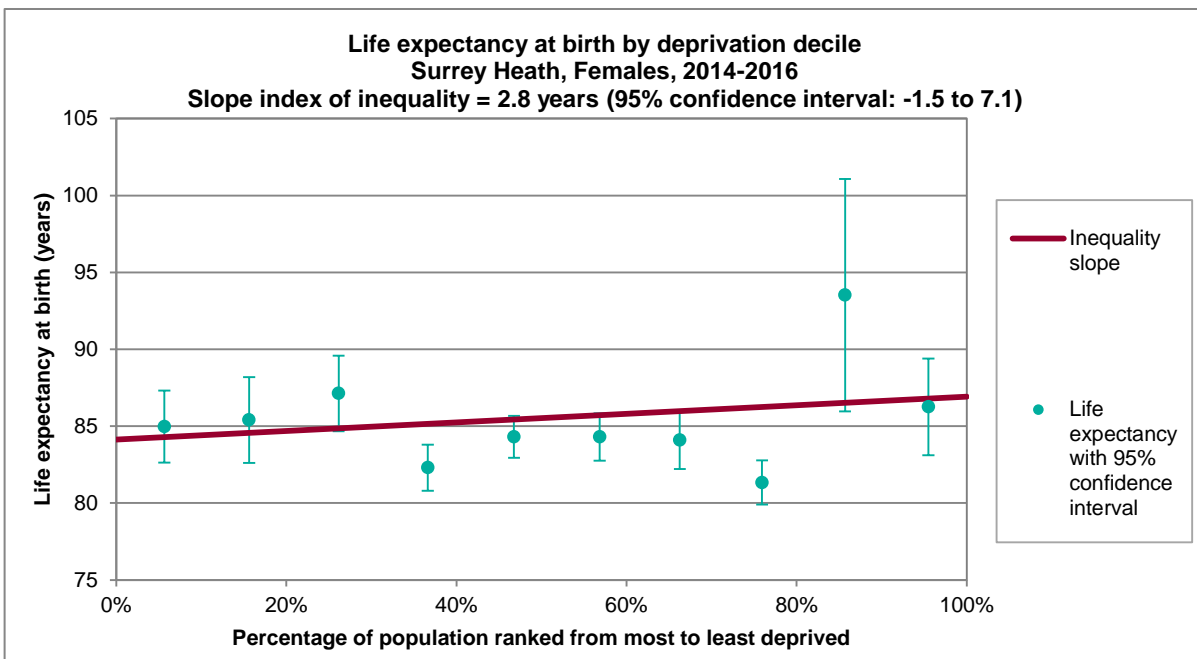
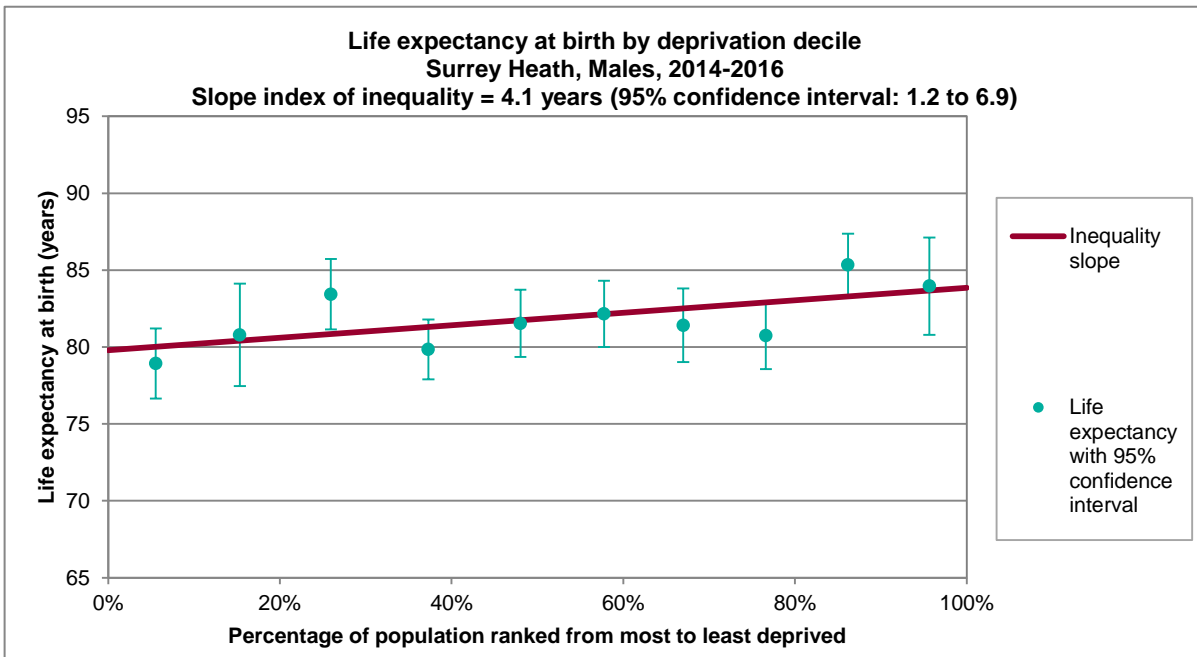
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Surrey Heath (E07000214)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.9	(76.6 , 81.2)	4,834	85.0	(82.6 , 87.3)	5,012
2	80.8	(77.5 , 84.1)	3,715	85.4	(82.6 , 88.2)	3,824
3	83.4	(81.1 , 85.7)	5,547	87.1	(84.7 , 89.6)	5,514
4	79.8	(77.9 , 81.8)	4,372	82.3	(80.8 , 83.8)	3,776
5	81.5	(79.4 , 83.7)	4,993	84.3	(82.9 , 85.7)	5,213
6	82.2	(80.0 , 84.3)	3,510	84.3	(82.8 , 85.8)	3,723
7	81.4	(79.0 , 83.8)	4,544	84.1	(82.2 , 86.0)	4,635
8	80.7	(78.6 , 82.9)	3,867	81.3	(79.9 , 82.8)	3,940
9	85.3	(83.3 , 87.4)	4,488	93.5	(86.0 , 101.1)	4,714
10	84.0	(80.8 , 87.1)	3,789	86.3	(83.1 , 89.4)	3,983

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

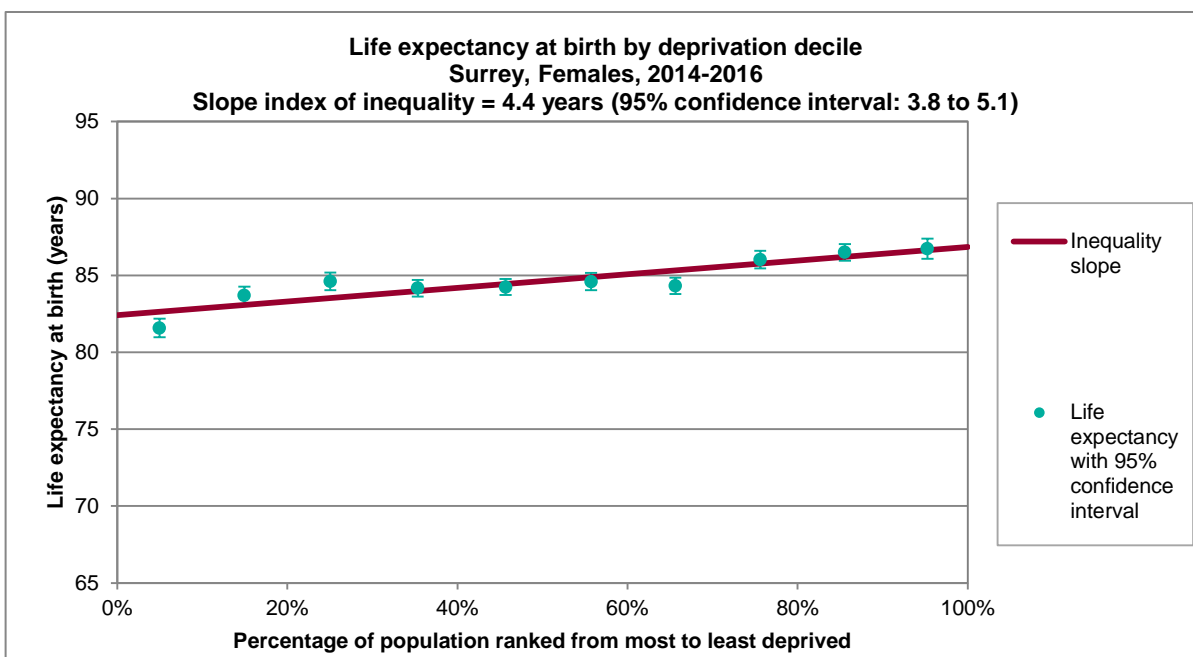
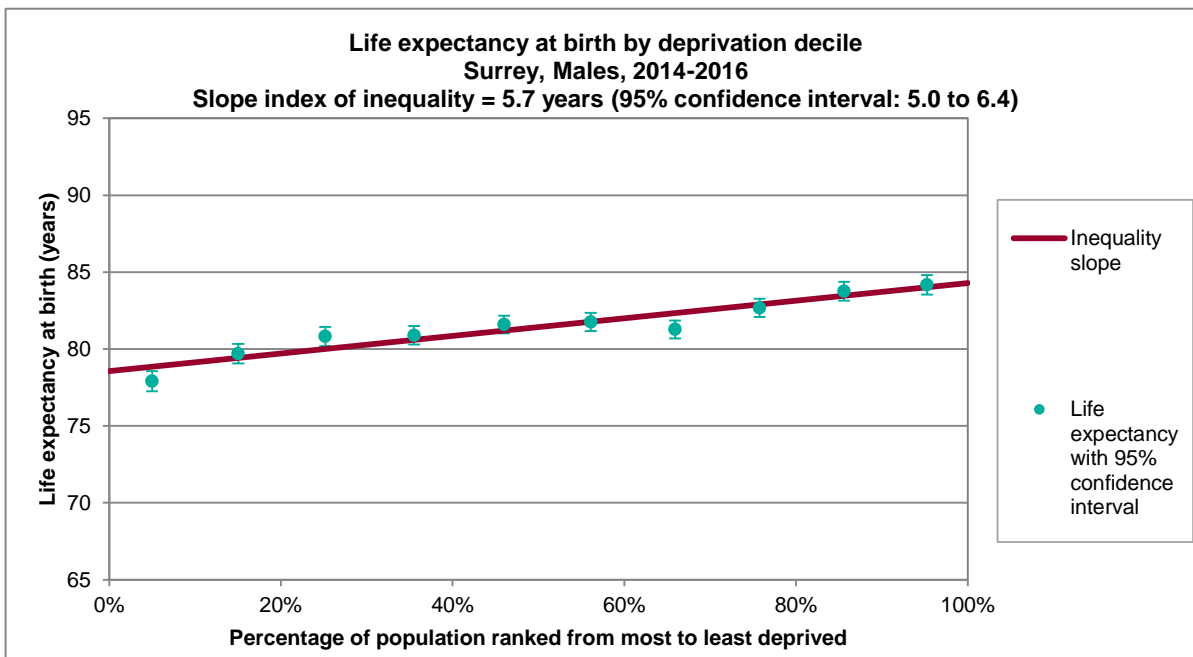
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Surrey (E10000030)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.9	(77.3 , 78.6)	57,194	81.6	(81.0 , 82.2)	59,122
2	79.7	(79.1 , 80.3)	58,009	83.7	(83.1 , 84.3)	59,666
3	80.8	(80.2 , 81.4)	58,277	84.6	(84.0 , 85.2)	60,608
4	80.9	(80.3 , 81.5)	60,493	84.2	(83.6 , 84.7)	61,819
5	81.6	(81.0 , 82.2)	59,689	84.2	(83.7 , 84.8)	61,243
6	81.8	(81.2 , 82.4)	56,206	84.6	(84.0 , 85.2)	58,417
7	81.3	(80.7 , 81.9)	56,523	84.3	(83.8 , 84.8)	59,675
8	82.7	(82.1 , 83.3)	56,343	86.0	(85.5 , 86.6)	59,080
9	83.8	(83.2 , 84.4)	56,525	86.5	(86.0 , 87.0)	59,364
10	84.2	(83.5 , 84.8)	54,323	86.7	(86.1 , 87.4)	56,296

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

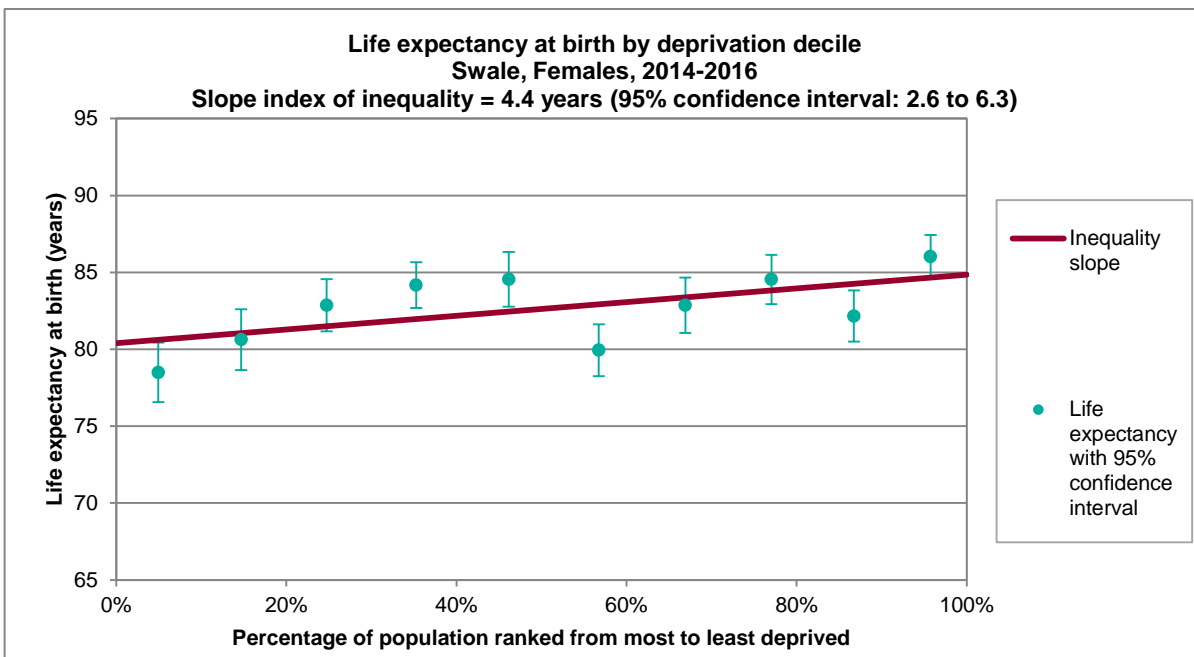
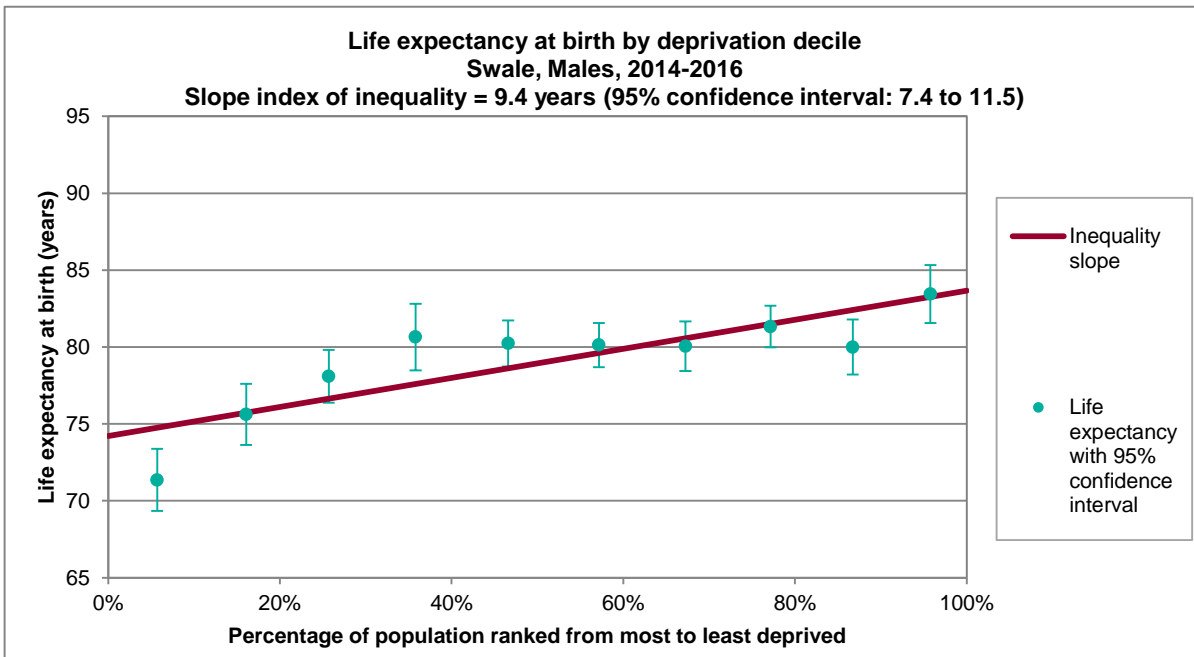
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Swale (E07000113)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	71.4	(69.4 , 73.4)	8,042	78.5	(76.6 , 80.4)	7,131
2	75.6	(73.6 , 77.6)	6,595	80.6	(78.7 , 82.6)	6,938
3	78.1	(76.4 , 79.8)	6,995	82.9	(81.2 , 84.6)	7,570
4	80.7	(78.5 , 82.8)	7,278	84.2	(82.7 , 85.7)	7,625
5	80.2	(78.7 , 81.7)	7,958	84.5	(82.8 , 86.3)	8,092
6	80.1	(78.7 , 81.6)	6,964	79.9	(78.3 , 81.6)	7,189
7	80.1	(78.4 , 81.7)	7,273	82.9	(81.1 , 84.7)	7,504
8	81.3	(80.0 , 82.7)	6,710	84.5	(82.9 , 86.1)	7,112
9	80.0	(78.2 , 81.8)	6,825	82.2	(80.5 , 83.8)	6,892
10	83.4	(81.6 , 85.3)	5,955	86.0	(84.6 , 87.4)	6,118

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

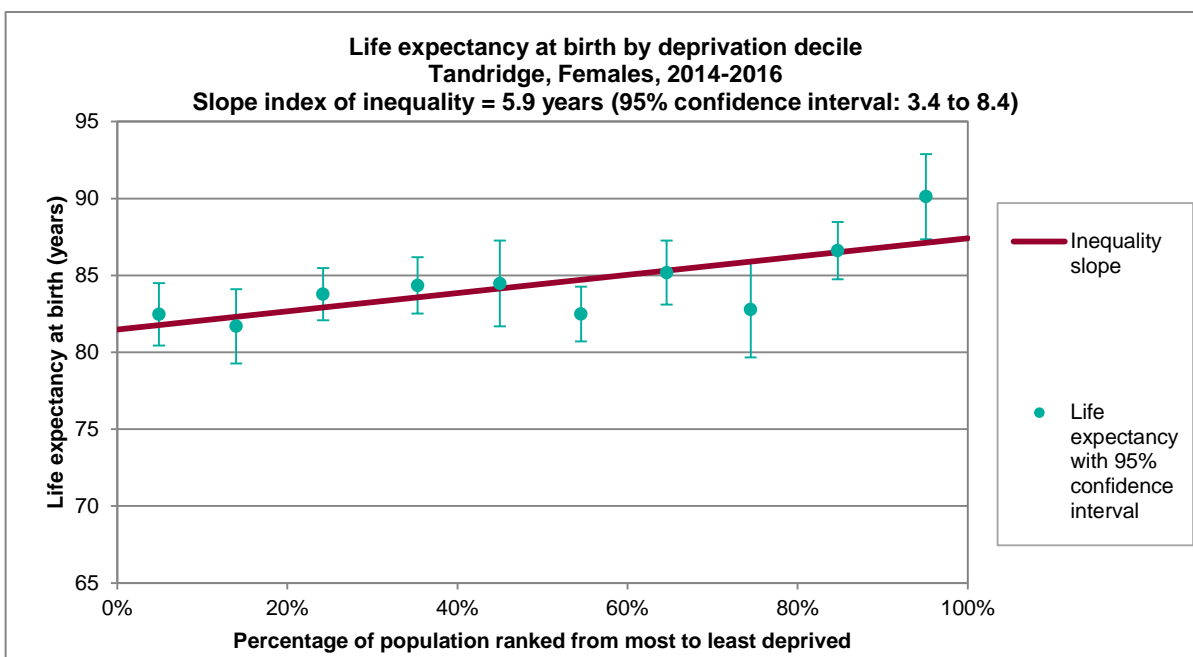
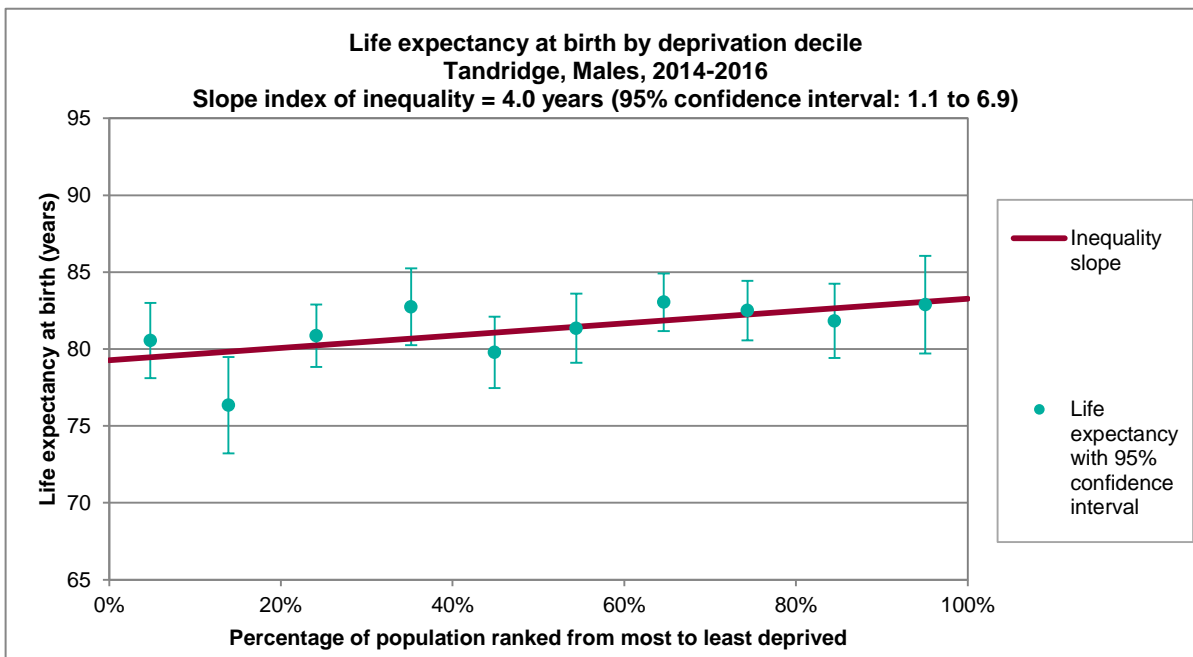
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Tandridge (E07000215)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	80.6	(78.1 , 83.0)	4,012	82.5	(80.4 , 84.5)	4,323
2	76.4	(73.2 , 79.5)	3,606	81.7	(79.3 , 84.1)	3,697
3	80.9	(78.8 , 82.9)	4,956	83.8	(82.1 , 85.5)	5,328
4	82.7	(80.3 , 85.2)	4,299	84.4	(82.5 , 86.2)	4,489
5	79.8	(77.5 , 82.1)	3,839	84.5	(81.7 , 87.3)	4,057
6	81.4	(79.1 , 83.6)	4,137	82.5	(80.7 , 84.3)	4,365
7	83.0	(81.2 , 84.9)	4,389	85.2	(83.1 , 87.3)	4,530
8	82.5	(80.6 , 84.4)	3,775	82.8	(79.7 , 85.9)	4,195
9	81.8	(79.4 , 84.3)	4,719	86.6	(84.8 , 88.5)	4,843
10	82.9	(79.7 , 86.1)	4,135	90.1	(87.4 , 92.9)	4,326

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

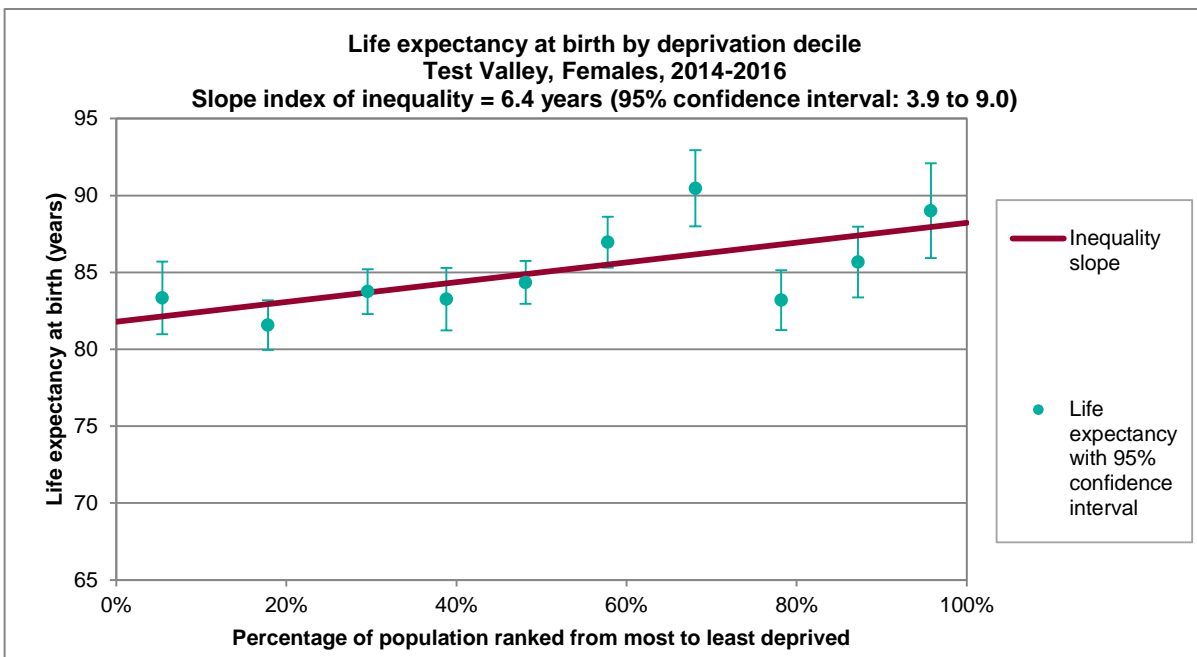
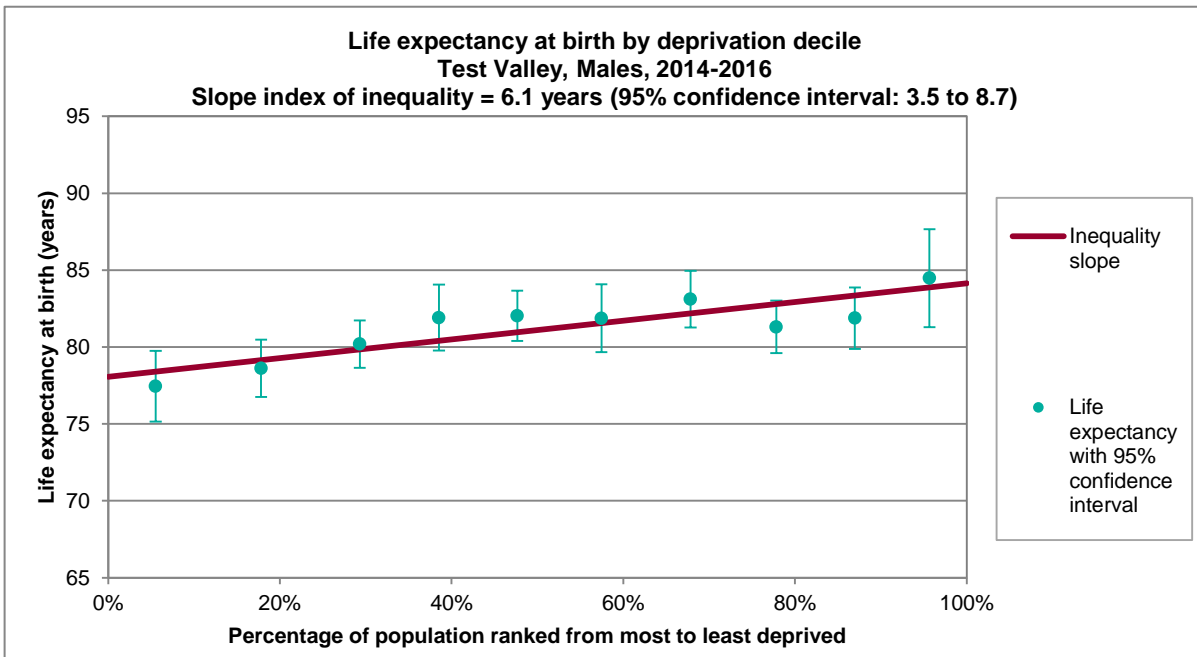
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Test Valley (E07000093)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.5	(75.2 , 79.8)	6,492	83.3	(81.0 , 85.7)	6,690
2	78.6	(76.8 , 80.5)	7,963	81.6	(80.0 , 83.2)	8,683
3	80.2	(78.7 , 81.7)	5,553	83.8	(82.3 , 85.2)	5,848
4	81.9	(79.8 , 84.1)	5,300	83.3	(81.2 , 85.3)	5,609
5	82.0	(80.4 , 83.7)	5,432	84.4	(83.0 , 85.7)	5,911
6	81.9	(79.7 , 84.1)	6,096	87.0	(85.3 , 88.6)	6,056
7	83.1	(81.3 , 85.0)	6,115	90.5	(88.0 , 93.0)	6,693
8	81.3	(79.6 , 83.0)	5,641	83.2	(81.2 , 85.1)	5,814
9	81.9	(79.9 , 83.9)	5,128	85.7	(83.4 , 88.0)	5,368
10	84.5	(81.3 , 87.7)	5,090	89.0	(85.9 , 92.1)	5,214

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

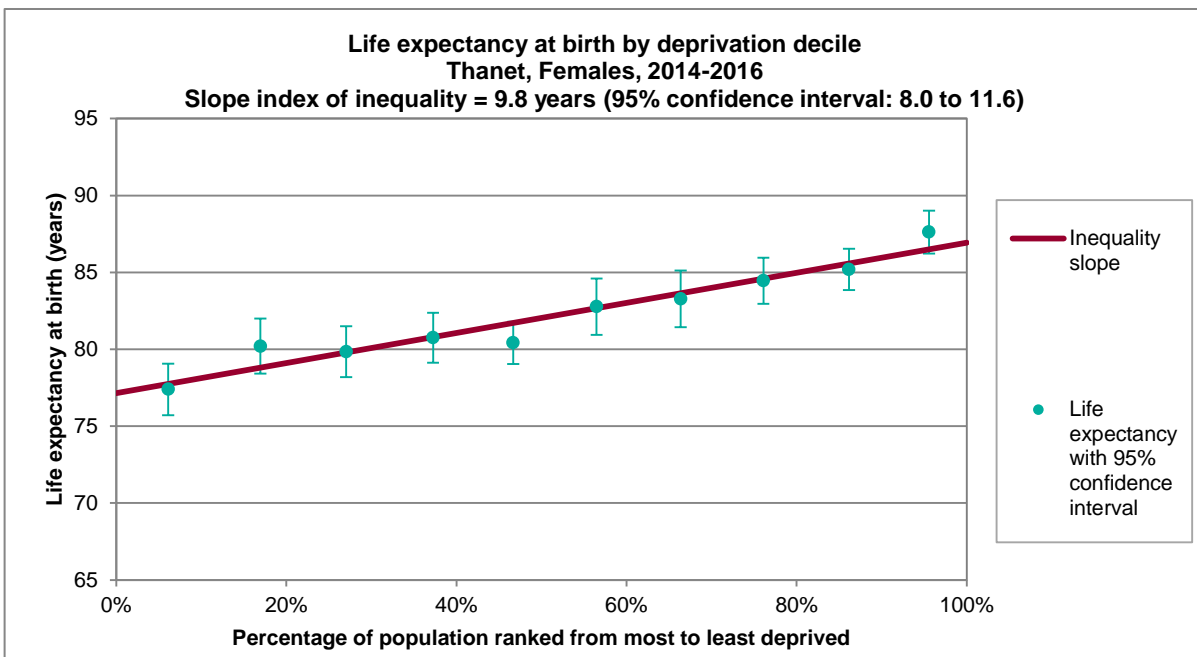
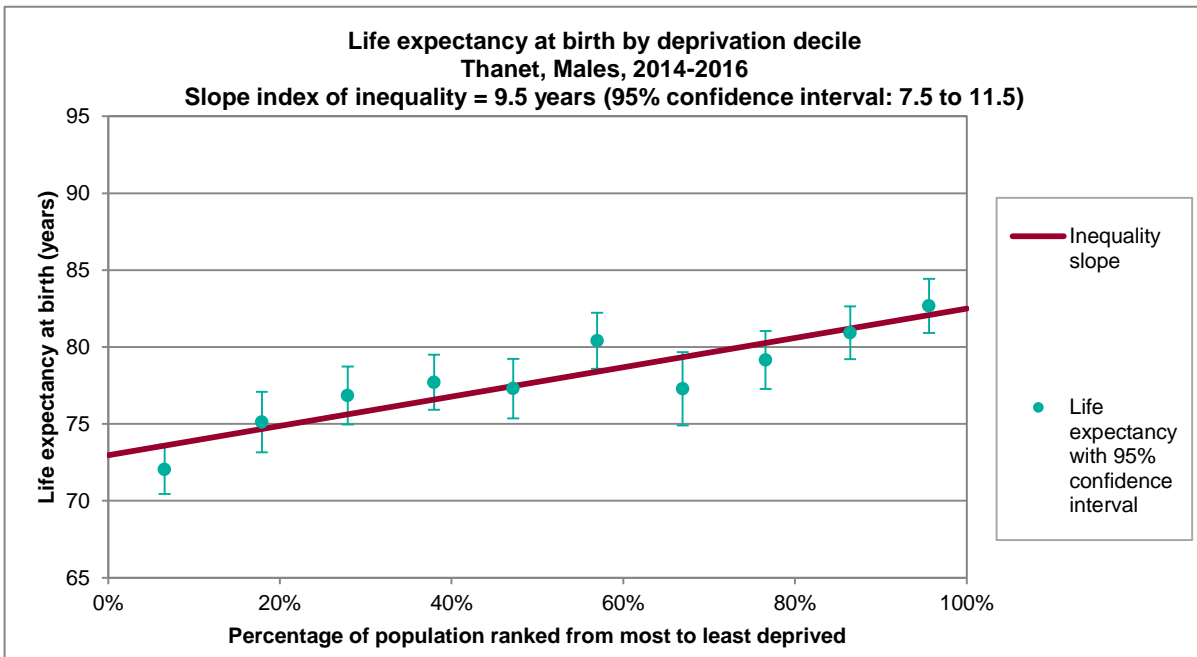
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Thanet (E07000114)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	72.0	(70.4 , 73.7)	8,851	77.4	(75.7 , 79.1)	8,811
2	75.1	(73.2 , 77.1)	6,438	80.2	(78.4 , 82.0)	6,827
3	76.8	(75.0 , 78.7)	7,052	79.9	(78.2 , 81.5)	7,741
4	77.7	(75.9 , 79.5)	6,513	80.8	(79.1 , 82.4)	7,007
5	77.3	(75.4 , 79.2)	5,931	80.4	(79.1 , 81.8)	6,587
6	80.4	(78.6 , 82.2)	7,256	82.8	(80.9 , 84.6)	7,564
7	77.3	(74.9 , 79.7)	6,193	83.3	(81.4 , 85.1)	6,720
8	79.2	(77.3 , 81.0)	6,826	84.5	(83.0 , 86.0)	7,322
9	80.9	(79.2 , 82.6)	6,474	85.2	(83.9 , 86.5)	7,190
10	82.7	(80.9 , 84.4)	5,914	87.6	(86.2 , 89.0)	6,395

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

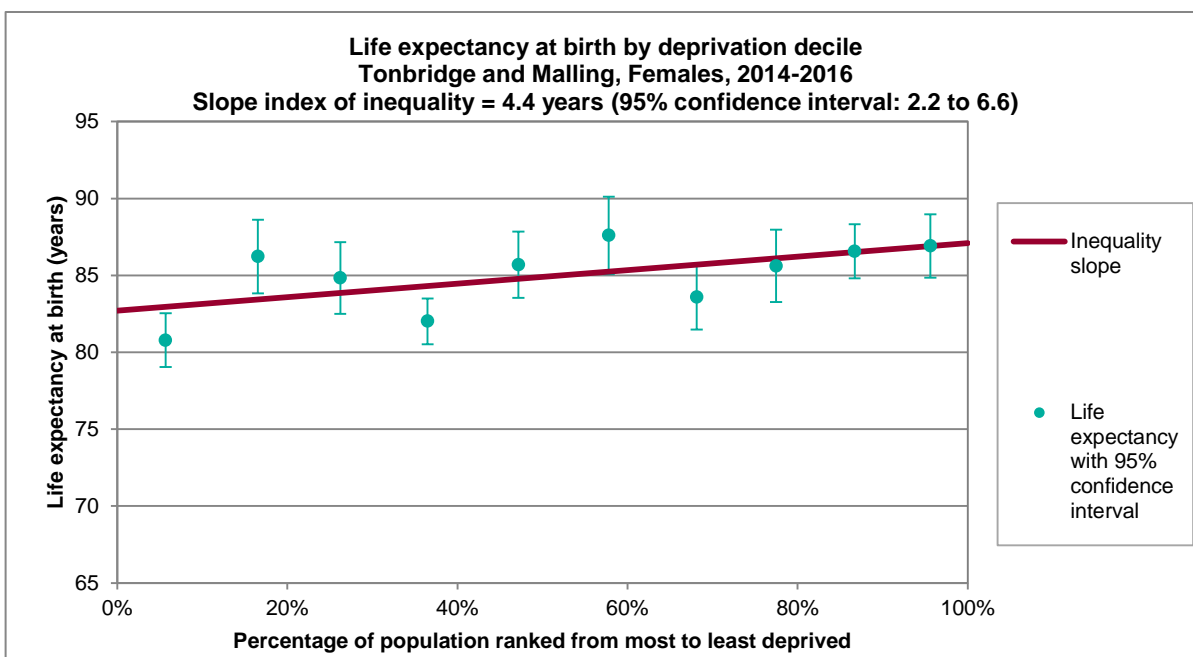
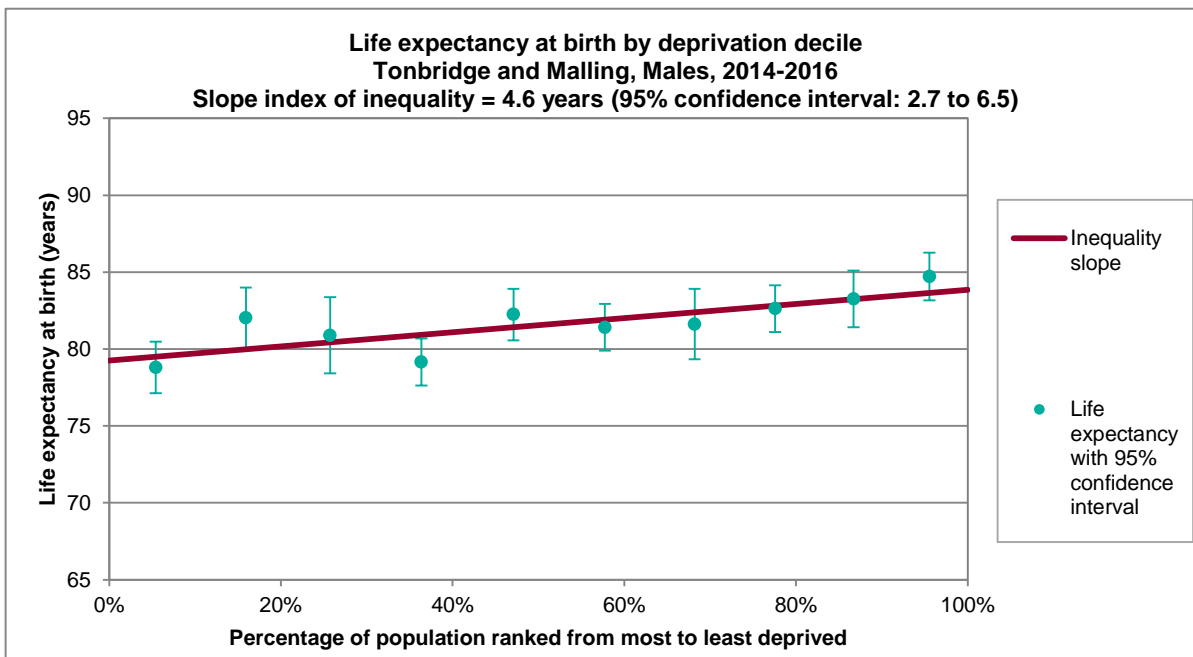
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Tonbridge and Malling (E07000115)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.8	(77.1 , 80.5)	6,672	80.8	(79.0 , 82.5)	7,290
2	82.0	(80.0 , 84.0)	6,260	86.2	(83.8 , 88.6)	6,671
3	80.9	(78.4 , 83.4)	5,822	84.8	(82.5 , 87.2)	5,765
4	79.2	(77.6 , 80.7)	7,273	82.0	(80.5 , 83.5)	7,425
5	82.3	(80.6 , 83.9)	5,940	85.7	(83.5 , 87.9)	6,300
6	81.4	(79.9 , 82.9)	7,173	87.6	(85.1 , 90.1)	7,353
7	81.6	(79.3 , 83.9)	5,696	83.6	(81.5 , 85.7)	5,935
8	82.6	(81.1 , 84.2)	5,859	85.6	(83.3 , 88.0)	6,055
9	83.3	(81.4 , 85.1)	5,395	86.6	(84.8 , 88.3)	5,815
10	84.7	(83.2 , 86.3)	5,483	86.9	(84.9 , 89.0)	5,628

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

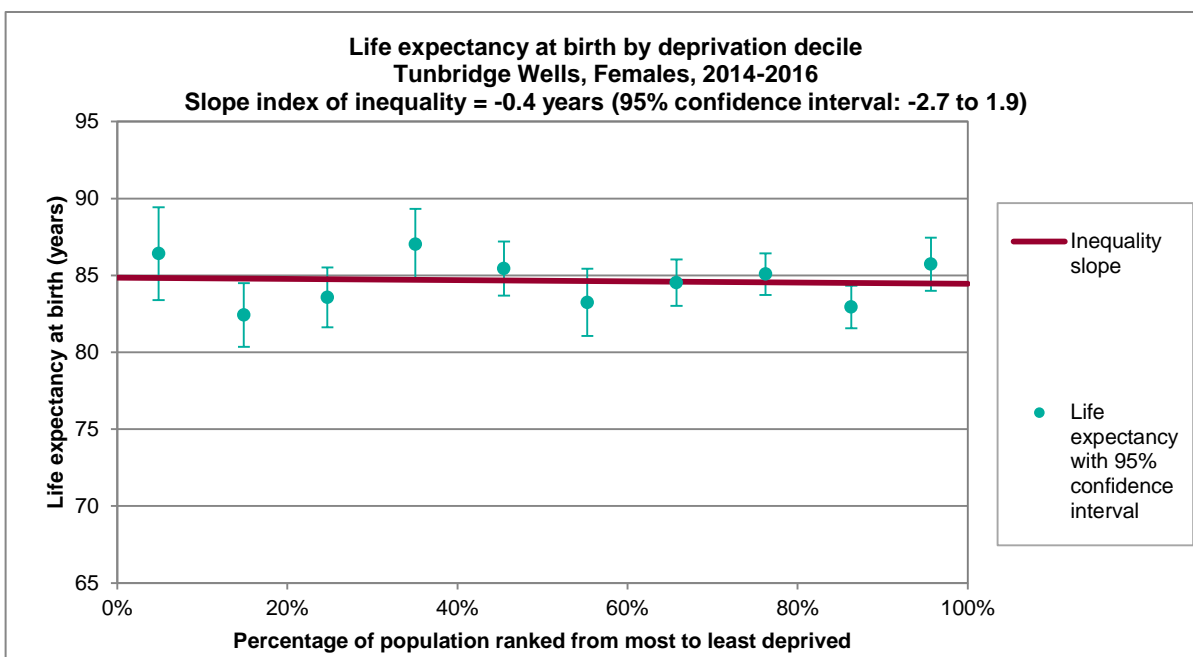
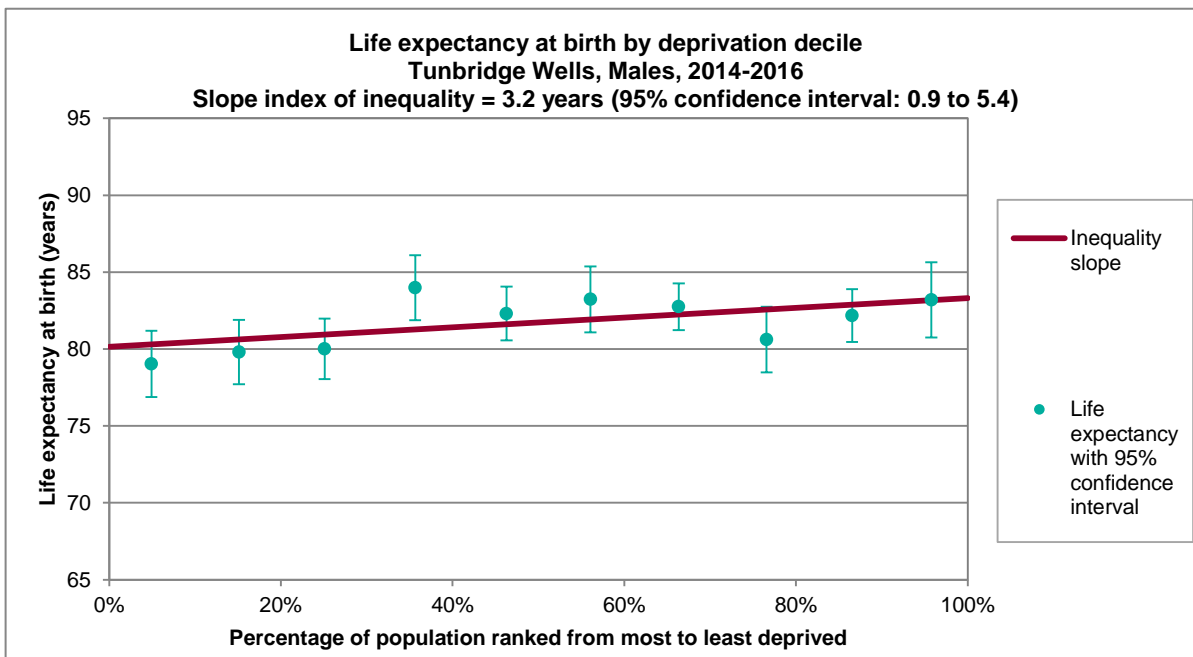
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Tunbridge Wells (E07000116)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.0	(76.9 , 81.2)	5,646	86.4	(83.4 , 89.4)	5,742
2	79.8	(77.7 , 81.9)	6,065	82.4	(80.4 , 84.5)	6,089
3	80.0	(78.0 , 82.0)	5,394	83.6	(81.6 , 85.5)	5,523
4	84.0	(81.9 , 86.1)	6,718	87.0	(84.7 , 89.3)	6,693
5	82.3	(80.6 , 84.1)	5,501	85.4	(83.7 , 87.2)	5,607
6	83.2	(81.1 , 85.4)	5,734	83.2	(81.1 , 85.4)	5,970
7	82.8	(81.2 , 84.3)	6,070	84.5	(83.0 , 86.0)	6,413
8	80.6	(78.5 , 82.8)	5,688	85.1	(83.7 , 86.4)	5,954
9	82.2	(80.5 , 83.9)	5,749	83.0	(81.6 , 84.3)	5,953
10	83.2	(80.7 , 85.6)	4,856	85.7	(84.0 , 87.5)	5,107

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

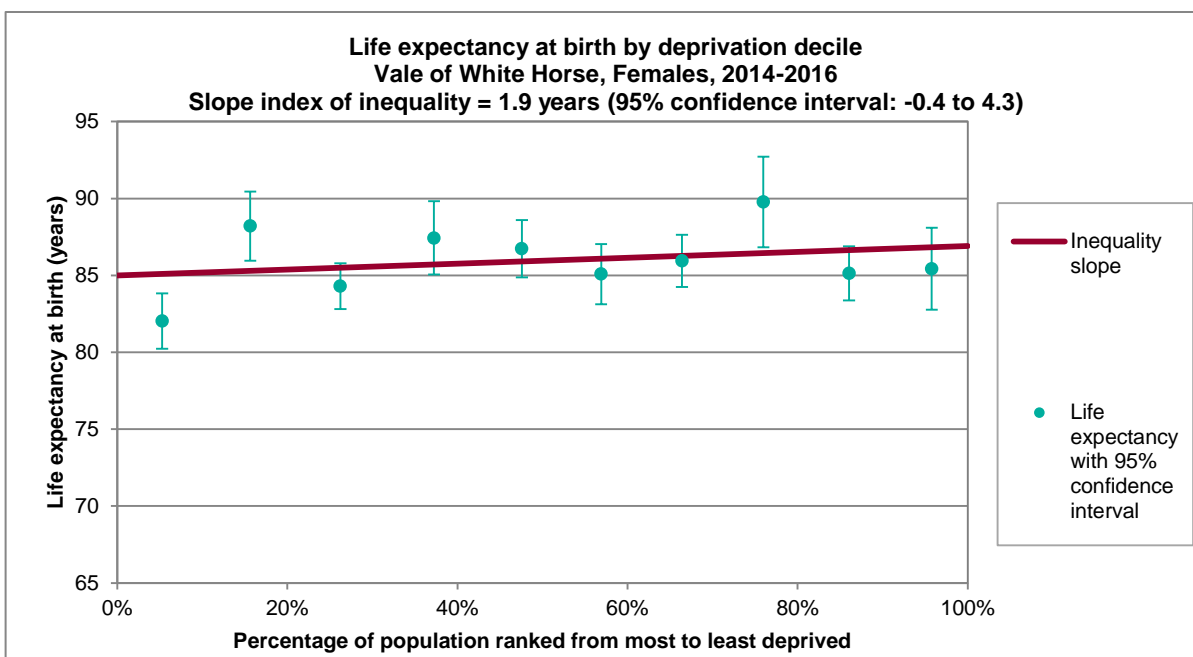
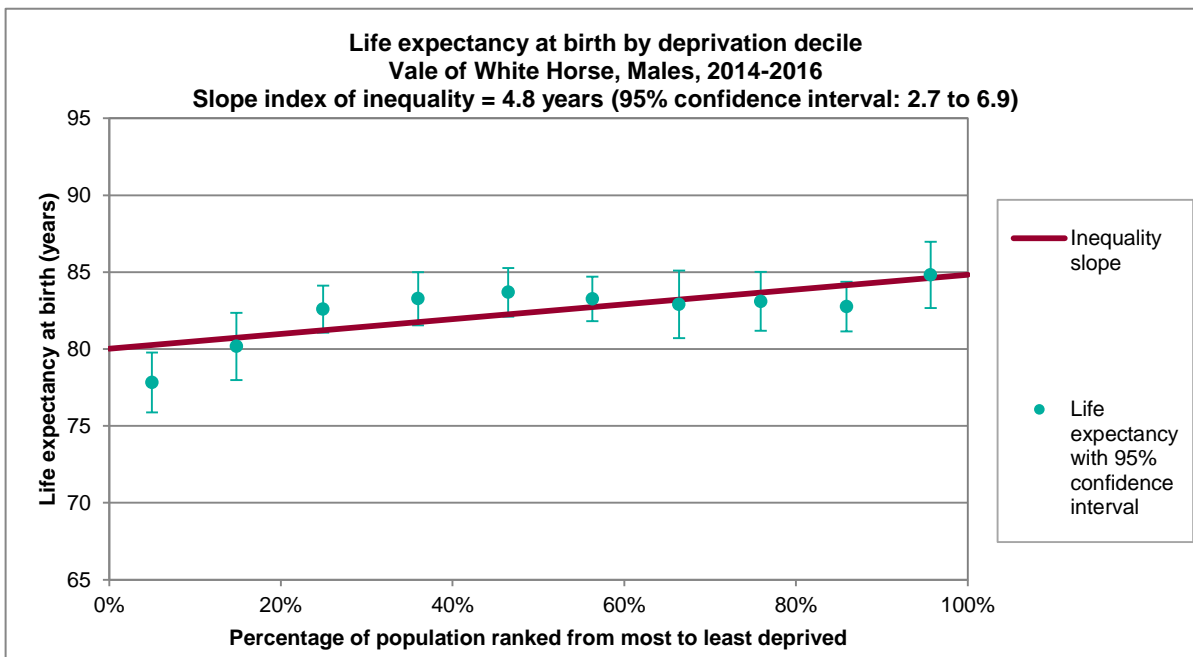
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Vale of White Horse (E07000180)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.8	(75.9 , 79.8)	6,294	82.0	(80.2 , 83.8)	6,708
2	80.2	(78.0 , 82.4)	6,119	88.2	(86.0 , 90.5)	6,484
3	82.6	(81.1 , 84.1)	6,630	84.3	(82.8 , 85.8)	6,988
4	83.3	(81.6 , 85.0)	7,336	87.4	(85.1 , 89.8)	7,026
5	83.7	(82.1 , 85.3)	5,935	86.7	(84.9 , 88.6)	6,125
6	83.3	(81.8 , 84.7)	6,432	85.1	(83.1 , 87.0)	5,745
7	82.9	(80.7 , 85.1)	6,319	85.9	(84.3 , 87.6)	6,344
8	83.1	(81.2 , 85.0)	5,699	89.8	(86.8 , 92.7)	5,831
9	82.8	(81.2 , 84.4)	6,918	85.1	(83.4 , 86.9)	6,997
10	84.8	(82.7 , 87.0)	5,450	85.4	(82.8 , 88.1)	5,372

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

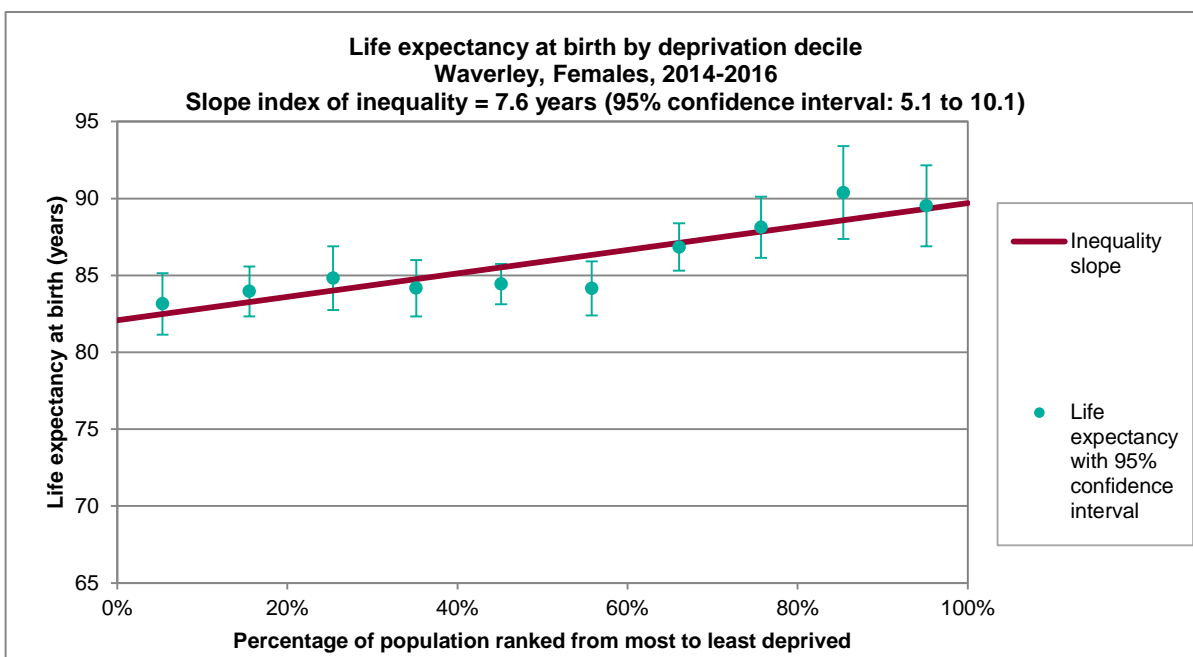
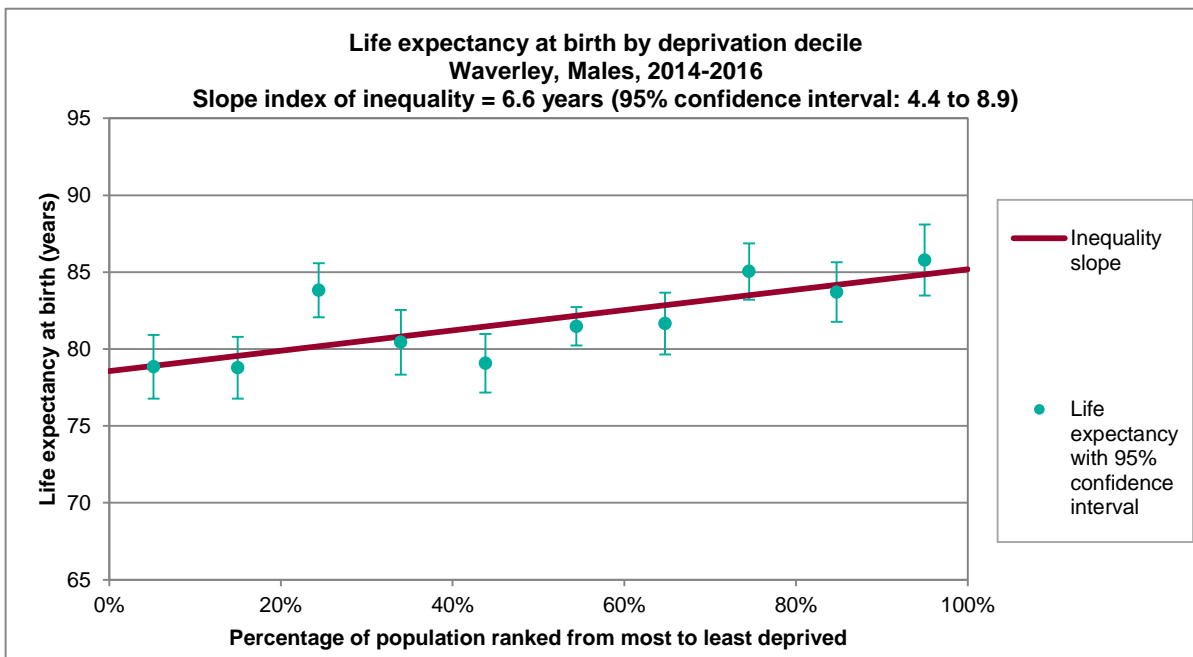
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Waverley (E07000216)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.8	(76.8 , 80.9)	6,229	83.2	(81.1 , 85.2)	6,716
2	78.8	(76.8 , 80.8)	5,579	84.0	(82.3 , 85.6)	6,169
3	83.8	(82.1 , 85.6)	5,781	84.8	(82.7 , 86.9)	6,263
4	80.4	(78.3 , 82.5)	5,734	84.2	(82.3 , 86.0)	6,044
5	79.1	(77.2 , 81.0)	6,143	84.4	(83.1 , 85.8)	6,577
6	81.5	(80.2 , 82.7)	6,624	84.2	(82.4 , 85.9)	6,860
7	81.7	(79.7 , 83.7)	5,820	86.8	(85.3 , 88.4)	6,106
8	85.0	(83.2 , 86.9)	5,955	88.1	(86.2 , 90.1)	6,048
9	83.7	(81.8 , 85.7)	6,337	90.4	(87.4 , 93.4)	6,181
10	85.8	(83.5 , 88.1)	6,022	89.5	(86.9 , 92.2)	6,125

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

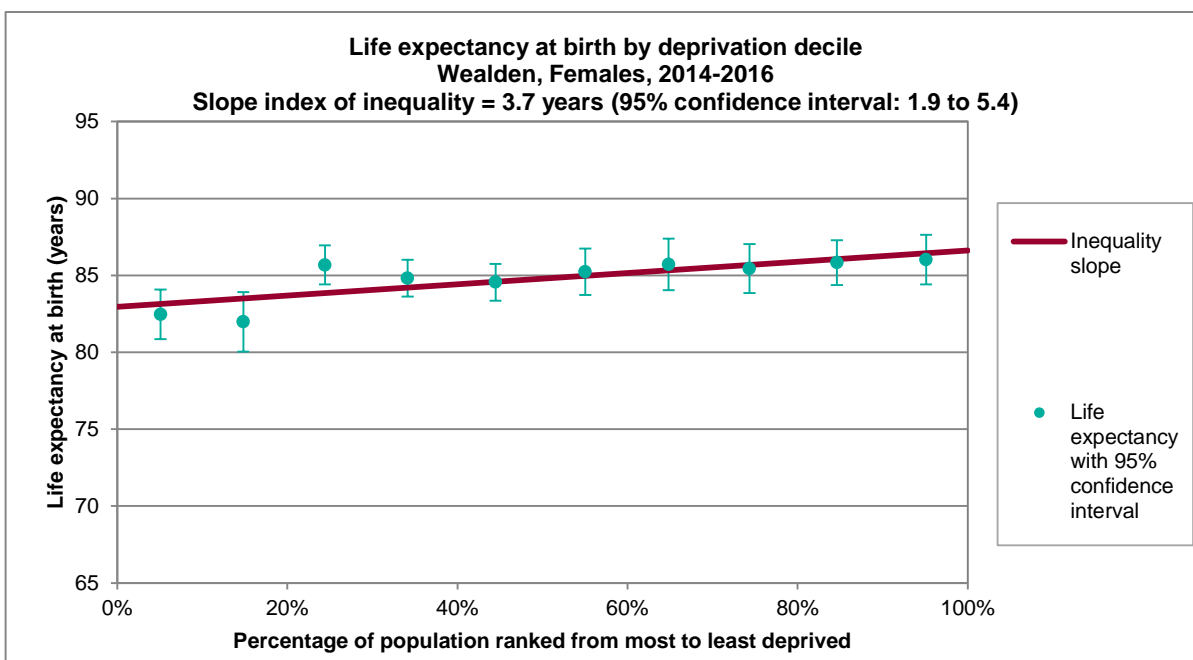
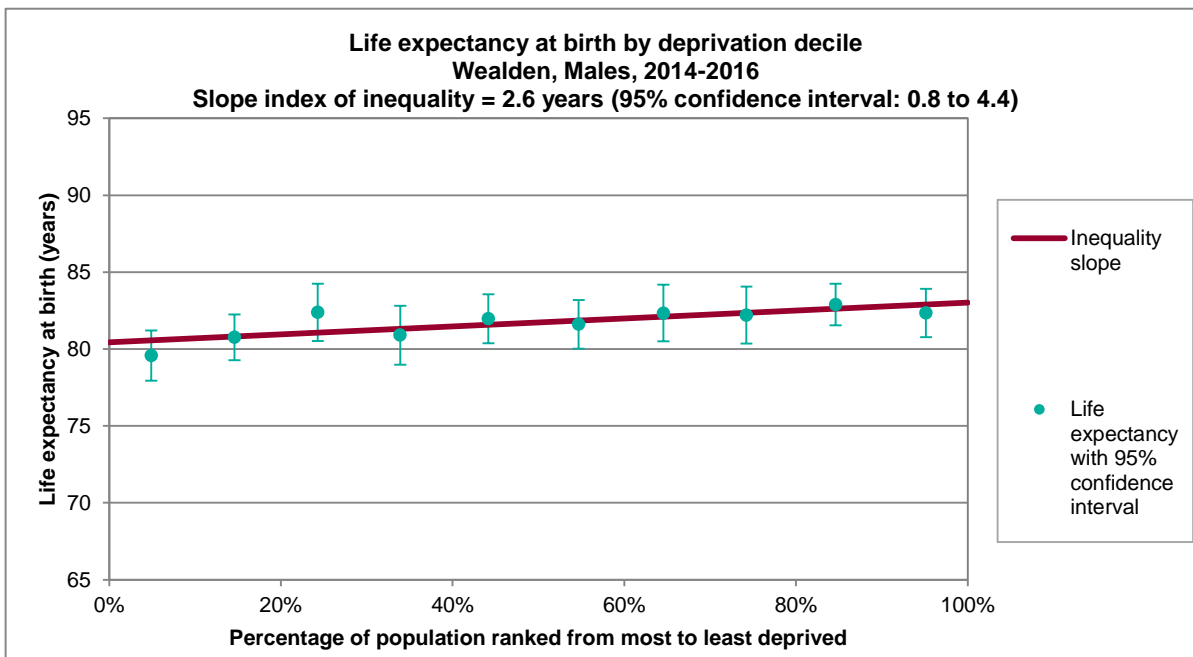
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Wealden (E07000065)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	79.6	(77.9 , 81.2)	7,381	82.5	(80.9 , 84.1)	8,245
2	80.8	(79.3 , 82.2)	7,215	82.0	(80.0 , 83.9)	7,504
3	82.4	(80.5 , 84.3)	7,391	85.7	(84.4 , 87.0)	8,044
4	80.9	(79.0 , 82.8)	7,075	84.8	(83.6 , 86.0)	7,708
5	82.0	(80.4 , 83.6)	8,394	84.6	(83.4 , 85.8)	9,039
6	81.6	(80.0 , 83.2)	7,439	85.2	(83.7 , 86.7)	8,057
7	82.3	(80.5 , 84.2)	7,435	85.7	(84.0 , 87.4)	7,821
8	82.2	(80.4 , 84.1)	7,128	85.5	(83.9 , 87.0)	7,576
9	82.9	(81.5 , 84.2)	8,524	85.8	(84.4 , 87.3)	9,079
10	82.3	(80.8 , 83.9)	7,314	86.0	(84.4 , 87.7)	7,913

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

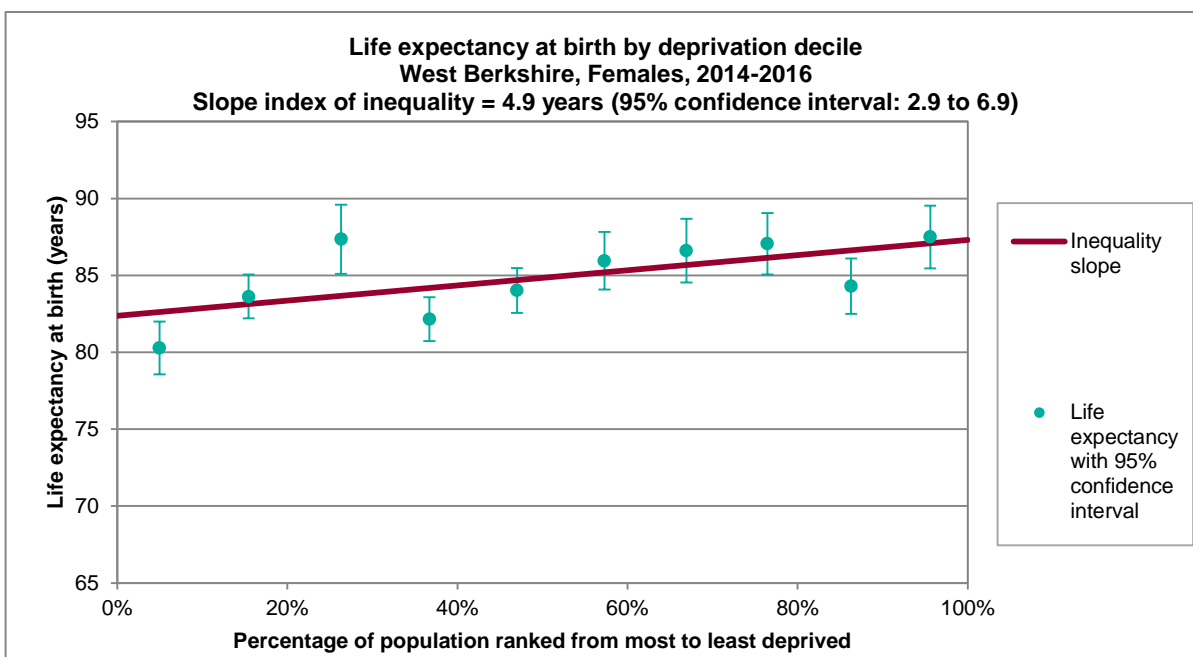
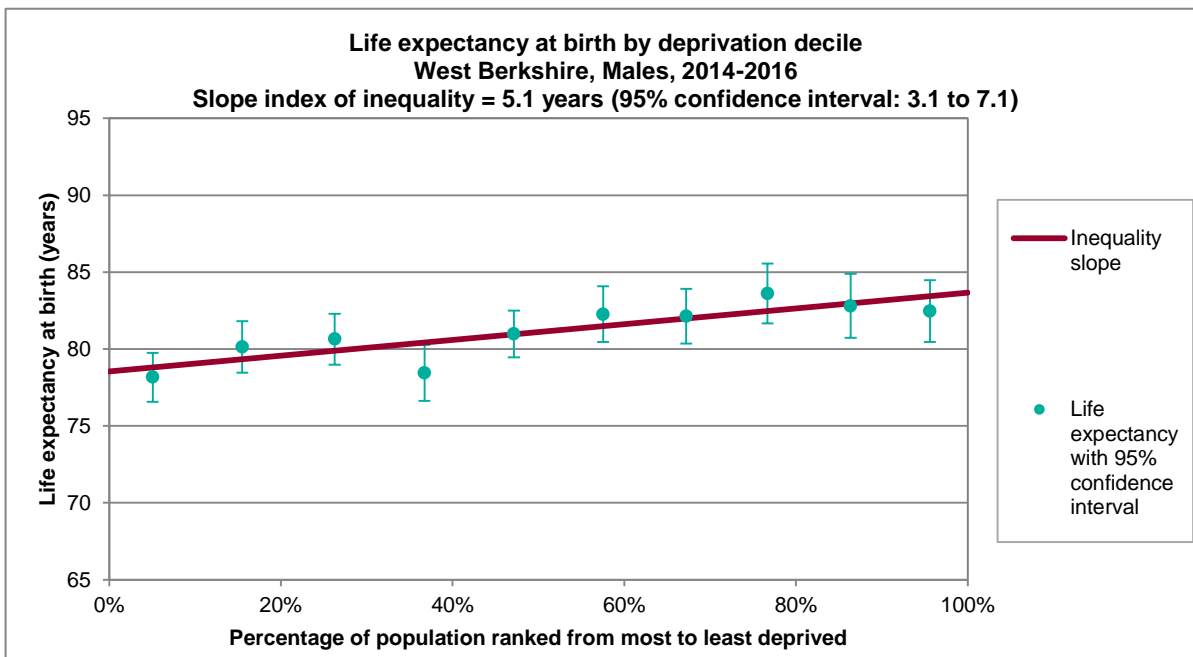
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

West Berkshire (E0600037)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.2	(76.6 , 79.8)	7,834	80.3	(78.6 , 82.0)	7,822
2	80.1	(78.5 , 81.8)	8,323	83.6	(82.2 , 85.1)	8,701
3	80.7	(79.0 , 82.3)	8,333	87.4	(85.1 , 89.6)	8,429
4	78.5	(76.6 , 80.3)	7,858	82.2	(80.7 , 83.6)	7,957
5	81.0	(79.5 , 82.5)	8,261	84.0	(82.6 , 85.5)	8,258
6	82.3	(80.5 , 84.1)	7,826	86.0	(84.1 , 87.8)	7,963
7	82.1	(80.4 , 83.9)	7,172	86.6	(84.5 , 88.7)	7,225
8	83.6	(81.7 , 85.6)	7,476	87.1	(85.1 , 89.1)	7,781
9	82.8	(80.7 , 84.9)	7,508	84.3	(82.5 , 86.1)	7,743
10	82.5	(80.5 , 84.5)	6,798	87.5	(85.5 , 89.5)	6,929

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

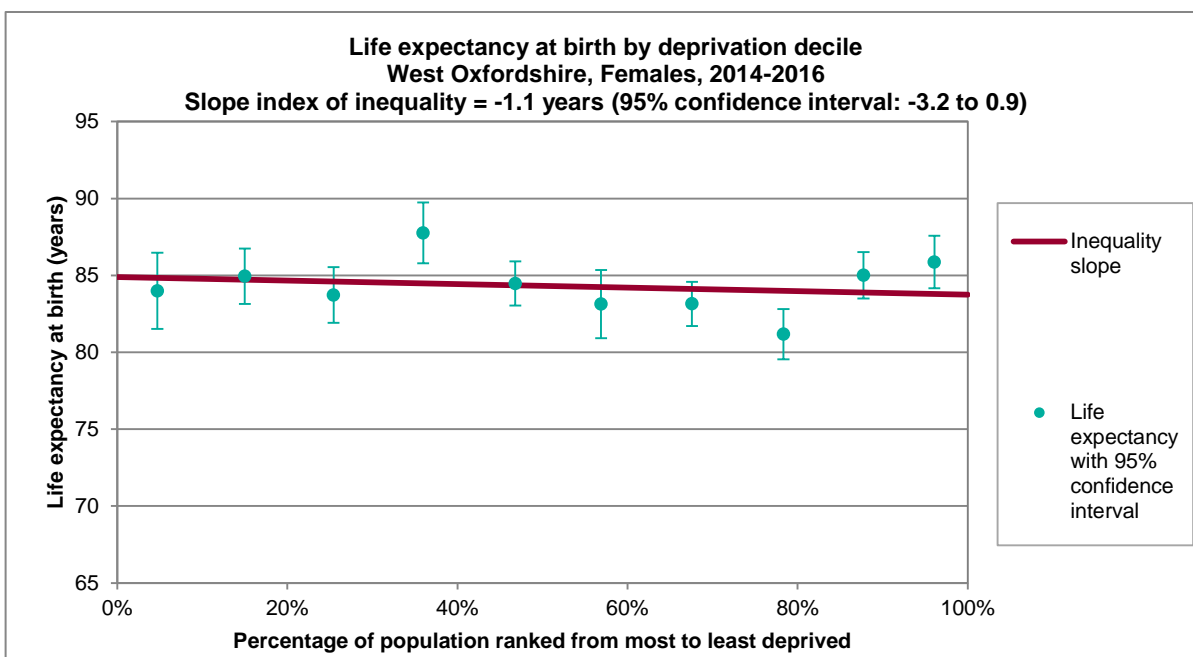
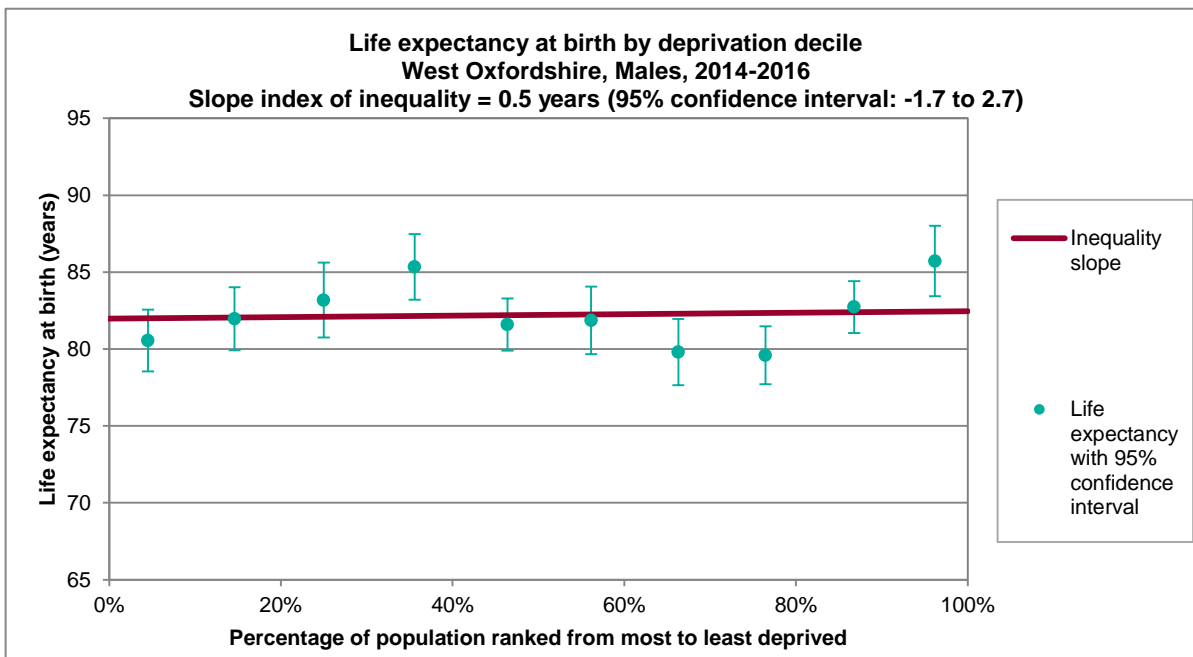
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

West Oxfordshire (E07000181)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	80.6	(78.6 , 82.6)	4,832	84.0	(81.5 , 86.5)	5,183
2	82.0	(79.9 , 84.0)	5,960	85.0	(83.2 , 86.8)	6,120
3	83.2	(80.7 , 85.6)	5,147	83.7	(81.9 , 85.5)	5,361
4	85.3	(83.2 , 87.5)	6,185	87.8	(85.8 , 89.7)	6,231
5	81.6	(79.9 , 83.3)	5,390	84.5	(83.0 , 85.9)	5,675
6	81.9	(79.7 , 84.1)	5,043	83.1	(80.9 , 85.4)	5,423
7	79.8	(77.7 , 82.0)	5,819	83.2	(81.7 , 84.6)	6,332
8	79.6	(77.7 , 81.5)	5,047	81.2	(79.5 , 82.8)	5,490
9	82.7	(81.0 , 84.4)	6,005	85.0	(83.5 , 86.5)	4,863
10	85.7	(83.4 , 88.0)	4,071	85.9	(84.2 , 87.6)	4,303

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

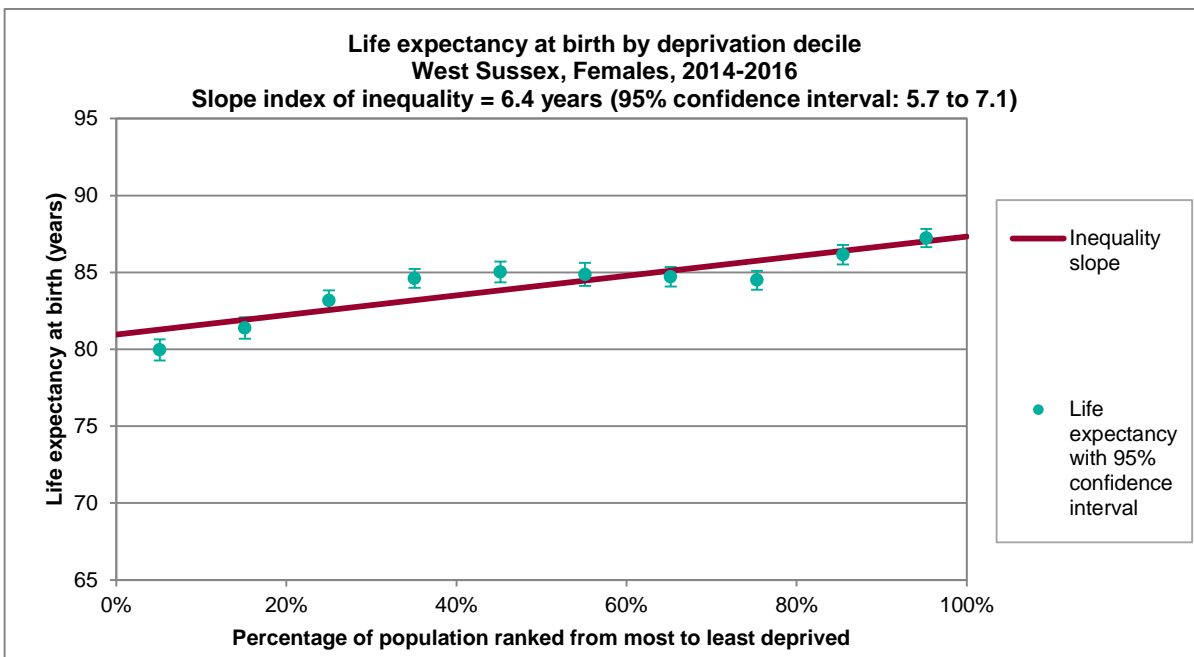
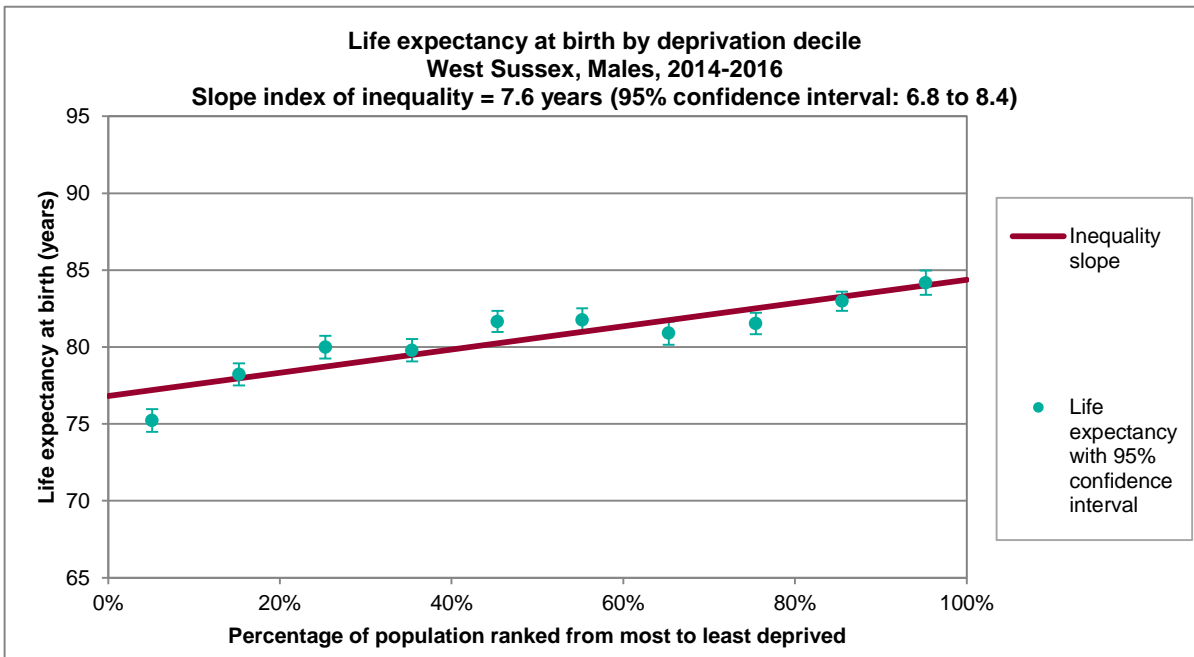
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

West Sussex (E10000032)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	75.2	(74.5 , 76.0)	41,462	80.0	(79.3 , 80.6)	43,905
2	78.2	(77.5 , 78.9)	40,619	81.4	(80.7 , 82.1)	42,419
3	80.0	(79.3 , 80.7)	41,098	83.2	(82.5 , 83.8)	42,594
4	79.8	(79.1 , 80.5)	40,826	84.6	(84.0 , 85.2)	44,110
5	81.7	(81.0 , 82.4)	39,967	85.0	(84.4 , 85.7)	42,737
6	81.8	(81.0 , 82.5)	40,165	84.9	(84.1 , 85.6)	42,844
7	80.9	(80.2 , 81.6)	41,525	84.7	(84.1 , 85.4)	43,916
8	81.5	(80.8 , 82.2)	40,838	84.5	(83.9 , 85.1)	43,515
9	83.0	(82.4 , 83.6)	40,644	86.2	(85.5 , 86.8)	43,531
10	84.2	(83.4 , 85.0)	38,610	87.2	(86.6 , 87.8)	40,815

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

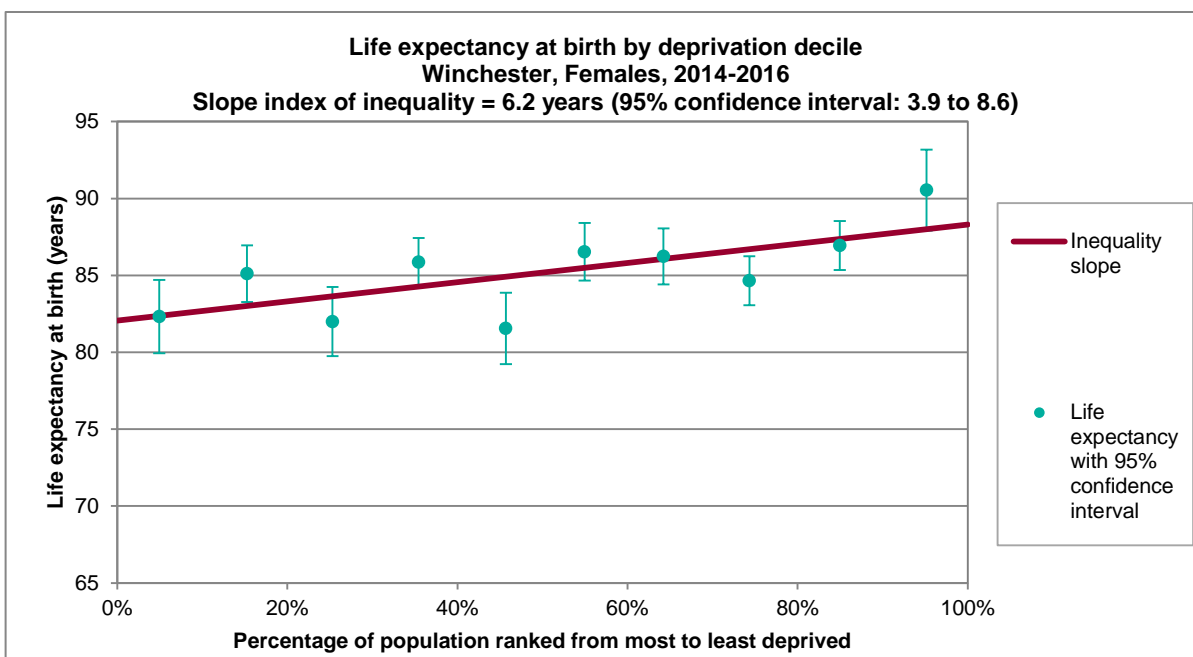
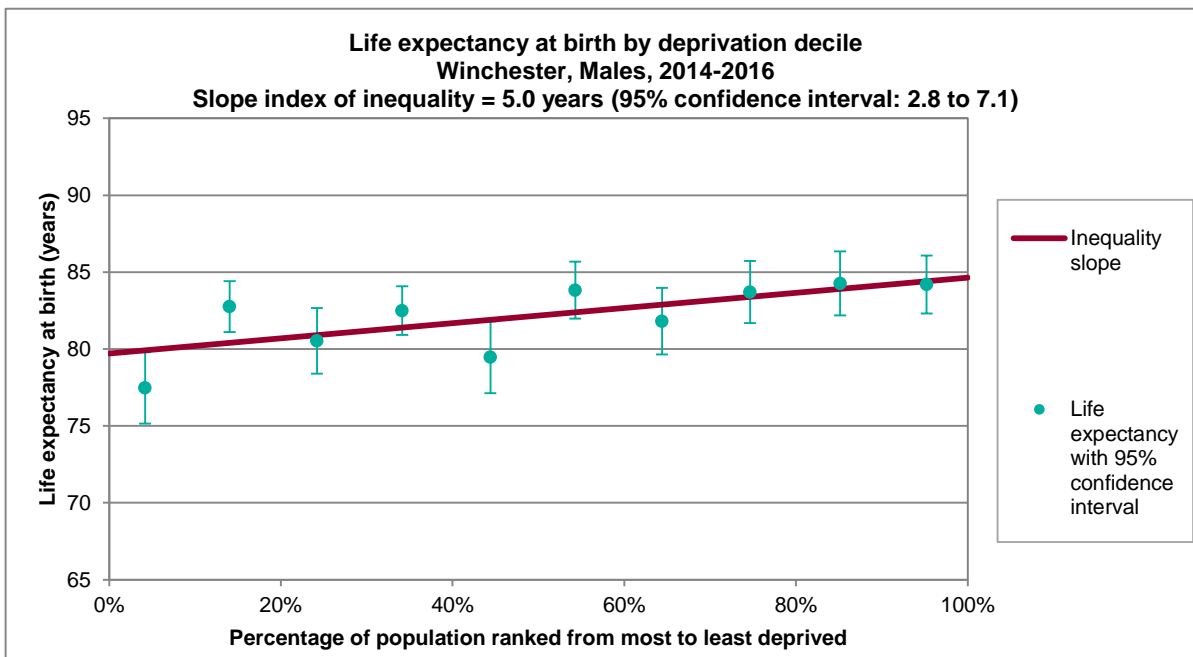
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Winchester (E07000094)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.5	(75.2 , 79.8)	4,869	82.3	(79.9 , 84.7)	6,141
2	82.8	(81.1 , 84.4)	6,651	85.1	(83.3 , 87.0)	6,701
3	80.5	(78.4 , 82.7)	5,235	82.0	(79.7 , 84.2)	5,805
4	82.5	(80.9 , 84.1)	6,363	85.9	(84.3 , 87.4)	6,782
5	79.5	(77.1 , 81.8)	5,654	81.6	(79.2 , 83.9)	5,982
6	83.8	(82.0 , 85.7)	5,899	86.5	(84.7 , 88.4)	5,529
7	81.8	(79.7 , 84.0)	5,909	86.2	(84.4 , 88.1)	6,016
8	83.7	(81.7 , 85.7)	6,075	84.7	(83.1 , 86.2)	6,548
9	84.3	(82.2 , 86.3)	6,197	86.9	(85.4 , 88.5)	6,684
10	84.2	(82.3 , 86.1)	5,580	90.6	(87.9 , 93.2)	6,007

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

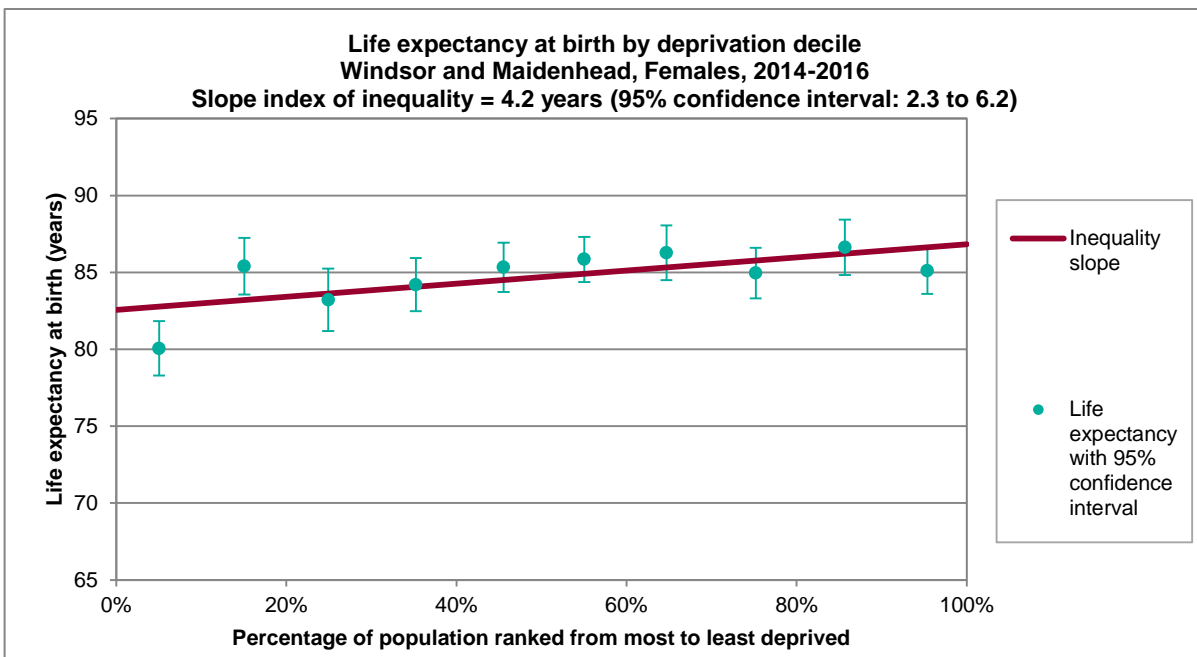
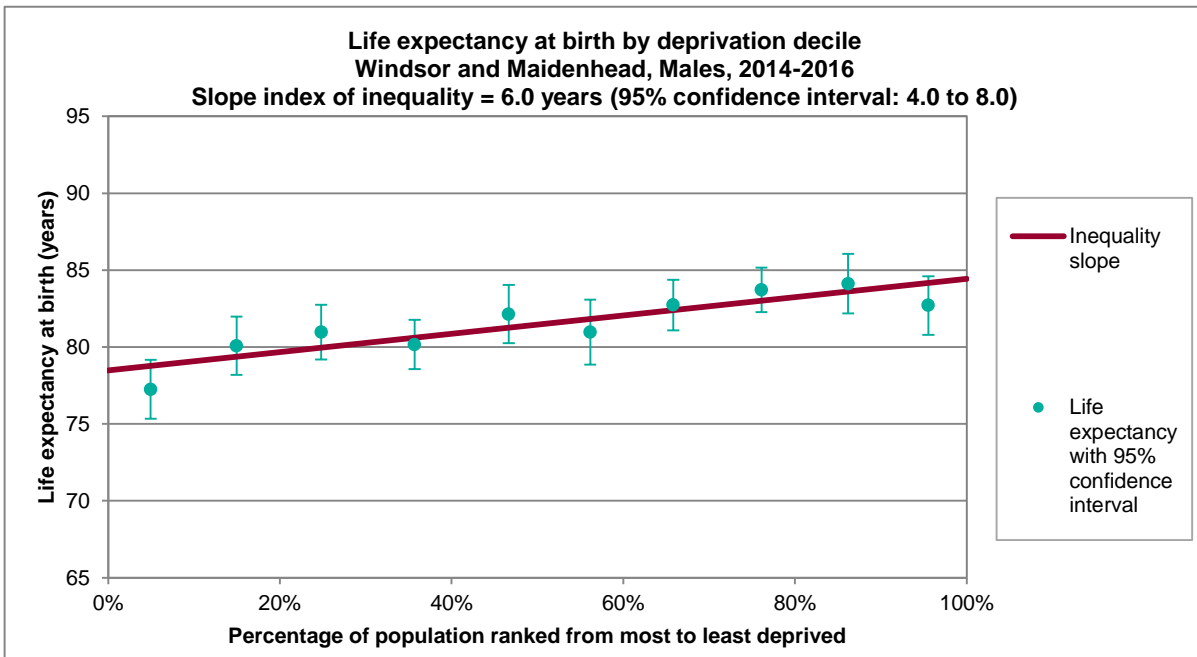
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Windsor and Maidenhead (E06000040)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.3	(75.3 , 79.2)	7,255	80.1	(78.3 , 81.8)	7,507
2	80.1	(78.2 , 82.0)	7,403	85.4	(83.6 , 87.3)	7,453
3	81.0	(79.2 , 82.7)	7,073	83.2	(81.2 , 85.3)	7,294
4	80.2	(78.6 , 81.8)	8,879	84.2	(82.5 , 85.9)	8,070
5	82.1	(80.2 , 84.0)	7,193	85.3	(83.7 , 86.9)	7,339
6	81.0	(78.9 , 83.1)	6,747	85.9	(84.4 , 87.3)	6,829
7	82.7	(81.1 , 84.4)	7,429	86.3	(84.5 , 88.1)	7,603
8	83.7	(82.3 , 85.2)	7,651	85.0	(83.3 , 86.6)	8,071
9	84.1	(82.2 , 86.1)	7,150	86.6	(84.8 , 88.4)	7,579
10	82.7	(80.8 , 84.6)	6,547	85.1	(83.6 , 86.6)	6,903

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

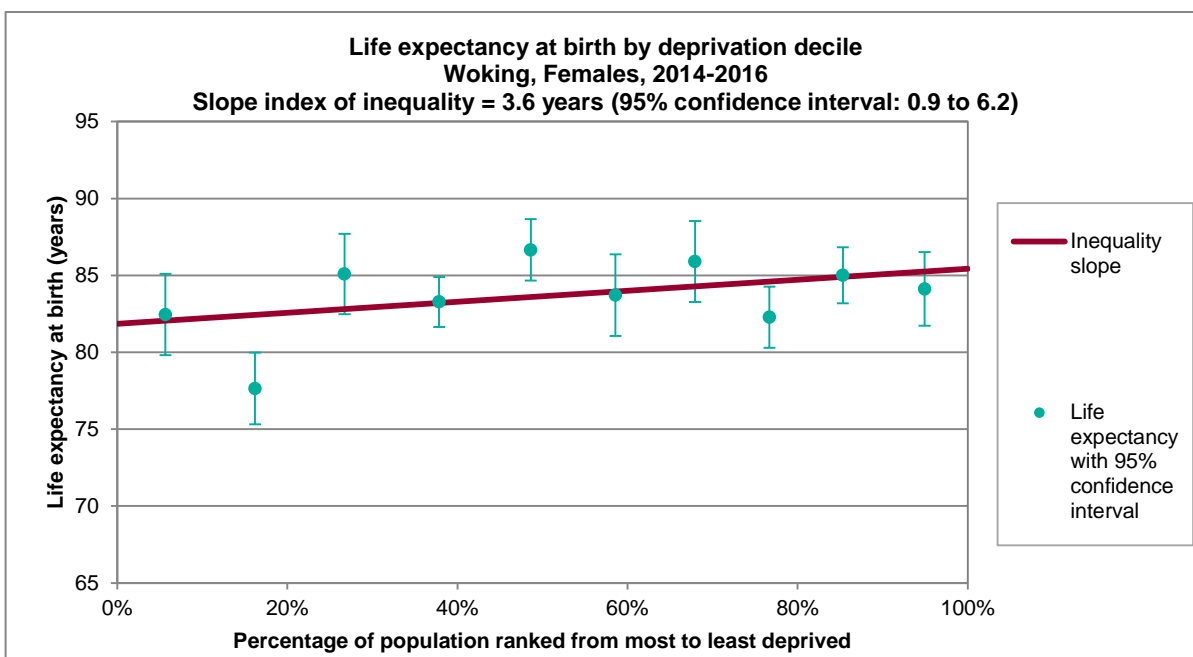
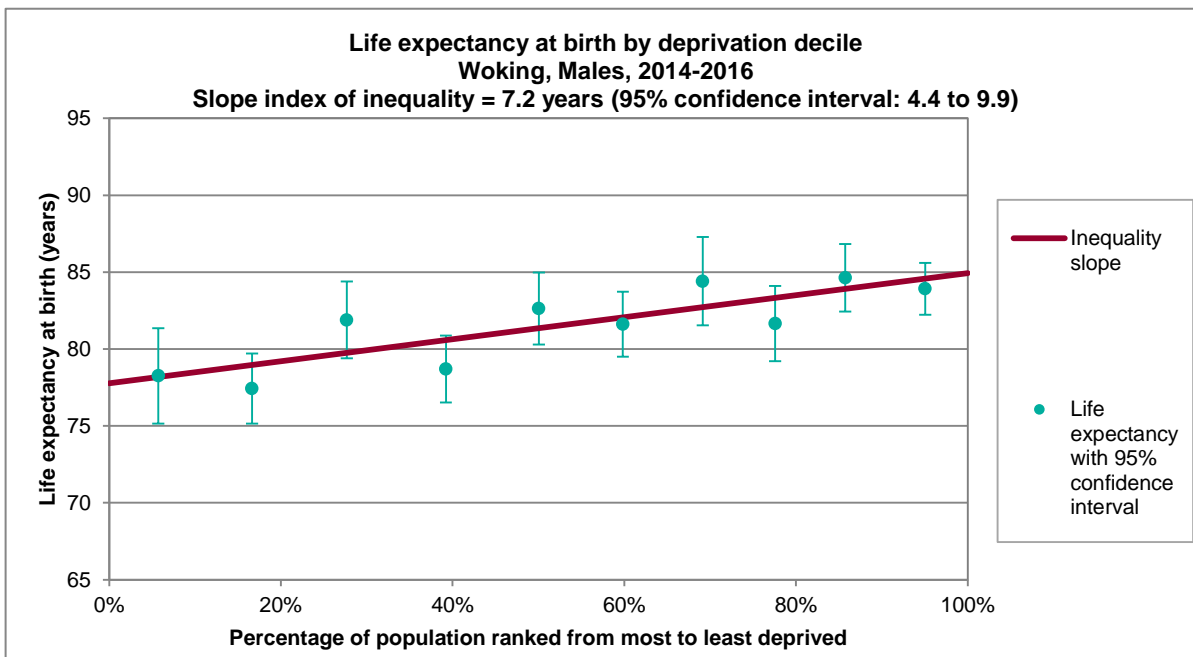
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Woking (E07000217)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.3	(75.2 , 81.4)	5,654	82.5	(79.8 , 85.1)	5,665
2	77.4	(75.1 , 79.7)	5,142	77.6	(75.3 , 80.0)	4,897
3	81.9	(79.4 , 84.4)	5,767	85.1	(82.5 , 87.7)	5,643
4	78.7	(76.5 , 80.9)	5,650	83.3	(81.7 , 84.9)	5,492
5	82.6	(80.3 , 85.0)	5,051	86.7	(84.7 , 88.7)	5,307
6	81.6	(79.5 , 83.7)	4,630	83.7	(81.1 , 86.4)	4,670
7	84.4	(81.5 , 87.3)	4,573	85.9	(83.3 , 88.5)	4,702
8	81.7	(79.2 , 84.1)	3,763	82.3	(80.3 , 84.3)	4,065
9	84.6	(82.4 , 86.8)	4,312	85.0	(83.2 , 86.8)	4,578
10	83.9	(82.2 , 85.6)	4,895	84.1	(81.7 , 86.5)	5,063

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

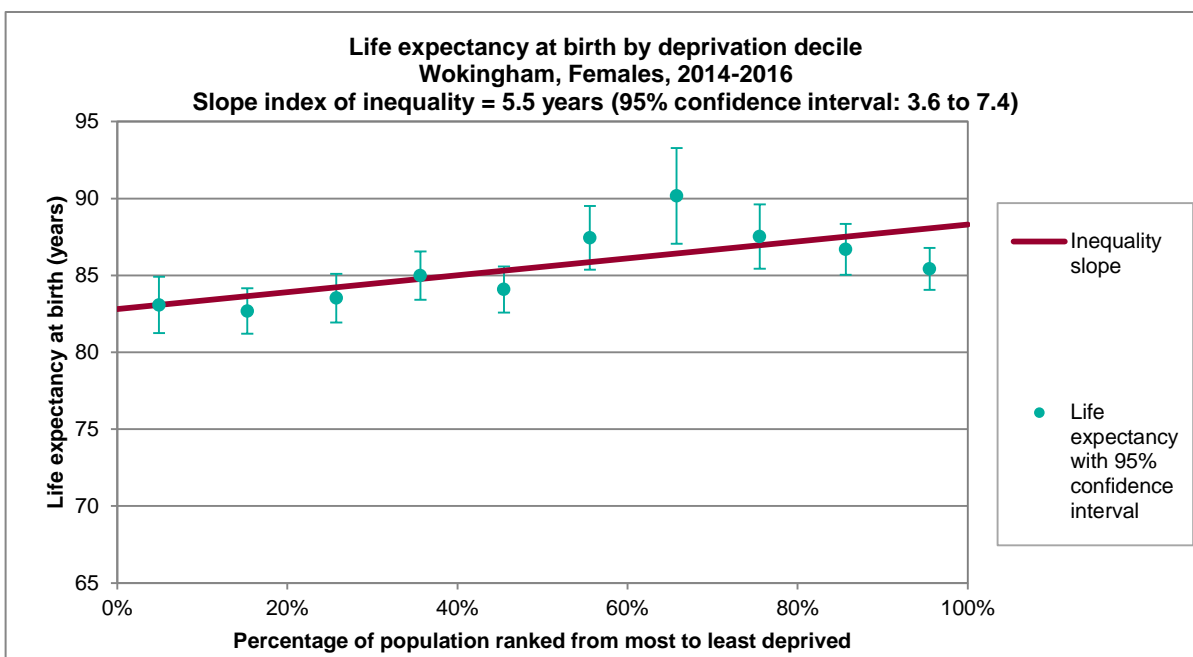
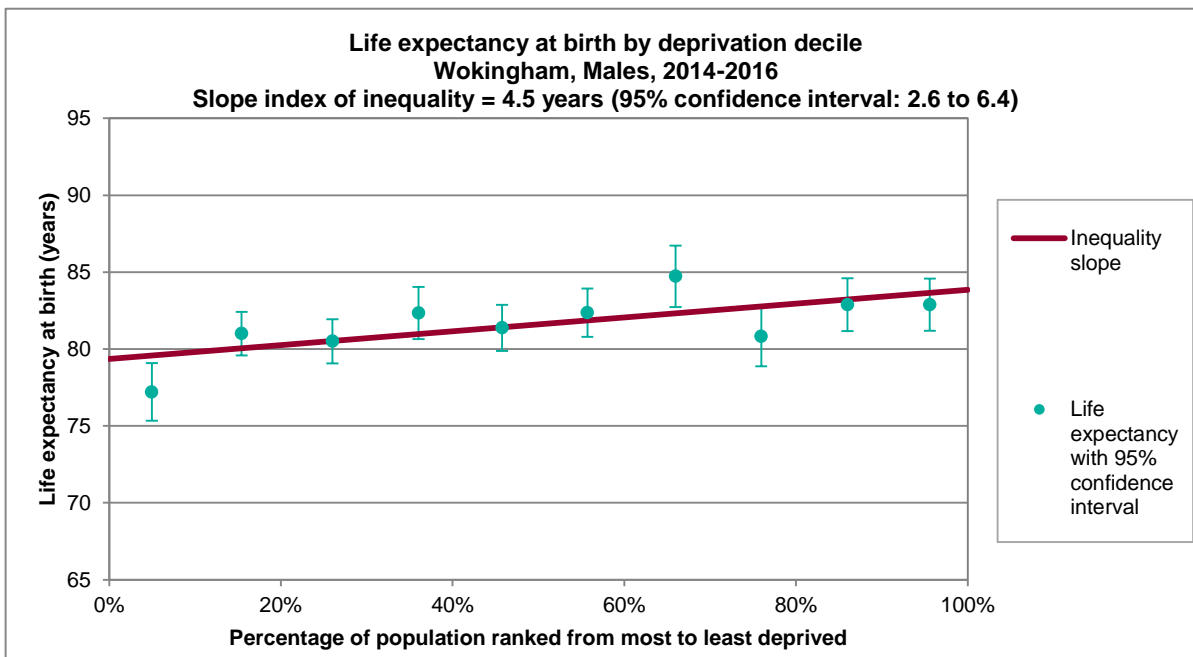
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Wokingham (E06000041)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	77.2	(75.3 , 79.1)	7,862	83.1	(81.2 , 84.9)	7,979
2	81.0	(79.6 , 82.4)	8,696	82.7	(81.2 , 84.2)	8,894
3	80.5	(79.1 , 81.9)	8,042	83.5	(81.9 , 85.1)	8,129
4	82.3	(80.7 , 84.0)	7,845	85.0	(83.4 , 86.6)	7,950
5	81.4	(79.9 , 82.9)	7,563	84.1	(82.6 , 85.6)	8,040
6	82.4	(80.8 , 83.9)	8,173	87.4	(85.4 , 89.5)	8,386
7	84.7	(82.7 , 86.7)	8,086	90.2	(87.1 , 93.3)	8,204
8	80.8	(78.9 , 82.8)	7,701	87.5	(85.4 , 89.6)	7,685
9	82.9	(81.2 , 84.6)	8,206	86.7	(85.0 , 88.4)	8,767
10	82.9	(81.2 , 84.6)	6,979	85.4	(84.1 , 86.8)	7,272

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

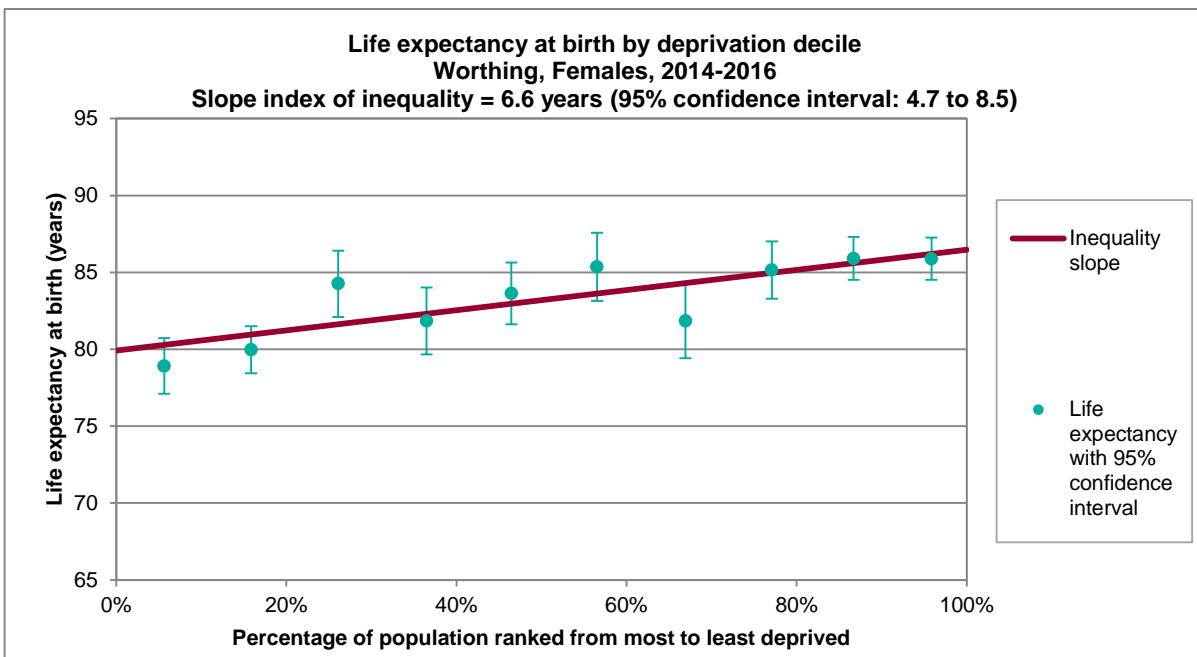
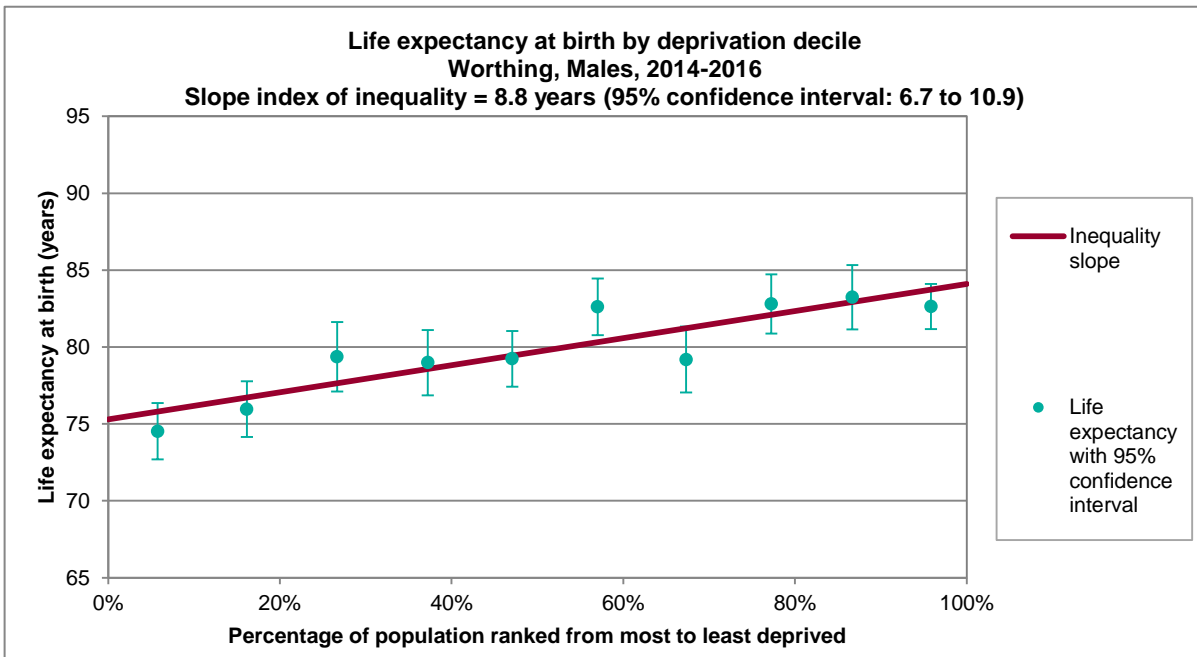
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Worthing (E07000229)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	74.5	(72.7 , 76.4)	5,964	78.9	(77.1 , 80.7)	6,294
2	76.0	(74.2 , 77.8)	4,817	80.0	(78.4 , 81.5)	5,133
3	79.4	(77.1 , 81.6)	6,089	84.3	(82.1 , 86.4)	6,317
4	79.0	(76.9 , 81.1)	4,858	81.8	(79.7 , 84.0)	5,302
5	79.2	(77.4 , 81.0)	5,341	83.6	(81.6 , 85.7)	5,845
6	82.6	(80.8 , 84.5)	4,987	85.4	(83.1 , 87.6)	5,415
7	79.2	(77.0 , 81.3)	5,692	81.8	(79.4 , 84.3)	6,201
8	82.8	(80.9 , 84.7)	4,605	85.2	(83.3 , 87.0)	5,149
9	83.2	(81.1 , 85.3)	5,184	85.9	(84.5 , 87.3)	5,605
10	82.6	(81.2 , 84.1)	4,311	85.9	(84.5 , 87.3)	4,628

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

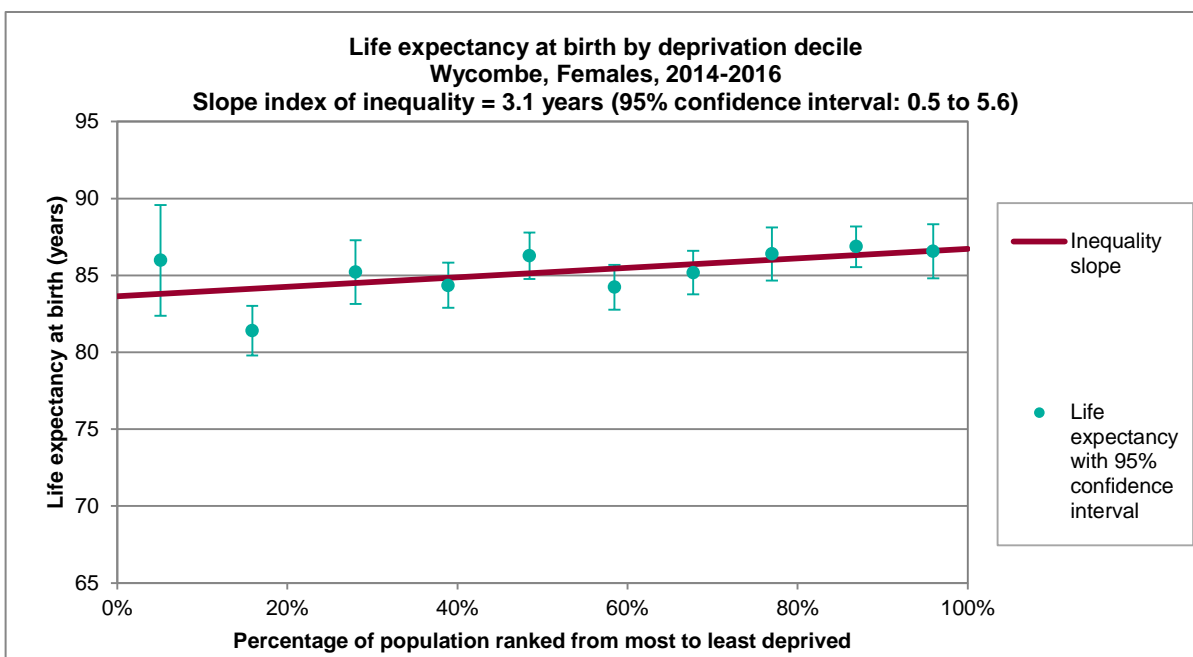
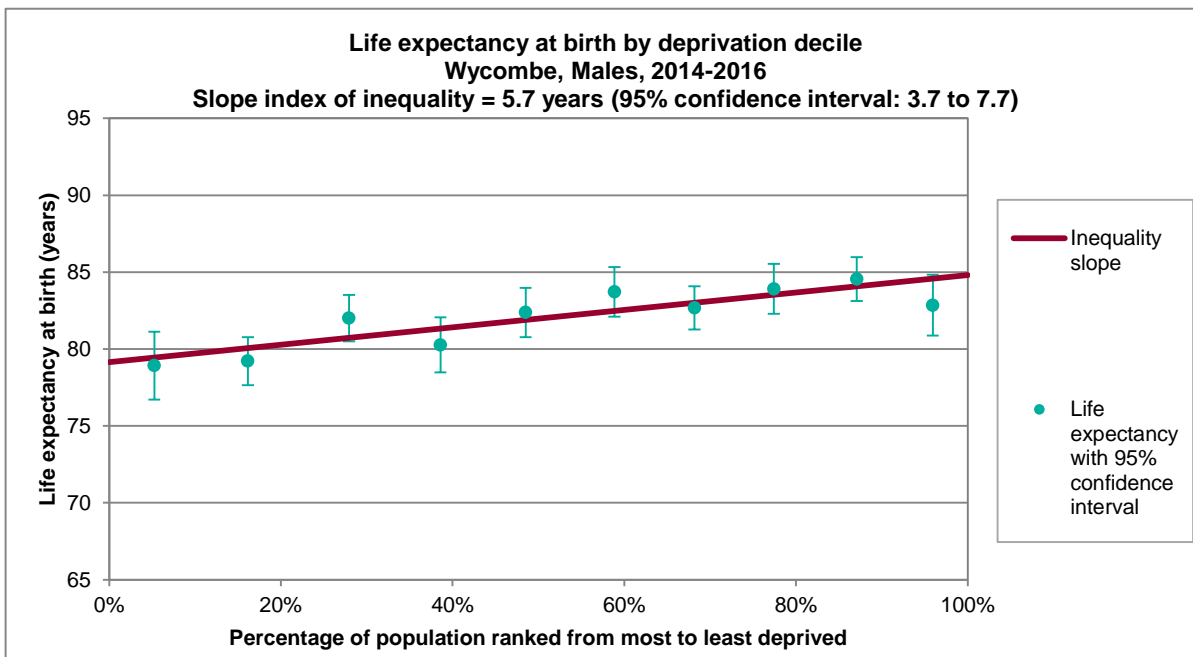
Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)



Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth within English local authorities, based on local deprivation deciles within each area, 2014-2016

Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 0.2iii

Wycombe (E07000007)



Deprivation decile	Males			Females		
	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population	Life expectancy	95% CI	Population
1	78.9	(76.7 , 81.1)	9,090	86.0	(82.4 , 89.6)	9,084
2	79.2	(77.7 , 80.8)	9,782	81.4	(79.8 , 83.0)	10,183
3	82.0	(80.5 , 83.5)	10,642	85.2	(83.2 , 87.3)	11,532
4	80.3	(78.5 , 82.1)	7,813	84.4	(82.9 , 85.8)	7,930
5	82.4	(80.8 , 84.0)	9,354	86.3	(84.8 , 87.8)	9,137
6	83.7	(82.1 , 85.3)	8,567	84.2	(82.8 , 85.7)	8,721
7	82.7	(81.3 , 84.1)	7,592	85.2	(83.8 , 86.6)	7,812
8	83.9	(82.3 , 85.5)	8,418	86.4	(84.7 , 88.1)	8,742
9	84.5	(83.1 , 86.0)	8,302	86.9	(85.5 , 88.2)	8,942
10	82.9	(80.9 , 84.8)	7,038	86.6	(84.8 , 88.3)	7,245

Note: Decile 1 is the most deprived decile. Population refers to the average of the mid-year population estimates for 2014-2016.

Sources: Office for National Statistics, mortality data and mid-year population estimates; Department for Communities and Local Government, Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015. Analysis by Public Health England's Knowledge and Intelligence Team (Epidemiology and Surveillance)